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**Visualization of the Landau-Nakanishi  
surfaces for truss-bridge graphs**

By

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# Visualization of the Landau-Nakanishi surfaces for truss-bridge graphs

By

Naofumi HONDA\* and Takahiro KAWAI\*\*

In this report we present several figures which describe the Landau-Nakanishi surfaces associated with the truss-bridge graph  $T_\ell$  ( $1 \leq \ell \leq 3$ ) and its contractions such as the so-called ice-cream cone diagram, assuming the space-time dimension is 2. Our principal aim is to help the understanding of the reader of the paper

[HKS] N. Honda, T. Kawai and H. P. Stapp, On the geometric aspect of Sato's postulates on the  $S$ -matrix, to appear in RIMS *Kôkyûroku* Bessatsu (Preprint version: RIMS preprint No. 1810 available at <http://www.kurims.kyoto-u.ac.jp/preprint/index.html>),

but we believe they are interesting in their own right.

We note that all figures in this report are described with the help of a computer by the method described in

[HK] N. Honda and T. Kawai, A computer-assisted study of the Landau-Nakanishi geometry, RIMS *Kôkyûroku* No. 1861, 2013, pp. 100-110.

All the notations used in this report are the same as those used in [HKS].

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# 1. $L^\times(T_1)$ and $L^\oplus(T_1)$

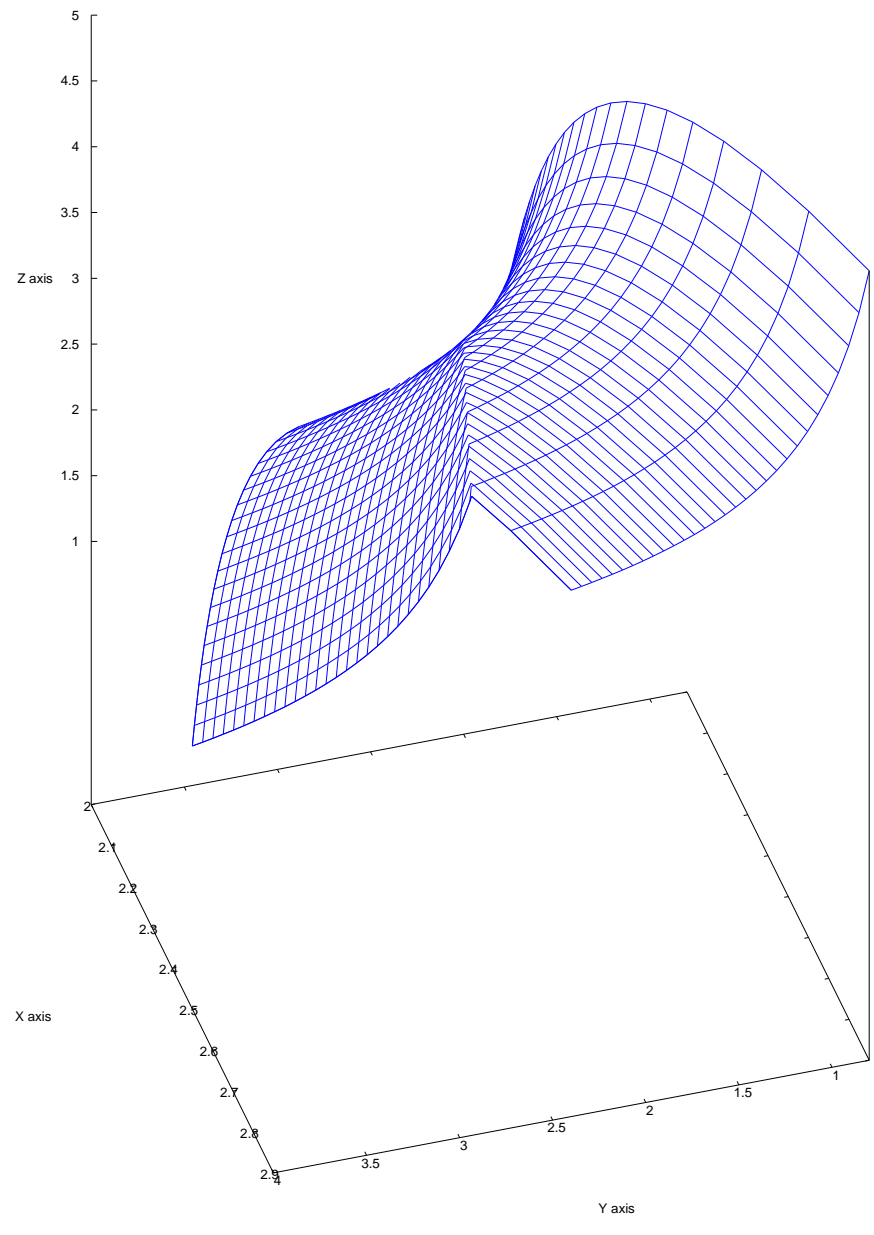


Figure 1.1.  $T_1$ , view(116, 287)

