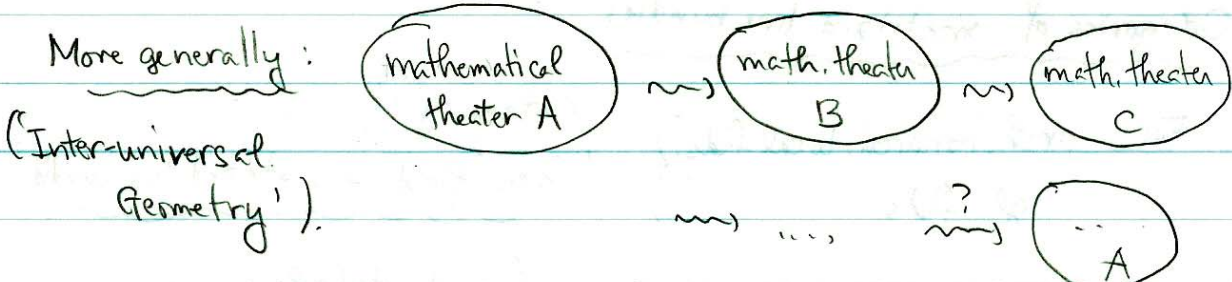


A Brief Survey of the Geometry of Categories

- §1. From Anabelian Geometry to the Geometry of Categories
- §2. Categories of Arithmetic log Schemes
- §3. Categories of Metrized Line Bundles
- §4. Categories of Squares, Rectangles, and Parallelograms
- §5. Absolute Anabelian Geometry

§1. From Anabelian Geometry to the Geometry of Categories

'Anabelian geometry': $X \rightsquigarrow \pi_1(X) \overset{?}{\rightsquigarrow} X$
 (Grothendieck). (connected scheme.) (étale fund. gp.)



⇓
 one good approximation of
 'a math. theater':

loop!

category: {

- simple enough to ^(re-)construct (just specify composition of arrows!)
- rich/complicated enough to encode most arith-geom. 'theaters' (cf. the rest of this talk!)

Motivation: ABC conjecture of Diophantine geometry
 (cf. Grothendieck! - but quite different approach)

nevertheless, one common aspect:

pursuit of non-scheme-like geometries in arith. geom! (1/2 not nec. 1/2!)

- cf. '∃ non-scheme-like. aut. of G_K ($K/\mathbb{Q}_p < \infty$), unlike G_F ($F/\mathbb{Q} < \infty$)'

§2. Categories of arith. log schemes

X, Y noether. scheme.

$Sch(X) :=$ cat. of fin. type schemes/ X , morphisms/ X .

\Downarrow

Thm: $Sch(X) \cong Sch(Y) \iff X \xrightarrow{\sim} Y$ (RIMS Preprint 1364, 1475)

Remarks: (i) if X fin. type/ \mathbb{Z} , then. considering arch. strcs. (i.e., compact $H \subseteq X(\mathbb{C})$) \Rightarrow arith. version.

(ii) \exists log version. via fs log schemes.

(iii) Thm \Rightarrow still remain in classical geom. of schemes!

§3. Categories of metrized line bundles

For arch./nonarch. local flds. }
gl. flds.

category of:
'Spec (field) + metrized line bundle'
(omit details).

\downarrow
 $Loc^X(\dots)$

- (i) can recover classical geometry of metrized line bundles (cf. Arak. theory)
- (ii) in global case, 'product formula' is preserved by cat. equ's. (cf. Arak. theory)
- (iii) New geometry: \exists Frobenius: $Loc^X \ni (Q, \phi) \mapsto (Q, \phi) \otimes \mathbb{N}$ (cf. pos. char. !)



\downarrow
can construct global version.
of ' $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/N \rightarrow E[N] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/N \rightarrow 0$ '
for Tate curve.
... cf. Hodge theory!!

(iv) New geometry: can construct global no-fld.-type objects with inf. many primes omitted!!

§4. Categories of Squares, rectangles, parallelograms

X, Y : sober, loc, conn, top. sp \rightsquigarrow $\text{Open}(X)$: category of conn. open subsets.
 $U \in X, U_1 \hookrightarrow U_2$ (cover X).

Classical Thm: $\text{Open}(X) \cong \text{Open}(Y) \iff X \cong Y$.

X : hyp. Riemann surface, equipped with (log) square differential φ_X

Y : \dots, φ_Y

$\text{Loc}^{\square}(X, \varphi_X)$: category of coverings of X + parallelograms (w.r.t. $\int \varphi_X^{\frac{1}{2}}$)
 (+morphisms/ X)



(omit details)

also $\text{Loc}^{\square}, \text{Loc}^{\square}$: squares, rectangles

Thm: $\square \in \{S, R, \square\}$

$\text{Loc}^{\square}(X, \varphi_X) \cong \text{Loc}^{\square}(Y, \varphi_Y) \iff \begin{cases} \cdot X \cong Y \text{ biholom. / complex conj.} \\ (\square = S, R) \\ \cdot X \cong Y \text{ Teich. map / complex conj.} \\ (\square = \square) \end{cases}$

(RIMS Preprint 1483)

§5. Absolute Anabelian Geometry

X : hyp. curve / $K, K/\mathbb{Q}_p \ll \infty$ \rightsquigarrow $1 \rightarrow \Delta_X \rightarrow \Pi_X \rightarrow G_K \rightarrow 1$
 Y : $\dots / L \dots$ $1 \rightarrow \Delta_Y \rightarrow \Pi_Y \rightarrow G_L \rightarrow 1$

Question: Despite $\text{Aut}(K) \not\cong \text{Out}(G_K)$, can one recover X from the profinite gp. Π_X ?

Still unknown!

Partial results:

Thm. (p -adic Teich. theory)

$$\exists \pi_X \cong \pi_Y \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{(i) } K @_p \text{ unram.} \\ X: \text{ canonical curve} \end{array} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L: \dots \\ Y: \dots \end{array} \right.$$

(RIMS Preprint 1379)

(cf. Serre-Tate for ab. vars.)

(ii) if (i) holds, then $\exists X \cong Y$.
weak!

Defn: X abs.: $\exists \pi_X \cong \pi_Y \Rightarrow \exists X \cong Y$

Cor: For $p \geq 5$, abs. curves Zar. dense in $M_{g,r}(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p)$.

Defn: (i) X geom. quasi-Belyi type: $\exists X \xrightarrow{\text{dom.}} \mathbb{P}^1 / 3 \text{ pts.}$
(ii) X quasi-Belyi type: (\checkmark) + defn. number fld.

Thm: X, Y quasi Belyi \Rightarrow

$$\pi_X \cong \pi_Y \Leftrightarrow X \cong Y$$

(RIMS Preprint 1490)

Rmk: recent unwritten expected Thm. of Tamagawa: OK, for only one of X, Y geom. quasi-Belyi

all rely essentially on $\mathbb{P}^1 / 3 \text{ pts.} + \text{Belyi}$

$$\mathbb{Z} \ni n \geq 2 \begin{array}{l} \text{if } X \text{ affine} \\ \text{if } X \text{ proper} \end{array} \parallel C_X := \underbrace{X \times \dots \times X}_n \setminus \text{diagonals.} \quad \text{'config. space'}$$

(unwritten) Expected Thm: X, Y genus $\geq 2 \Rightarrow$

$$\pi_{C_X} \cong \pi_{C_Y} \Leftrightarrow C_X \cong C_Y$$

cf. work of H. Nakamura, N. Takao.