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On the maximal number of strongly independent vertices in a random acyclic directed graph. (In English)

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In a random digraph on  $\{1, ..., n\}$  the arcs from i to j occur independently for  $1 \leq j < i \leq n$  with a common probability p. Two vertices are strongly independent if there is no directed path between them. It is shown that the size  $S_n$  of the largest strongly independent subset of  $\{1,...,n\}$  satisfies  $S_n/\sqrt{\log n} \rightarrow \sqrt{2}/\sqrt{\log 1/(1-p)}$  with probability tending to 1 as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .

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Classification: 05C20 Directed graphs (digraphs) 05C80 Random graphs 60C05 Combinatorial probability 60F20 Zero-one laws

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