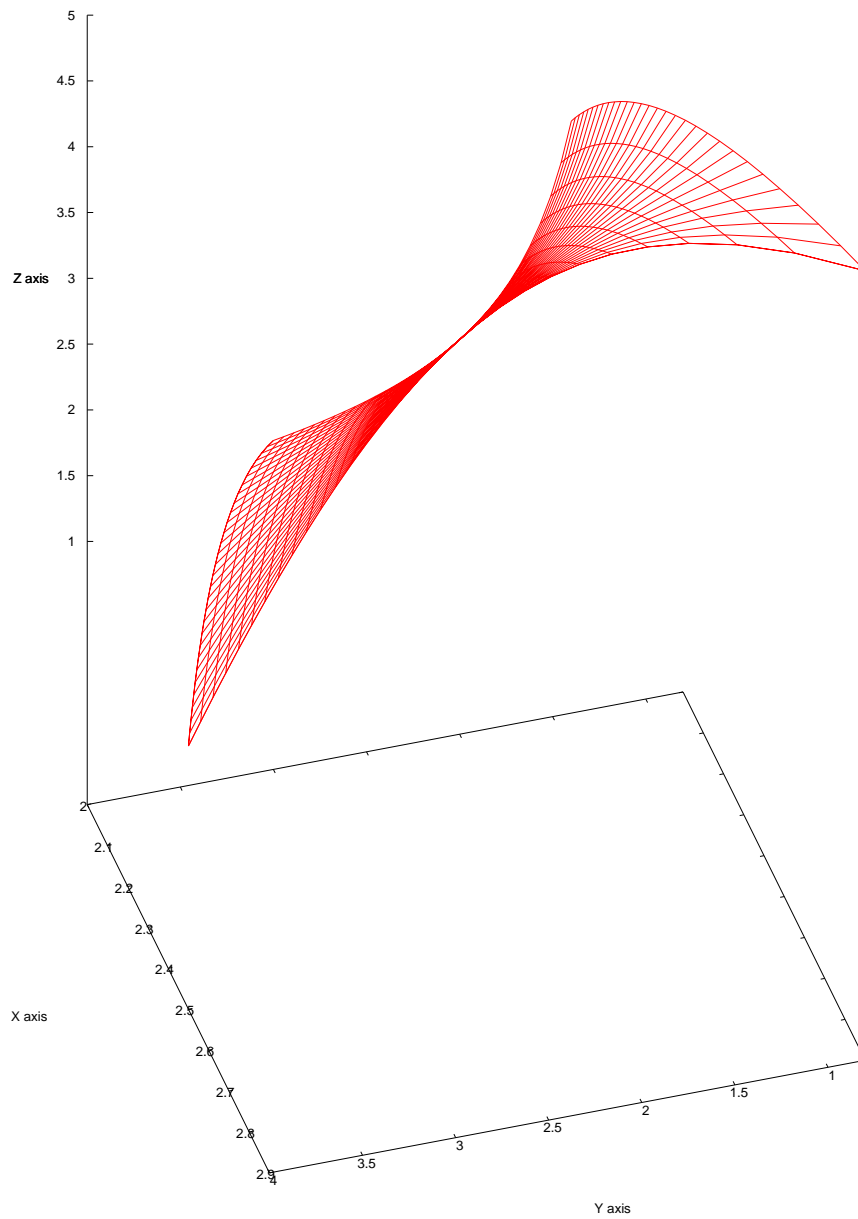


Figure 1.2. The positive part of  $T_1$ , view(116, 287)

