Slater 条件から見た半正定値計画問題

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はじめに

|目標| 半正定値計画問題 (SemiDefinite Programming problem, SDP) を Slater 条件から眺める (Facial reduction の紹介)

- 教科書には記載されない (ぐらい細かい) 話
- •本日の話題に関連する研究の雰囲気
- SDP is convex, but nonlinear!

09:30 - 10:30 SDP, Slater 条件 と Slater 条件を満たさない SDP の紹介

10:50 - 11:50 技術的なこと|

13:30 - 14:30 技術的なこと ||

14:45 - 15:45 演習

16:00 - 17:00 時間があれば (私が)面白いと思っている話

SDP の定式化

SDP : Given $A_0, A_1, \ldots, A_m \in \mathbb{S}^n$, $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ and A_1, \ldots, A_m are linearly independent

$$(\mathsf{Primal}): \inf_{X} \left\{ A_{0} \bullet X : A_{j} \bullet X = b_{j} \ (j = 1, \dots, m), X \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n} \right\}$$
$$(\mathsf{Dual}): \sup_{y} \left\{ b^{\mathsf{T}}y : A_{0} - \sum_{j=1}^{m} y_{j}A_{j} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n}, y \in \mathbb{R}^{m} \right\}$$

記号・呼び方

- $A \bullet B = \sum_{1 \le i,j \le n} A_{ij} B_{ij} = \text{Trace}(AB^T)$
- \$\mathbb{S}_{+}^{n}\$ and \$\mathbb{S}_{++}^{n}\$: sets of positive semidefinite and positive definite matrices, respectively
- Dual の制約:線形行列不等式 (Linear matrix inequality, LMI)



Definition 1 $X \in \mathbb{S}^n_+$: $\forall s \in \mathbb{R}^n, s^T X s \ge 0$

Definition 2 $X \in \mathbb{S}_{++}^n$: $\forall s \in \mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{0\}, s^T X s > 0$

Fact 1 **X** ∈ Sⁿ ならば固有値は実数. **X** ∈ Sⁿ₊ ならば固有値 は非負, **X** ∈ Sⁿ₊₊ ならば正

Fact 2 X ∈ Sⁿ に対して次のように分解できる

$$\boldsymbol{X} = \boldsymbol{Q} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & & \\ & \lambda_2 & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & \lambda_n \end{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{Q}^{\mathsf{T}},$$

ただし **Q** は直交行列 Fact 3 サイズが同じ行列 **A**, **B** に対して, Trace(**AB**) = Trace(**BA**)

復習の続き

Fact 4 $X \in S_{+}^{n}$, $X = PP^{T}$ となる列フルランク行列 $P \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times r}$ が存在 Fact 5 $X, S \in S_{+}^{n}$ とする. $X \bullet S \ge 0$ が成り立つ. さらに $X \bullet S = 0 \iff XS = O_{n}$. Fact 6 $X \in S_{+}^{n}$ & $X_{ii} = 0$ ならば $X_{ij} = X_{ji} = 0$ for all $j = 1, \dots, n$

双対定理

$$(Primal) \inf_{X} \left\{ A_{0} \bullet X : A_{j} \bullet X = b_{j} \ (j = 1, ..., m), X \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n} \right\}$$
$$(Dual) \sup_{y} \left\{ b^{T}y : A_{0} - \sum_{j=1}^{m} y_{j}A_{j} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n}, y \in \mathbb{R}^{m} \right\}$$

- (Primal) が Slater 条件を満たし (Dual) が feasible ならば, $\theta_P = \theta_D$ で, (Dual) が最適解を持つ
- (Dual) が Slater 条件を満たし (Primal) が feasible ならば $\theta_P = \theta_D$ で, (Primal) が最適解を持つ

Slater 条件

- $\exists X \in \mathbb{S}^n_{++}$ such that $A_j \bullet X = b_j \ (j = 1, \dots, m)$
- $\exists y \in \mathbb{R}^m$ such that $A_0 \sum_{j=1}^m y_j A_j \in \mathbb{S}^n_{++}$
- 制約想定 (Constraint qualification) の一つ

