A SIMPLE CHARACTERIZATION OF THE TRACE-CLASS OF OPERATORS

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(Received October 2, 1980)

<u>ABSTRACT</u>, The trace-class (tc) of operators on a Hilbert space is characterized in terms of existence of certain centralizers.

<u>KEY WORDS AND PHRASES</u>. Trace-class of Operators, H*-algebra. 1980 MATHEMATICS SUBJECT CLASSIFICATION CODES. 47B10, 46K15.

1. INTRODUCTION.

Not long ago Saworotnow [1] characterized the trace-class τA (see [2]) associated with an arbitrary H*-algebra A (see [3]) as well as the trace-class (τc) of operators (see [4]). Now, we shall show that, in the second case, there is a much simpler characterization.

We shall use the terminology and the notation of Saworotnow [1]. In particular, a trace algebra is a Banach *-algebra with a trace tr and with the following properties:

(1) tr(xy) = tr(yx),
(2) tr(x*x) = n(x*x),
(3) n(x*) = n(x)
(4) |tr x| < n(x) and
(5) x + 0 implies x*x + 0

where x, $y \in B$ and n() denotes the norm of B. It is also assumed that n(xy) < n(x)n(y) for all x, $y \in B$.

2. MAIN RESULT.

THEOREM. Let B be a simple trace-algebra (see [1]). Assume that for each

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Let B there exists a (linear) centralizer U such that $Ua \ge 0$ (tr x*Uax ≥ 0 for each x B), (Ux)² = a*a and n(a) = trUa. Then there exists a Hilbert space H such that B is isometric to the trace-class (tc) (see [4]) of operators on H.

PROOF. Let A be the H*-algebra associated with B (see [1]) and let Tr denote the trace on τA induced by A (see [2], p. 97). It follows from simplicity of B that the ideal

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}y_{i} : x_{i}, y_{i} \in B \end{bmatrix}$$

is dense in B. Also the norm n() of B coincides on I with the norm τ () induced by A (see [2], p. 99):

$$n(\sum x_{i}y_{i}) = tr(u \sum x_{i}y_{i}) = \sum trUx_{i}y_{i} = \sum (y_{i}^{*}, Ux_{i})$$
$$= \sum Tr(Ux_{i}y_{i}) = TrU(\sum x_{i}y_{i}) = Tr[\sum x_{i}y_{i}] = \tau(\sum x_{i}y_{i})$$

where U denotes the centralizer associated with $\sum x_i y_i$. The equality $U \sum x_i y_i = [\sum x_i y_i]$ follows from the fact that the positive square root of the member $(\sum x_i y_i) * \sum x_i y_i$ of A is unique. Thus we may conclude that B is identifiable with TA.

Now we can complete the proof as in Saworotnow [1], the proof of the corollary to Theorem 2.

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