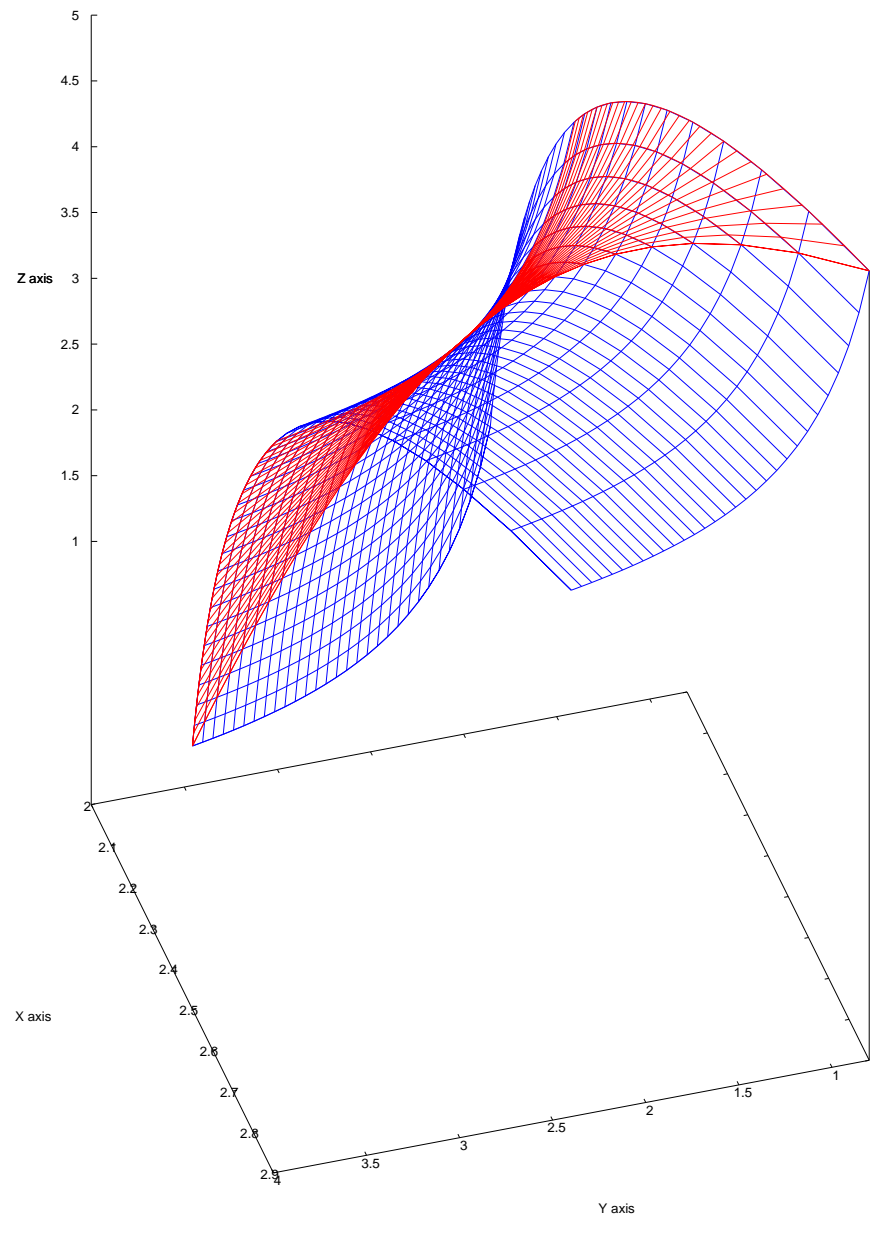
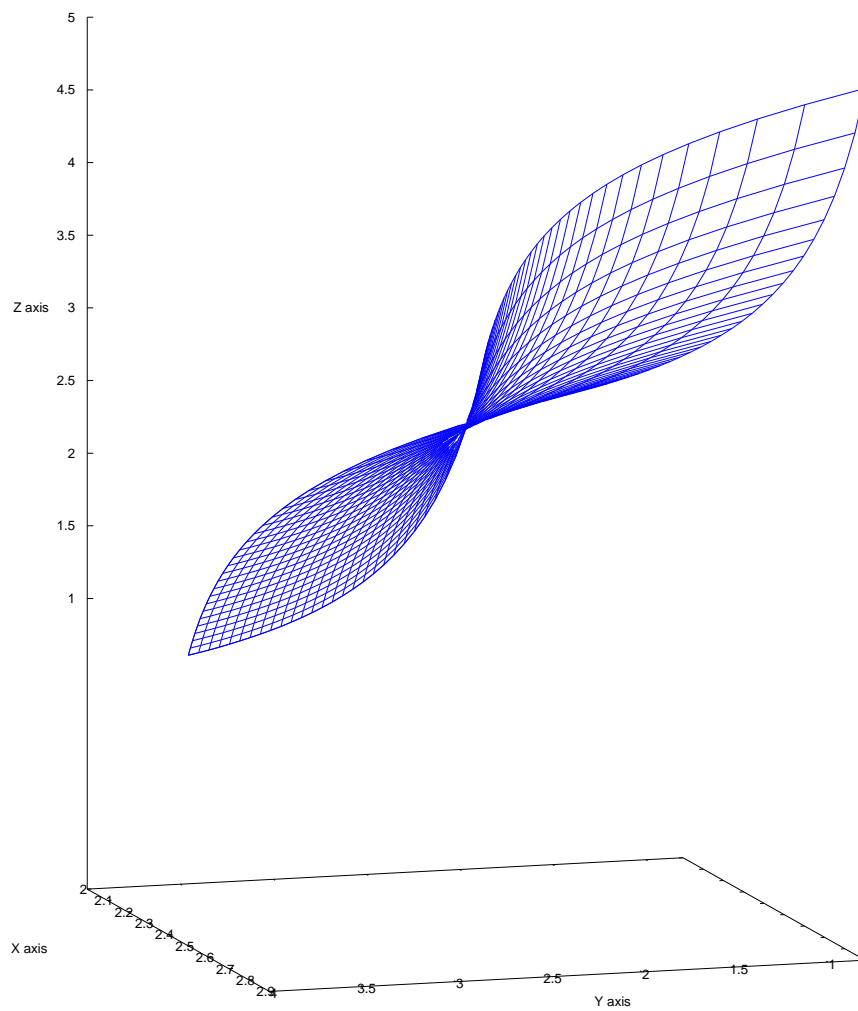


Figure 1.3.  $T_1$ , total view at (116, 287)

Figure 1.4.  $T_1$ , view(97, 287)