心に留めておくこと1

- Abadie 制約想定や Guignard 制約想定 (接錐と線形化錐の関係) が Slater 条件より弱いが...
- Slater 条件は最適解を知らなくても確認できることがある e.g. SDP relaxation of Max-Cut problem:

$$\sup_{X} \{L \bullet X : X_{ii} = 1 \ (i = 1, \dots, n), X \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n}\}$$

もちろん, 確認が難しい場合もある *e.g.* H_{∞} state feedback control, He $(M) = M + M^{T}$

$$\begin{cases} \inf_{X,Y,\gamma} & \gamma \\ & \\ \text{subj. to} & -\begin{pmatrix} \text{He}(AX + B_2Y) & * & * \\ C_1X + D_{12}Y & -\gamma I_{p_1} & * \\ & B_1^T & D_{11}^T & -\gamma I_{m_1} \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{S}_+^{n+p_1+m_1} \\ & X \in \mathbb{S}_+^n, Y \in \mathbb{R}^{m_2 \times n} \end{cases}$$

心に留めておくこと2

- 「最適値が一致」 & 「一方の最適解の存在のみ」
- もう一方に最適解が存在しない場合があり得る
- ・主双対内点法は、双方が Slater 条件を満たしていることを要求
 ⇒双方で最適解が存在
- 組合せ最適化問題に対する SDP 緩和では, たいていの場合, 双方が Slater 条件を満たす
- Slater 条件を満たさない SDP は病的な SDP?

なぜ Slater 条件を気にする (した)のか?

Example 1 (Waki, Nakata, Muramatsu 2012)

$$heta_1^* = \inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \left\{ x : x^2 \ge 1, x \ge 0
ight\}$$

• $\theta_1^* = \mathbf{1} \& x^* = \mathbf{1}$

• Construct SDP relax. prob., $(SDP)_5 = 1$ by SDP solvers,

• But
$$(SDP)_r = 0$$
 for all $r \ge 1$

Example 2 (Waki 2012)

$$heta_2^* = \inf_{x,y\in\mathbb{R}} \left\{ -x - y : xy \leq 1, x, y \geq 1/2 \right\}$$

- $\theta_2^* = -1.5 \& (x^*, y^*) = (1, 1/2), (1/2, 1)$
- Construct SDP relax. prob., $(SDP)_7 = -1.5$ by SDP solvers
- But $(SDP)_r$ is infeasible for all $r \ge 1$

$$\sup_{X} \left\{ -X_{00} : \sum_{\substack{k+\ell=j, \\ 0 \le k, \ell \le r}} X_{k\ell} = b_j \ (j = 1, \dots, 2r), X \in \mathbb{S}_+^{r+1} \right\},$$
$$b_j = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 & \text{if } j = 2 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{array} (j = 1, \dots, 2r) \right\}$$

解けそう!:
$$X \in S_{+}^{r+1}$$
 と最後の等式制約に着目
• $X_{01} + X_{01} = 0, X_{02} + X_{11} + X_{20} = 1, \dots,$
 $X_{r,r-2} + X_{r-1,r-1} + X_{r-2,r} = 0, X_{r,r-1} + X_{r-1,r} = 0,$
 $X_{r,r} = 0,$
• $X_{r,r} = 0 \Rightarrow X_{r-1,r-1} = 0 \Rightarrow X_{r-2,r-2} = 0, \dots, X_{22} = 0$

● 結局, 以下と等価

$$\sup_{X} \{-X_{00} : X_{01} = X_{01} = 0, X_{11} = 1, X_{00} \ge 0\}$$

わかったこと

強双対定理から見ると

- 双対問題 (SOS) は Slater 条件を満たさないことがある & 摂 動に対して最適値が大きく変化
- 手である程度解けてしまう or SDP relax. を小さくできる 多項式最適化から見ると
 - SDP relax. が Slater 条件を満たすかどうかはすぐにはわからない
 - 二乗和多項式の性質から、任意のrに対して生成されう SDP relax. は全て以下と等価

