ON THETA CORRESPONDENCES FOR $(GSp_4, GSO_{4,2})$

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ABSTRACT. We consider local and global theta correspondences for GSp_4 and $GSO_{4,2}$. Because of the accidental isomorphism $PGSO_{4,2} \simeq PGU_{2,2}$, these correspondences give rise to those between GSp_4 and $GU_{2,2}$ for representations with trivial central characters. Also we characterize representations which have Shalika period using theta correspondences. In this note, we give results without a proof, and details will appear in [8].

1. GLOBAL THETA CORRESPONDENCE

Let F be a number field, and we denote its ring of adeles by \mathbb{A}_F . Let E be a quadratic extension of F and \mathbb{A}_E its ring of adeles. We choose $d \in F^{\times} \setminus (F^{\times})^2$ such that $E = F(\eta)$ with $\eta = \sqrt{d}$ and $\bar{\eta} = -\eta$.

We define the similitude unitary group $GU_{2,2}$ by

$$\operatorname{GU}_{2,2}(F) = \left\{ g \in \operatorname{GL}_4(E) \mid {}^t \bar{g} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1_2 \\ -1_2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} g = \lambda(g) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1_2 \\ -1_2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \, \lambda(g) \in F^{\times} \right\}.$$

and the similitude symplectic group GSp_4 by

$$\mathrm{GSp}_4(F) = \mathrm{GU}_{2,2}(F) \cap \mathrm{GL}_4(F).$$

Let $GO_{4,2}$ be the similitude orthogonal group defined by

$$\mathrm{GO}_{4,2} = \left\{ g \in \mathrm{GL}_6 \mid {}^t g S g = \mu(g) S, \, \mu(g) \in \mathbb{G}_m \right\}$$

where



Denote

$$GSO_{4,2} = \{g \in GO_{4,2} \mid \det(g) = \mu(g)^3\}.$$

Then we note that the group $GSO_{4,2}$ is closely related to $GU_{2,2}$. Indeed we have

Then we shall study the global theta correspondence for $(GSp_4^+, GU_{2,2})$ because of the accidental isomorphism. Here for an algebra R over F, we denote

$$\operatorname{GSp}_4(R)^+ = \{g \in \operatorname{GSp}_4(R) \mid \lambda(g) = \mu(h) \text{ for some } h \in \operatorname{GSO}_{4,2}(R)\}$$

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Indeed, we give a characterization of automorphic representations which have Shalika period in terms of the global theta correspondence.

Let us define unitary analogue of Shalika period on $\mathrm{GU}_{2,2}(\mathbb{A}_F)$ as follows. Let ξ be an idele class character of $\mathbb{A}_F^{\times}/F^{\times}$. Let (π, V_{π}) be an irreducible cuspidal unitary automorphic representation of $\mathrm{GU}(2,2)(\mathbb{A}_F)$ with the central character ω_{π} satisfying $\omega_{\pi} \mid_{\mathbb{A}_F^{\times}} = \xi^{-2}$. Let ψ be a non-trivial additive character of \mathbb{A}_F/F , and we regard ψ as a character of

$$N(\mathbb{A}_F) = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1_2 & X \\ 0 & 1_2 \end{pmatrix} \mid {}^t\overline{X} = X \in \operatorname{Mat}_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{A}_E) \right\}$$

by

$$\psi \begin{pmatrix} 1_2 & X \\ 0 & 1_2 \end{pmatrix} = \psi \left(\operatorname{tr} \left(X \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \eta \\ -\eta & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) \right)$$

Then we define the Shalika period of $\varphi \in V_{\pi}$ by

$$\int_{\mathbb{A}_{F}^{\times}\mathrm{GL}_{2}(F)\backslash\mathrm{GL}_{2}(\mathbb{A}_{F})}\int_{N(F)\backslash N(\mathbb{A}_{F})}\varphi\left(n\begin{pmatrix}g&0\\0&\det g\cdot {}^{t}g^{-1}\end{pmatrix}\right)\psi(n)\xi(\det g)\,dn\,dg.$$

Further, we can define a period on $\text{GSO}_{4,2}(\mathbb{A}_F)$ which corresponds to Shalika period with respect to the trivial character from the isomorphism (1.0.1). We also call this period Shalika period of $\text{GSO}_{4,2}$.

Recall that we have the following characterization of irreducible cuspidal automorphic representation of $\mathrm{GU}_{2,2}(\mathbb{A}_F)$ which have Shalika period, which is an analogue of Jacquet-Shalika's theorem [5].

Theorem 1.1 (Theorem 4.1 in [1]). With the above notations, the following two conditions are equivalent:

- (1) The Shalika period with respect to ξ does not vanish on the space of π .
- (2) π is globally generic and the partial twisted exterior square L-function $L^{S}(s, \pi, \wedge_{t}^{2} \otimes \xi)$ has a simple pole at s = 1.