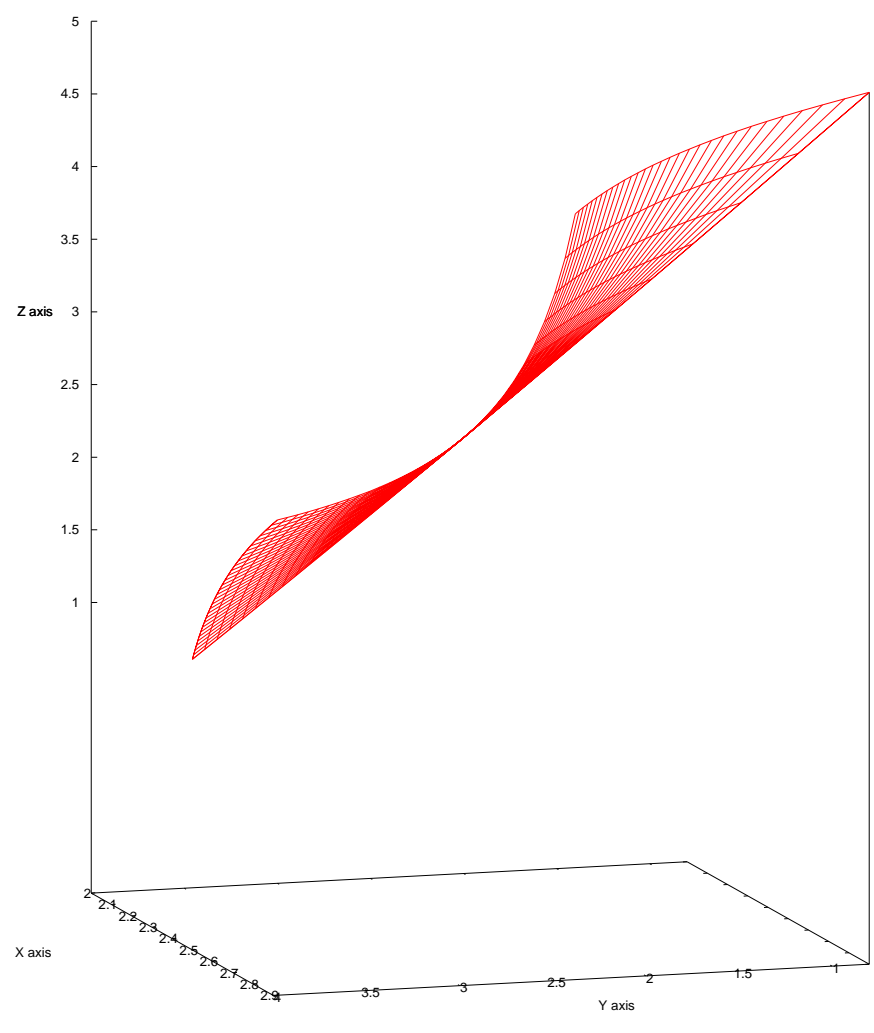
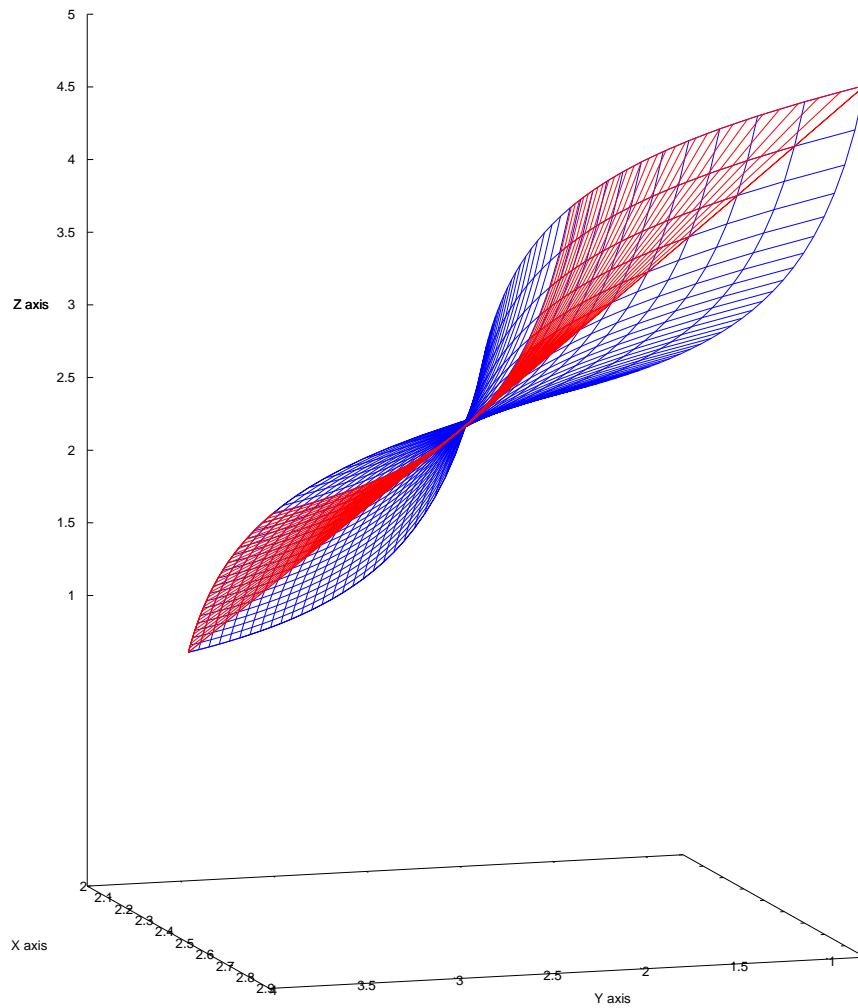