 $(\mathsf{Ex.1}) = \sup_{\sigma_j, \rho} \left\{ p : x - p = \sigma_0 + x\sigma_1, \sigma_0, \sigma_1 \in \mathbb{R}_+ \right\},$ $(\mathsf{Ex.2}) = \sup_{\sigma_j, \rho} \left\{ p : \begin{array}{c} -x - y - \rho = \sigma_0 + (x - 1/2)\sigma_1 \\ p : +(y - 1/2)\sigma_2, \\ \sigma_0, \sigma_1, \sigma_2 \ge 0 \end{array} \right\}$

• (Kojima, Kim, Waki 2005)の POP に対する前処理の拡張に なっている (Waki, Muramatsu 2011)

講義の目標: Facial reduction を知る

証明すること2

$$(\mathsf{Dual}): \sup_{y} \left\{ \boldsymbol{b}^{\mathsf{T}} \boldsymbol{y} : \boldsymbol{A}_{0} - \sum_{j=1}^{m} \boldsymbol{A}_{j} \boldsymbol{y}_{j} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n} \right\}$$

- (Dual) が Slater 条件を満たさない $\iff \exists \hat{X} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n} \setminus \{O\}$ such that $A_{0} \bullet \hat{X} \leq 0, A_{j} \bullet \hat{X} = 0$ (j = 1, ..., m)
- 特に $A_0 \bullet \hat{X} < 0 \Rightarrow$ (Dual) が infeasible

コメント

- Slater 条件を満たさないという証拠 (certificate) がある
- (Dual) が feasible なら, (Primal) には目的関数を変えず実行可 能性を保つ方向 Ŷ が存在する.

$$egin{aligned} &m{A}_j ullet (m{X}+lpha \hat{m{X}}) = m{A}_j ullet m{X} \ (j=0,1,\ldots,m) ext{ and } \ &m{X}+lpha \hat{m{X}} \in \mathbb{S}^n_+ \ (orall lpha \geq m{0}). \end{aligned}$$

• (Dual) is (Dual)'と等価:

$$(\mathsf{Dual})': \sup_{y} \left\{ b^{\mathsf{T}}y : \hat{A}_{0} - \sum_{j=1}^{m} \hat{A}_{j}y_{j} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{\mathsf{r}} \right\}$$

Facial reduction algorithm for (Dual)

Step 1 Find \hat{X} for (Dual) Step 2 Reduce (Dual) to (Dual)' Step 3 (Dual) \leftarrow (Dual)' and go to Step 1 Return Slater 条件を満たし, (Dual) と等価な SDP

証明すること1

$$(\mathsf{Primal}): \inf_{X} \{ A_0 \bullet X : A_j \bullet X = b_j, X \in \mathbb{S}_+^n \}$$

- (Primal) が Slater 条件を満たさない $\iff \exists \hat{y} \in \mathbb{R}^{m}$ such that $\boldsymbol{b}^{T}\hat{y} \geq 0, W := -\sum_{j=1}^{m} \hat{y}_{j}A_{j} \in \mathbb{S}^{n} \setminus \{O\}$
- 特に $\boldsymbol{b}^T \hat{\boldsymbol{y}} > \boldsymbol{0} \Rightarrow$ (Primal) が infeasible

Facial reduction algorithm for (Primal)

Step 1 Find \hat{y} for (Primal) Step 2 Reduce (Primal) to (Primal)' Step 3 (Primal) \leftarrow (Primal)' and go to Step 1 Return Slater 条件を満たし, (Primal) と等価な SDP