By the standard method (e.g. see [2], [11]), we can show that Whittaker period of the theta lift from $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(\mathbb{A}_F)$ to $\operatorname{GSO}_{4,2}(\mathbb{A}_F)$ is expressed by Whittaker period on $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(\mathbb{A}_F)$. Similarly, it is shown that Whittaker period of the theta lift from $\operatorname{GSO}_{4,2}(\mathbb{A}_F)$ to $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(\mathbb{A}_F)$ is expressed by Shalika period of $\operatorname{GSO}_{4,2}$. Then as in the well-known case of ($\operatorname{GSp}_4, \operatorname{GSO}_{3,3}$), we obtain the following characterization of irreducible cuspidal automorphic representations of $\operatorname{GU}_{2,2}(\mathbb{A}_F)$ which have Shalika period, via the global theta correspondence.

Theorem 1.2. Let $(\sigma, \dot{V}_{\sigma})$ be an irreducible cuspidal automorphic representation of $\operatorname{GU}_{2,2}(\mathbb{A}_F)$ with trivial central character. Then σ has Shalika period if and only if $\sigma = \theta^*(\Pi)$ for some generic irreducible cuspidal automorphic representation Π of $\operatorname{GSp}_4(\mathbb{A}_F)$ with trivial central character. Here we denote $\sigma = \theta^*(\Pi)$ when $\sigma = \theta(\Pi^+)$ for some irreducible constituent Π^+ of $\Pi|_{\operatorname{GSp}_4(\mathbb{A}_F)^+}$.

We remark that Takeo Okazaki, motivated by a conjecture of van Geeman and van Straten, also studied independently the global aspect of this theta correspondence and gave a sketch of proof for the relationship between the non-vanishing of theta lift and the existence of Shalika period in [9]. Though he did not discuss any local theory, as far as the author knows.

2. LOCAL THETA CORRESPONDENCE

Let F be a nonarchimedean local field of characteristic zero. According to the global case, we can define a local analogue of Shalika period of $GSO_{4,2}$.

We shall consider the local theta correspondence for $(\mathrm{GSp}_4^+(F), \mathrm{GSO}_{4,2}(F))$. More precisely, we consider a local analogue of characterization given in Theorem 1.2. As a first step for the characterization, we study local theta correspondence itself.

Theorem 2.1. For the dual pair $(GSp_4^+, GSO_{4,2})$, the Howe duality holds over any nonarchimedean local field of characteristic zero. Moreover, we can compute explicitly local theta correspondence from $GSp_4^+(F)$ to $GSO_{4,2}(F)$.

We note that for a proof of this theorem and an explicit computation of the theta correspondence, we need classifications of non-supercuspidal irreducible admissible representations of $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(F)$ and $\operatorname{GSO}_{4,2}(F)$. The classification for $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(F)$ is deduced from that of $\operatorname{GSp}_4(F)$ and the study of restrictions of irreducible representations of $\operatorname{GSp}_4(F)$ to $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(F)$ (cf. [3]). On the other hand, the classification for $\operatorname{GSO}_{4,2}(F)$ is essentially new. We can give the classification using a method in Sally-Tadic [10] and Konno [6]. Then we can compute the local theta correspondence explicitly as in [4].

Computing twisted Jacquet modules of the extended Weil representation (cf. [2], [7]), we obtain a characterization for generic irreducible representations of $GSO_{4,2}(F)$, which have Shalika period.

Proposition 2.1. Let σ be a generic irreducible representation of $GSO_{4,2}(F)$. Then the following conditions are equivalent:

- (1) σ has Shalika period.
- (2) the small theta lift $\theta(\sigma)$ of σ to $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(F)$ is non-zero.
- (3) the small theta lift $\theta(\sigma)$ of σ to $\operatorname{GSp}_4^+(F)$ is generic.

Using explicit computation of local theta lifts from $\text{GSO}_{4,2}(F)$ to $\text{GSp}_4^+(F)$, we get a necessary condition for essentially tempered representations of $\text{GSO}_{4,2}(F)$ to have Shalika period.

Proposition 2.2. Let σ be an irreducible representation of $GSO_{4,2}(F)$. Suppose that σ is essentially tempered. If σ has Shalika period, then σ is generic.

From this proposition, we obtain the following local analogue of Theorem 1.2 for essentially tempered irreducible representations of $GSO_{4,2}(F)$.

Theorem 2.2. Let σ be as in Proposition 2.2. Then σ has Shalika period if and only if $\sigma = \theta(\pi)$ for some generic irreducible representation π of $\operatorname{GSp}_{4}^{+}(F)$.

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