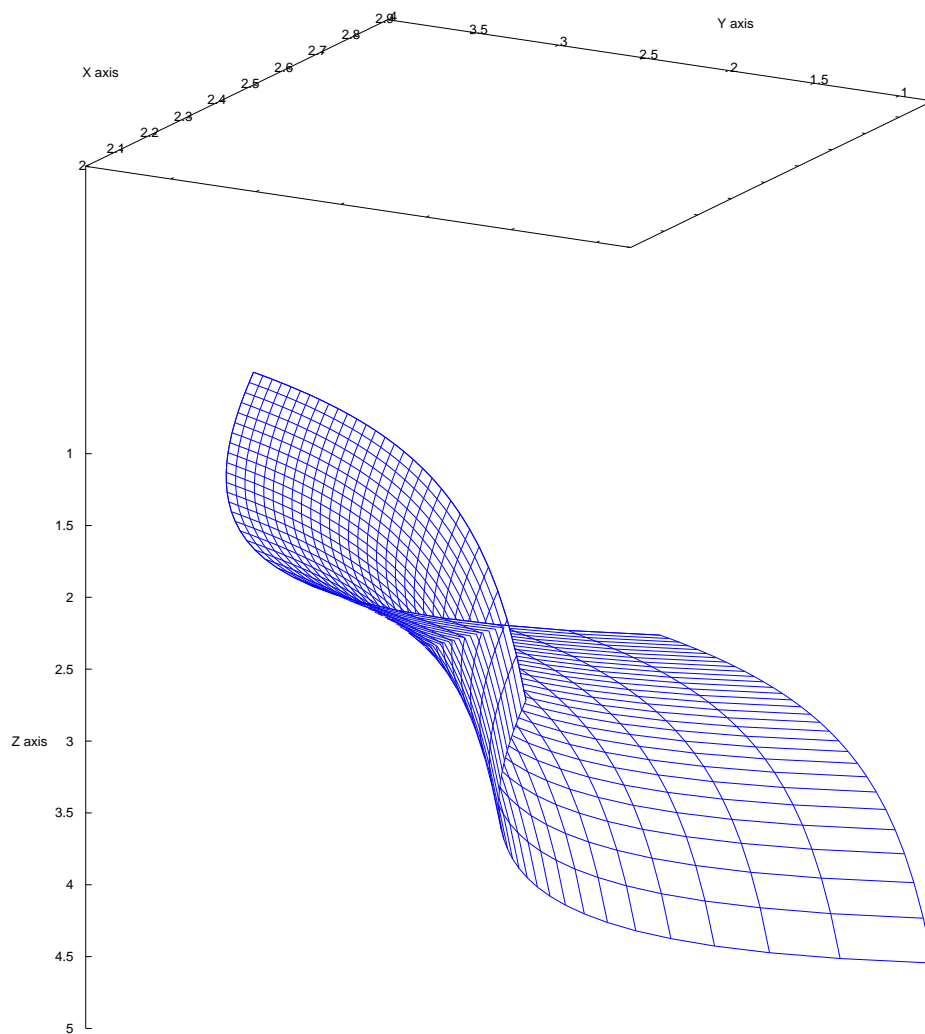