Slater 条件を満たさない SDP の応用例

- Quadratic assignment (Zhao, Karisch, Rendl, Wolkowicz 1998)
- Graph partition (Wolkowicz, Zhao 1999)
- Mixed integer quadratic program (Tanaka, Nakata, Waki 2012 and 2013)
- Polynomial optimization (Kojima, Kim, Waki 2005), (Waki, Nakata, Muramatsu 2012), (Waki, Muramatsu 2010 and 2011)
- Euclidean distance matrix completion (Krislock, Wolkowicz 2010)
- Control (Balakrishnan, Vandenberghe 2003), (Waki, Sebe 2015)

| 共通していること | どれも「あるクラスの問題から生成された SDP 緩和問題」

疑問

- そのクラスの問題がどういう性質を持っていたら, SDP(緩和 問題)は Slater 条件を満たさないのか?
- その性質を使って計算効率を改善できるか?
- 理論: Facial reduction (Borwein, Wolkowicz 1981 etc)
 - Facial reduction そのものへの貢献
 - 最適化理論への貢献
 - 他分野への貢献

| 意外だったコメント| : 「SDP は線形では?」, 「(SDP の) 双対問 題を解いても…」

Slater 条件を意識させる他の例

$$\left\{\begin{array}{ll} \inf_{\substack{x_1,\dots,x_5 \\ \text{subject to} }} 2x_3 + 2x_4 - x_5 \\ \text{subject to} \quad x_1 + x_2 - x_4 \leq 0, 4x_4 - x_5 \geq 0, \\ x_3 \geq -1, x_5 \leq 1, \\ (x_1,x_2,x_3) \in Q_3, x_4, x_5 \in \mathbb{R}_+, x_4 \in \mathbb{Z} \end{array}\right.$$

ただし
$$Q_3 = \left\{ (x_1, x_2, x_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x_1 \ge \sqrt{x_2^2 + x_3^2} \right\}$$

|特徴| :

- x₄ ≤ 0 の部分問題で生成される緩和問題は, Slater 条件を満 たさないだけでなく θ_P > θ_D
- **A**₀の摂動に対して, **θ**_Dが大きくかわる (Cheung, Wolkowicz 2014)
- Presolve や Cut の追加により, 緩和問題が Slater 条件を満た さない可能性がある → MISOCP がどういう条件を満たせば Slater 条件を満たすか?

|実行不可能性]:
$$\mathbb{P}_1 \geq \mathbb{P}_2$$
 はともに実行不可能
 $\mathbb{P}_1 \quad \sup_{y_1} \left\{ by_1 : \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - y_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{S}^2_+, y_1 \in \mathbb{R} \right\},$
 $\mathbb{P}_2 \quad \sup_{y_1} \left\{ by_1 : \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - y_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{S}^2_+, y_1 \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$
注意

● ▶ 1 は実行不可能性を示す証拠がある (強実行不可能性)

$$\boldsymbol{X} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{1} & -\mathbf{1} \\ -\mathbf{1} & \mathbf{1} \end{pmatrix}$$

● ℙ2 そのような証拠はない (弱実行不可能性)

弱実行不可能性の場合, 摂動すると解が存在する; b ≤ 0 なら

$$\sup_{y_1} \left\{ by_1 : \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - y_1 \begin{pmatrix} -\epsilon \\ & -1 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{S}^2_+, y_1 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} = b/\epsilon \leq 0$$

• 分枝限定法で実行不可能性に基づく枝狩りは難しいかも

摂動解析 (with Sekiguchi)

1.1. 1.1.4

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{Sup} & -\mathbf{x}_{6} \\ \mathbf{sub.to} & \begin{cases} 2x_{1} + 2x_{2} \\ -x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} - x_{4} & -2x_{2} - 2x_{5} \\ -2x_{1} + x_{2} - 2x_{4} & -2x_{2} + x_{3} - 2x_{5} & x_{6} \\ -2x_{1} + x_{2} - 2x_{4} & -2x_{2} + x_{3} - 2x_{5} & x_{6} \\ -2x_{1} + x_{2} - 2x_{4} & -2x_{2} + x_{3} - 2x_{5} & x_{6} \\ x_{1} - 2x_{2} + x_{4} & x_{2} - 2x_{3} + 1x_{5} & 0 & x_{6} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & x_{6} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & x_{6} \\ \end{cases} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{6},$$

.

