

NONEXISTENCE OF POSITIVE GLOBAL SOLUTIONS TO THE DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION $u''(t) - t^{-p-1}u^p = 0$

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ABSTRACT. A blow-up result for positive solutions to the differential equation $u''(t) - t^{-p-1}u^p = 0$ is derived. Our result is different from the one obtained in the [1], and our conditions are less restrictive.

1. INTRODUCTION

Blow up of solutions for differential equations in finite time is a well known phenomena. For details on the blow-up and the existence of global solution, we refer the reader to the standard books [2, 3].

In a recent work Li et al. [1], discussed the nonexistence of positive global solutions to a second-order initial value problem

$$\begin{aligned} u'' - t^{-p-1}u^p &= 0, \quad t > 1, \quad p \in (1, \infty), \\ u(1) &= u_0, \quad u'(1) = u_1, \quad u_0, u_1 \in \mathbb{R}. \end{aligned} \tag{1.1}$$

We remark that the existence and uniqueness of classical local solutions for (1.1) follows by standard arguments when the function $t^{-p-1}u^p$ with $p > 1$, $u \geq 0$ and $t \geq 1$ is locally Lipschitz.

As shown in [1], via the substitutions $u(t) = tv(t)$, $v(t) = w(t)$, and $s = \ln t$, problem (1.1) is transformed into

$$w_{ss} + w_s = w^p, \tag{1.2}$$

$$u(0) = w_0 = u_0, \quad u_1 - u_0 = w_1 = u_1 - u_0. \tag{1.3}$$

The objective of this note is to study the blow-up of solutions for problem (1.1) via a test function approach. The proof of our result is simpler, and different from the one presented in [1]. Furthermore, we impose a condition only on u_1 , that it is less restrictive than the conditions imposes on both u_0 and u_1 in [1].

2. BLOW-UP SOLUTION

Theorem 2.1. *Assume that $u_1 \geq 0$. Then any solution of problem (1.2)-(1.3) blows-up in a finite time.*

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Proof. Assume that a solution of problem (1.2)-(1.3) is global. Multiplying (1.2) by a function $\phi(s)$ of class C^2 such that $\phi(0) = 1$, $\phi'(0) = 0$, $\phi(T) = 0$, $\phi'(T) = 0$, $T > 0$ and integrating by parts, we obtain

$$\int_0^T w^p \phi \, ds + u_1 = - \int_0^T w \phi' \, ds + \int_0^T w \phi'' \, ds. \quad (2.1)$$

Writing

$$w|\phi'| = w\phi^{1/p}|\phi'|\phi^{-1/p}, \quad w|\phi''| = w\phi^{1/p}|\phi''|\phi^{-1/p}$$

in (2.1) and using the Hölder's inequality with ε , we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^T w^p \phi \, ds + u_1 &\leq \varepsilon \int_0^T w^p \phi \, ds + C_\varepsilon \int_0^T |\phi'|^{p'} \phi^{-p'/p} \, ds \\ &\quad + \varepsilon \int_0^T w^p \phi \, ds + C_\varepsilon \int_0^T |\phi''|^{p'} \phi^{-p'/p} \, ds. \end{aligned} \quad (2.2)$$

Taking $\varepsilon = 1/4$ (for example), we obtain

$$\int_0^T w^p \phi \, ds + u_1 \leq C \left(\int_0^T |\phi'|^{p'} \phi^{-p'/p} \, ds + \int_0^T |\phi''|^{p'} \phi^{-p'/p} \, ds \right). \quad (2.3)$$

At this stage, we choose

$$\phi(s) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq s \leq T/2, \\ \searrow, & T/2 \leq s \leq T, \\ 0, & s \geq T, \end{cases} \quad (2.4)$$

and introduce the change of variable $s = \tau T$ in the integrals on the right hand side of (2.3) to obtain

$$\int_0^T w^p \phi \, ds + u_1 \leq C \left(T^{-p'+1} + T^{-2p'+1} \right). \quad (2.5)$$

As $p' > 1$, letting $T \rightarrow +\infty$ in (2.5), we obtain

$$\int_0^T w^p \phi \, ds + u_1 \leq 0, \quad (2.6)$$

which is a contradiction as $w > 0$ and $u_1 \geq 0$. This completes the proof. \square

3. ESTIMATION OF THE BLOW-UP TIME

The solution cannot exist for $T > T_*$, where

$$T_* = \min \left(\left(\frac{2C}{u_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{p'-1}}, \left(\frac{2C}{u_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2p'-1}} \right). \quad (3.1)$$

Indeed, from (2.5), the solution cannot exist for

$$u_1 \leq (T^{-p'+1} + T^{-2p'+1}). \quad (3.2)$$

Then, the estimate (3.1) is obtained by considering the two cases $T \leq 1$ and $T \geq 1$.

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