Figure 1.5. The positive part of  $T_1$ , view(97, 287)

Figure 1.6.  $T_1$ , total view at (97, 287)

Figure 1.7.  $T_1$ , view(281, 299)

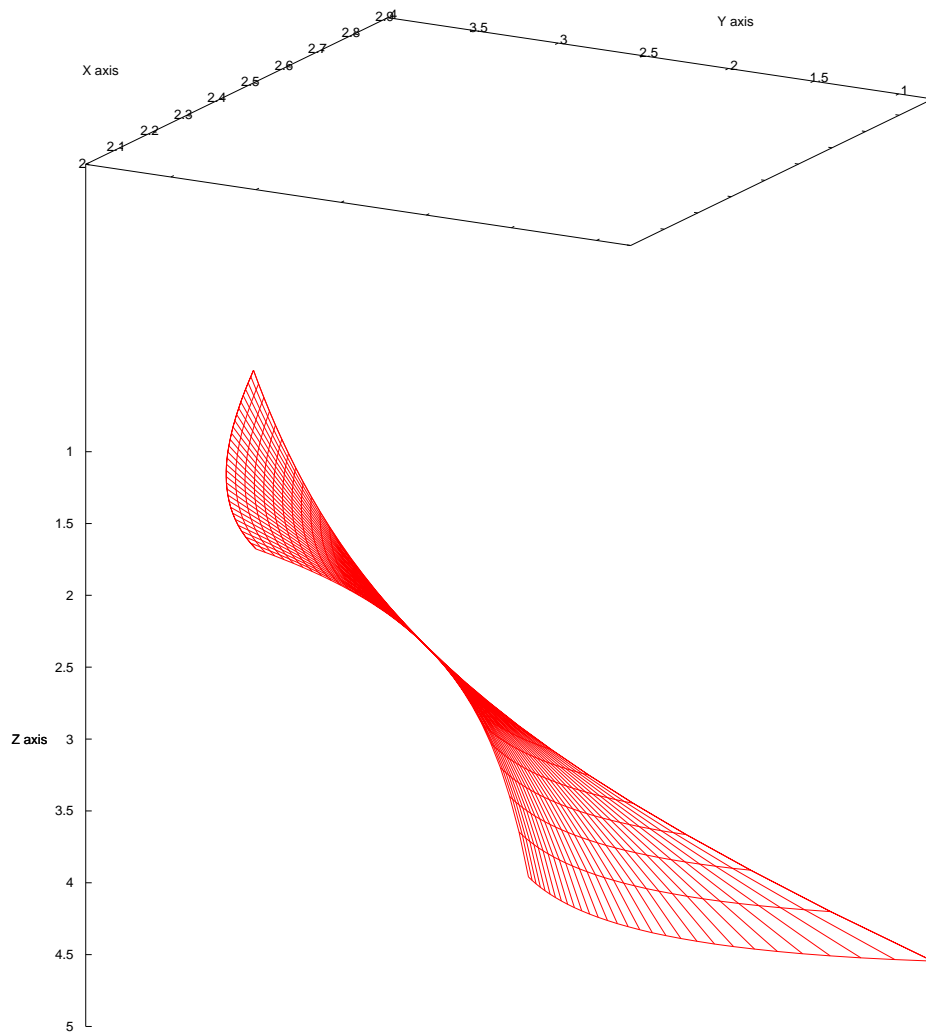
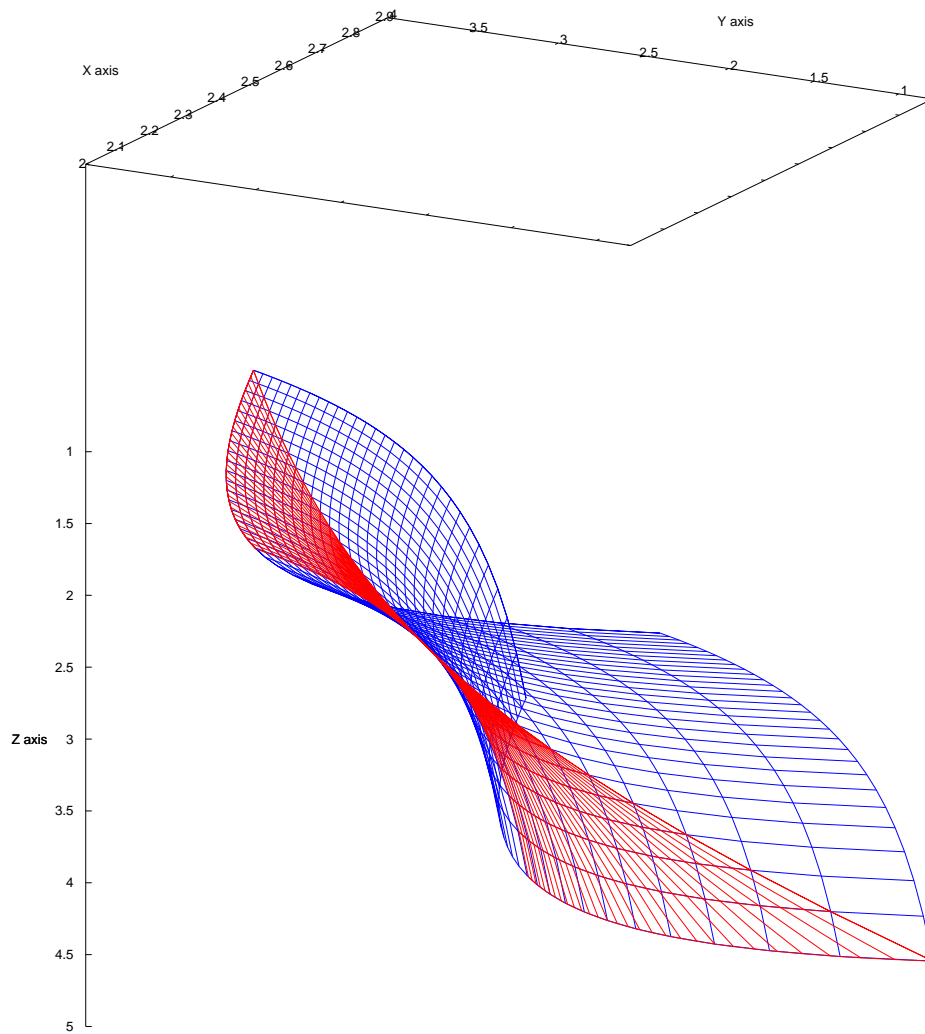