Table: SDPA-GMP (300 digits and $\epsilon = 1.0e-16$)

Problem	δ =1.0e-10	$\delta = 1.0e-30$	δ =1.0e-50
上の問題	2.2360679775444764	2.2360679774997897	2.2360679774997897
摂動 1	2.2360072694172072	2.1078335768712432	1.4142135623730950
摂動 2	2.2360072694172055	2.0000000000000000	2.0000000000000000
摂動 3	2.2360072665294605	1.4142135623730950	1.4142135623730950

Separation Theorem	Proof	Reduction	Remark	Examples
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Slater 条件から見た半正定値計画問題 技術的なこと

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Separation Theorem	Proof 000	Reduction	Remark O	Examples
分離定理 (Sep	aration Th	eorem)		

Affine hull (Section 1, pp. 6, Rockafellar, 1970)

The affine hull of $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ is the smallest affine set containing S and is denoted by aff(S)

Relative interior (Section 6, pp.44, Rockafellar, 1970)

The relative interior rel(C) of a convex set C is

С

X

$$\mathsf{rel}(\mathcal{C}) = \{x \in \mathsf{aff}(\mathcal{C}) : \exists \epsilon > 0 \text{ s.t. } (x + \epsilon B) \cap (\mathsf{aff}(\mathcal{C})) \subseteq \mathcal{C}\}$$

|例:円盤|:
$$C = \{(x, y, z) : x^2 + y^2 \le 1, z = 1\}$$

int(C) =
$$\emptyset$$
,
rel(C) = $\{(x, y, z) : x^2 + y^2 < 1, z = 1\}$

Separation Theorem	Proof	Reduction	Remark	Examples
000				

分離定理 (Theorem 20.2, pp. 181, Rockafellar, 1970)

Let C_1 and C_2 be nonempty convex sets in \mathbb{R}^n . C_1 is polyhedral. The following are equivalent:

- $C_1 \cap \operatorname{rel}(C_2) = \emptyset$
- ∂ ∃*H*: hyperplane separating *C*₁ and *C*₂ properly and not containing *C*₂

The second is equivalent to the fact that $\exists c \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $\delta \in \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{A1} \ c^{\mathsf{T}}x \leq \delta \leq c^{\mathsf{T}}s \ (\forall x \in \mathcal{C}_1, s \in \mathcal{C}_2) \\ \text{A2} \ \delta < c^{\mathsf{T}}\hat{s} \ (\exists \hat{s} \in \mathcal{C}_2) \end{array}$$

C₂ が錐の場合: δ = 0 と取れる

• $\mathbf{0} \in \mathbf{C}_2$ より, $\delta \leq \mathbf{0}$

• もし $\exists s \in C_2$ s.t. $c^T s_2 < 0$ なら, $\alpha s \in C_2$ for all $\alpha > 0$ な ので, $0 > c^T(\alpha s_2) \rightarrow -\infty$ ($\alpha \rightarrow \infty$) で矛盾 $\therefore c^T s \ge 0$ for all $s \in C_2$

Separation Theorem	Proof	Reduction	Remark	Examples
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Separation Theorem
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coco証明すること1(P) が Slater 条件を満たさない(P) が Slater 条件を満たさない(P) が Slater 条件を満たさない(P) が Slater 条件を満たさない(P) が Slater 条件を満たさない

 \leftarrow : $\hat{\boldsymbol{X}}$ is a strictly feasible solution

$$0 < \hat{X} \bullet \left(-\sum_{j=1}^{m} y_j A_j \right) = -b^T y \le 0 \; (\mathcal{F} \mathbb{E}!)$$

Infeasibility : \tilde{X} is a feasible solution

$$0 \leq \tilde{X} ullet \left(-\sum_{j=1}^m y_j A_j
ight) = -b^T y < 0$$
 (矛盾!)

