

# Counting factorizations of Coxeter elements

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j/w G. Chapuy

# The classical situation

Cayley's formula [1889]  
counting rooted trees

$$\#\{ \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{transpositions} \\ \text{reflections}}}{T_1} \cdots \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{long cycle} \\ \text{Coxeter elt}}}{T_{N-1}} = (1 \cdots N) \} = N^{N-2}$$

EX :  $N=3$   $(123) = (12)(23)$   
 $= (13)(12)$   
 $= (23)(13)$

Thm [SSV 1997] Shapiro  
Shapiro  
Vainshtain

FACT( $t$ ) :=

$$\sum_{g \geq 0} \frac{t^{N-1+2g}}{(N-1+2g)!} \# \left\{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_{N-1+2g} = (1 \dots N) \right\}$$
$$= \frac{1}{N!} \left( e^{t \frac{N}{2}} - e^{-t \frac{N}{2}} \right)^{N-1}$$

exponential gen. function  
of "higher genus factorizations"

# Generalizing the situation

$(W, S)$  Coxeter system

$$|S| = n = rk W$$

$$c = \prod_{s \in S} s \quad \text{Coxeter element}$$

$$h = \text{ord}(c) \quad \text{Coxeter number}$$

Thm [Deligne 1972]

$$\#\{t_1 \cdots t_n = c\} = \frac{n!}{|W|} h^n$$

EX  
 $W = \mathfrak{S}_n$

$$\frac{n!}{2^n n!} (2n)^n = n^n$$

$$\begin{aligned} n=2 \quad (12\bar{1}\bar{2}) &= (12)(2\bar{2}) = (1\bar{1})(12) \\ &= (1\bar{2})(1\bar{1}) = (2\bar{2})(12) \end{aligned}$$

Thm [Chapuy - S. 2012]

$$\text{FACT}_w(t) := \{wsw^{-1} : w \in W, s \in S\}$$

$$\sum_{l \geq 0} \frac{t^l}{l!} \# \{(\tau_1, \dots, \tau_l) \in \mathcal{R}^l : \tau_1 \cdots \tau_l = c\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{|W|} (e^{th/2} - e^{-th/2})^n$$

# Generalizing even further

Complex refl. gr.

$V = \mathbb{C}^n$ ,  $w \in GL(V)$ ,  $\text{Fix } w = \ker(\Delta - w)$

$w$  refl. if  $\dim \text{Fix } w = n - 1$

$W \leq GL(V)$  **comp. refl. gr.** if

(1)  $W$  finite

(2)  $W$  gen by refl.

$\mathcal{R} = \{\text{refl}\}$      $\mathcal{R}^* = \{\text{refl hyperplanes}\}$

We consider  $W$  to be

- **irreducible** (doesn't fix proper subspace)
- **well-generated** ( $W$  gen by  $n$  reflections)

# Regular & Coxeter elements

- $v \in V$  **reg** if  $v \notin \bigcup_{H \in \mathcal{R}^*} H$
- $w \in W$  **reg** if it has reg. eigenvector
- $w$   **$h$ -reg** if the corresponding eigenvalue is a primitive  $h$ -th root of 1.
- $w$  **Coxeter element** if  $w$   $h$ -reg with  $h$  maximal

Then [Chapman - S. 2013]

Wired, well-ger  
complex refl. gr.

Then

$$\text{FACT}_w(t) = \frac{1}{|w|} \left( e^{t|w|/n} - e^{-t|w^*|/n} \right)^n$$