Figure 1.8. The positive part of  $T_1$ , view(281, 299)

Figure 1.9.  $T_1$ , total view at (281, 299)

## 2.1 $L^\times(T_2)$ and $L^\oplus(T_2)$

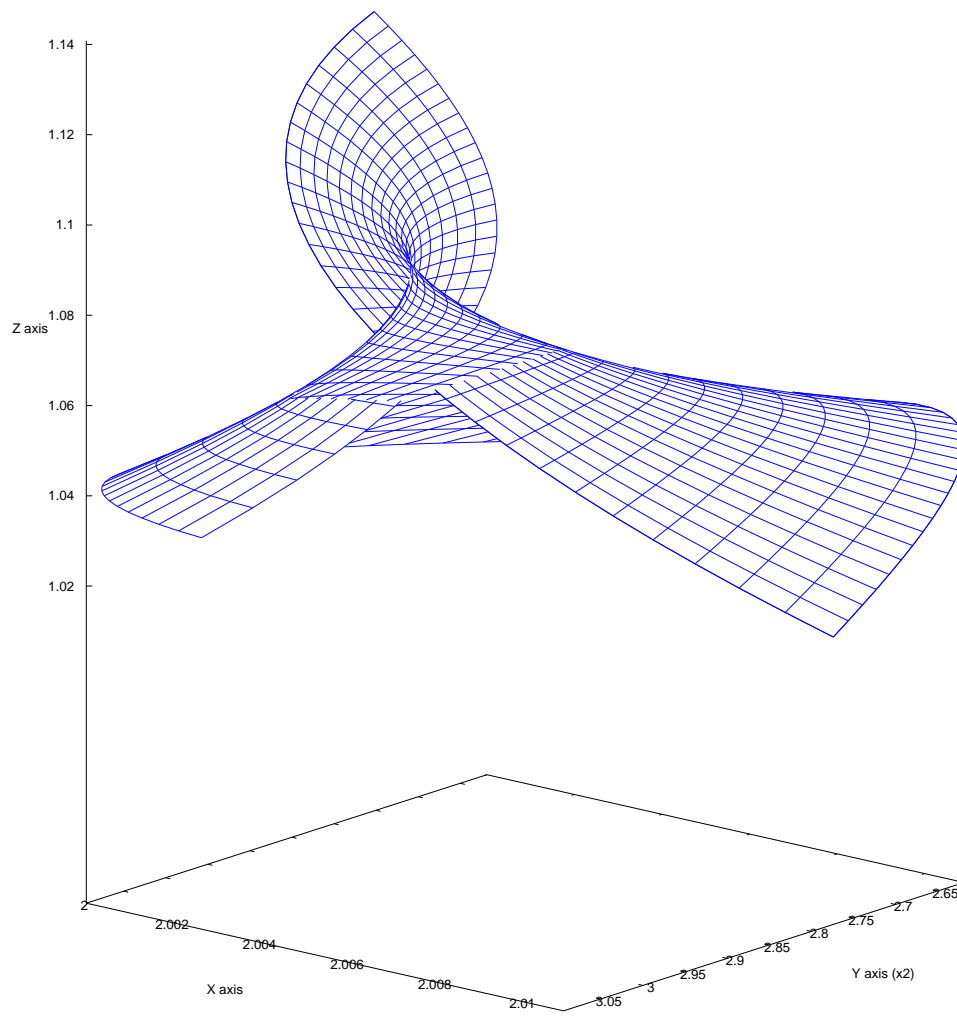


Figure 2.1.  $T_2$ ,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(101, 320)