Certificate がある infeasibility を strong infeasibility と呼ぶ

Separation Theorem	Proof	Reduction	Remark	Examples
	000			

 \Rightarrow : $C_1 = \{b\}$ and $C_2 = \{h \in \mathbb{R}^m : X \in \mathbb{S}^n_+, h_j = A_j \bullet X\}$. From (Theorem 6.6, p. 48, Rockafellar, 1970),

$$\operatorname{rel}(C_2) = \{h \in \mathbb{R}^m : X \in \mathbb{S}_{++}^n, h_j = A_j \bullet X\},\$$

and separation theorem is equivalent to

 $\exists y \in \mathbb{R}^m; y^{\mathsf{T}}b \leq 0 \leq y^{\mathsf{T}}h \, (\forall h \in C_2) \text{ and } y^{\mathsf{T}}\hat{h} > 0 (\exists \hat{h} \in C_2).$

$$y^{\mathsf{T}}h = \sum_{j=1} y_j(A_j \bullet X) = X \bullet \left(\sum_{j=1}^m y_j A_j\right) \ge 0$$

これは $-\sum_{j=1}^{m} (-y_j) A_j \in \mathbb{S}_+^n$ • 第二不等式より, $-\sum_{j=1}^{m} (-y_j) A_j \neq 0$. おしまい

Separation Theorem
OOOProof
OOOReduction
NoOORemark
OExamples
OOOO証明すること2(D) が Slater 条件を満たさない(D) が Slater 条件を満たさない(Aj • X = 0 and
$$A_0 • X \le 0$$
.(E) : 同じ方針で証明できる.(A) : C1 = { $A_0 - \sum_{j=1}^m y_j A_j : y \in \mathbb{R}^m$ } and $C_2 = \mathbb{S}_+^n$. From separation theorem,

 $\exists Z \in \mathbb{S}^n \setminus \{O\}; Z \bullet X \leq 0 \leq Z \bullet Y \; (\forall X \in C_1, Y \in C_2)$

• 不等式(C₂)より, for all Z ∈ Sⁿ₊₊
• 不等式(C₁)より,

$$Z \bullet X = (A_0 \bullet Z) - \sum_j y_j (A_j \bullet Z) \le 0$$

これは $A_0 \bullet Z \leq 0$ and $A_j \bullet Z = 0$. おしまい

証明: \boldsymbol{X} : (P)の feasible solutions.

$$X \bullet W = -\sum_{j=1}^m y_j (A_j \bullet X) = -b^T y = 0.$$

Therefore $X \in \{W\}^{\perp}$.

Separation Theorem Proof OCO Reduction OCO CONSTRAINTS CONSTRAIN

$$W = Q \begin{pmatrix} O & O \\ O & \Lambda \end{pmatrix} Q^T$$
, where $\Lambda \in \mathbb{S}^{n-r}_{++}$

$$X = Q \begin{pmatrix} X_{11} & O \\ O & O \end{pmatrix} Q^{\mathsf{T}}$$

となる. これを (P)' に代入する

Separation Theorem	Proof 000	Reduction ○○●○	Remark O	Examples
44.3				

$$A_j \bullet X = (Q^T A_j Q) \bullet \begin{pmatrix} X_{11} & O \\ O & O \end{pmatrix} = (Q^T A_j Q)_1 \bullet X_{11} (j = 0, \dots, m)$$

したがって,

 $(\mathsf{P})': \inf_{X} \{ (Q^{T} A_{0} Q)_{1} \bullet X_{11} : (Q^{T} A_{j} Q)_{1} \bullet X_{11} = b_{j}, X_{11} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{r} \}$

観察

- 行列のサイズがnからrに減少
- (P)'は Slater 条件を満たすか? ⇒ 同じことを適用して certificate があるかないか調べる

$$\mathbb{S}_{+}^{n} \stackrel{(y^{1},W^{1})}{\longrightarrow} \mathbb{S}_{+}^{r_{1}} \stackrel{(y^{2},W^{2})}{\longrightarrow} \mathbb{S}_{+}^{r_{2}} \stackrel{(y^{3},W^{3})}{\longrightarrow} \cdots \stackrel{(y^{s},W^{s})}{\longrightarrow} \mathbb{S}_{+}^{r_{s}}.$$

高々n回の繰り返しでおしまい = Facial reduction

Proof
ocoReduction
ocoRemark
oExamples
oco余談
$$Q$$
 はなんでもいい?乱数で生成した直交行列で(Original)inf
 X $\{A_0 \bullet X : E_i \bullet X = 1, X \in \mathbb{S}_+^n\}$,
(Conversion)inf
 \tilde{X} (QA_0Q^T) • $\tilde{X} : (QE_iQ^T) \bullet \tilde{X} = 1, X \in \mathbb{S}_+^n\}$,
 \tilde{X} 数値実験



Separation Theorem	Proof	Reduction	Remark	Examples
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(D)の最適解				

$$\begin{cases} (\mathsf{P}) & \inf_{X} \left\{ A_{0} \bullet X : A_{j} \bullet X = b_{j}, X \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n} \right\} \\ (\mathsf{D}) & \sup_{y} \left\{ b^{\mathsf{T}}y : A_{0} - \sum_{j=1}^{m} y_{j}A_{j} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{n} \right\} \\ \left\{ (\mathsf{P})' & \inf_{X} \left\{ (Q^{\mathsf{T}}A_{0}Q)_{1} \bullet X : (Q^{\mathsf{T}}A_{0}Q)_{1} \bullet X = b_{j}, X \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{r} \right\} \\ (\mathsf{D})' & \sup_{y} \left\{ b^{\mathsf{T}}y : (Q^{\mathsf{T}}A_{0}Q)_{1} - \sum_{j=1}^{m} y_{j}(Q^{\mathsf{T}}A_{j}Q)_{1} \in \mathbb{S}_{+}^{r} \right\} \end{cases}$$

- (D)'のLMIは(D)のLMIの部分行列で構成
- (D)'の最適解 y* は (D) の最適解にならないかも
- (P) が Slater 条件を満たさないので, (D) は最適解を持たない かもしれない
- {(Q^TA_jQ)₁: j = 1,..., m} が一次独立でないかもしれない

 Separation Theorem
 Proof
 Reduction
 Remark
 Examples

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例:SDP relaxation of MAX-CUT

 $\begin{bmatrix} MAX-CUT \end{bmatrix}$: **G** = (**V**, **E**), **V** = {1,..., **n**}, **E** ⊆ **V** × **V**, **V** を **R** ⊆ **V** と **V** \ **R** の二つに分けたい.



各辺には重みが付いている.目的関数は $V \otimes R, V \setminus R$ に分けた ときに, $R \ge V \setminus R$ をまたぐ辺の重みの和

$$\max_{x} \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} w_{ij} (1 - x_i x_j) / 4 : x_i \in \{-1, 1\} \ (i = 1, \dots, n) \right\}$$

ここで, 変数 x_i は $i \in V \setminus R$ なら $x_i = -1$, $i \in R$ なら $x_i = 1$

Separation Theorem	Proof	Reduction	Remark	Examples
				0000

例: SDP relax. of MAX-CUT の続き
と定め,

$$L := (\text{Diag}(We) - W) / 4$$

とおく. ただし, $e = (1, ..., 1)^T \in \mathbb{R}^n$
 $\mathbb{P}: \max_x \{x^T L x : x \in \{-1, 1\}^n\}$
SDP relax. $\mathbb{Q}: xx^T \to X$
 $\mathbb{Q}: \sup_X \{L \bullet X : E_i \bullet X = 1 \ (i = 1, ..., n), X \in \mathbb{S}^n_+\}$
ただし $E_i \in \mathbb{S}^n$ は (i, i) のみ1であとは全て0

Separation Theorem	Proof	Reduction	Remark	Examples
				0000

$$X = I_n$$

と取れば Slater 条件を満たすことがわかる 双対問題は Slater 条件を満たすか : Find **X** such that

 $E_i \bullet X = 0 \ (i = 1, \ldots, n), X \in \mathbb{S}^n_+ \setminus \{O\}, L \bullet X \leq 0$

これを満たす **X** は存在しないので, 双対問題は Slater 条件を満 たす





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