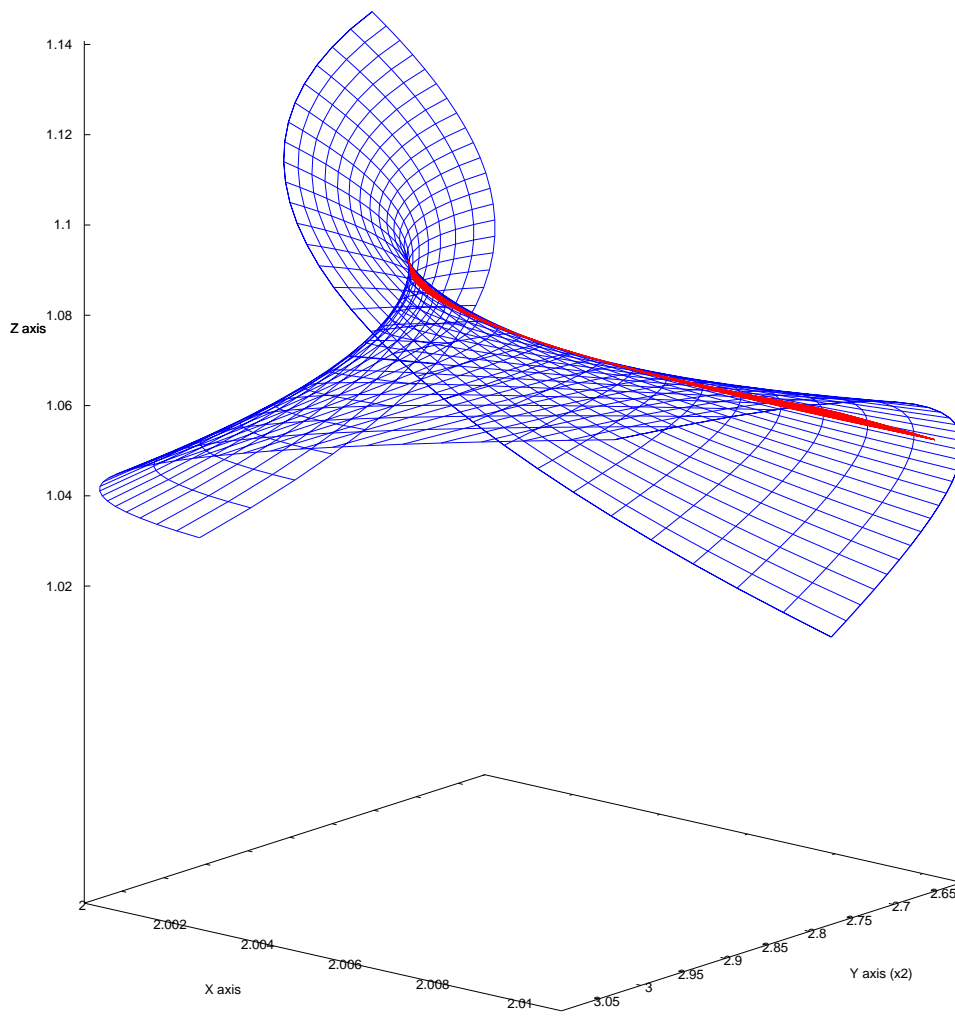


Figure 2.2.  $T_2$  with a positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(101, 320)



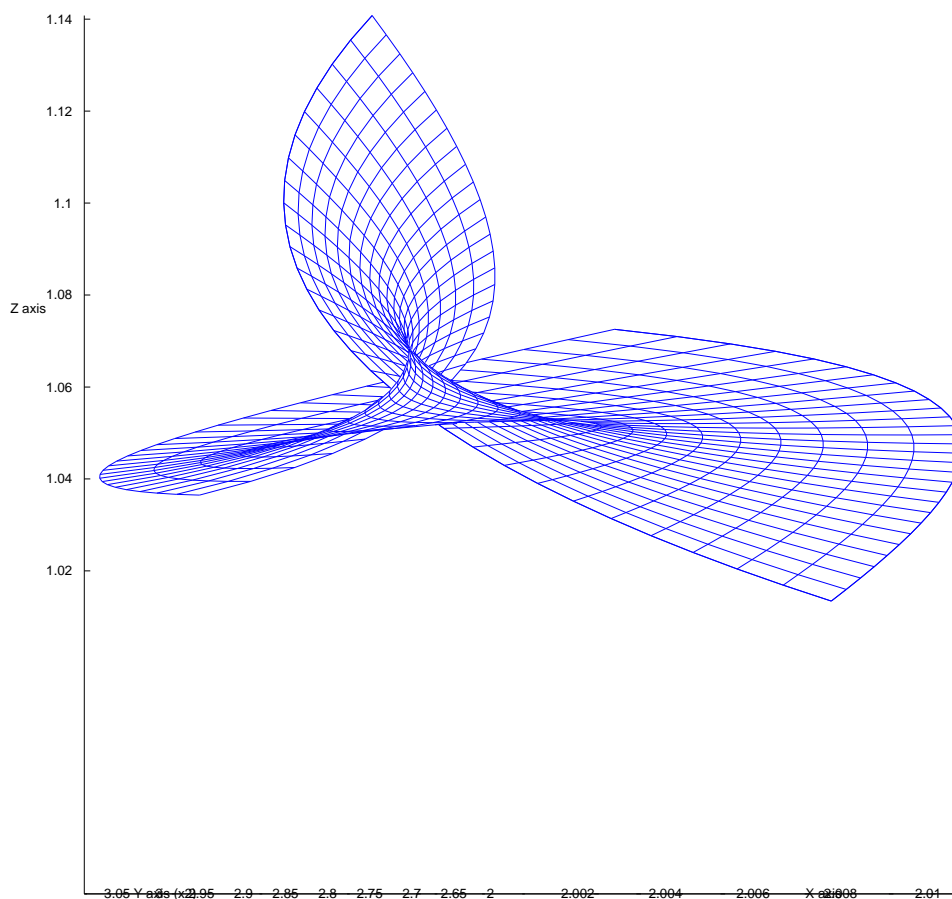


Figure 2.3.  $T_2$ ,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(90, 320)

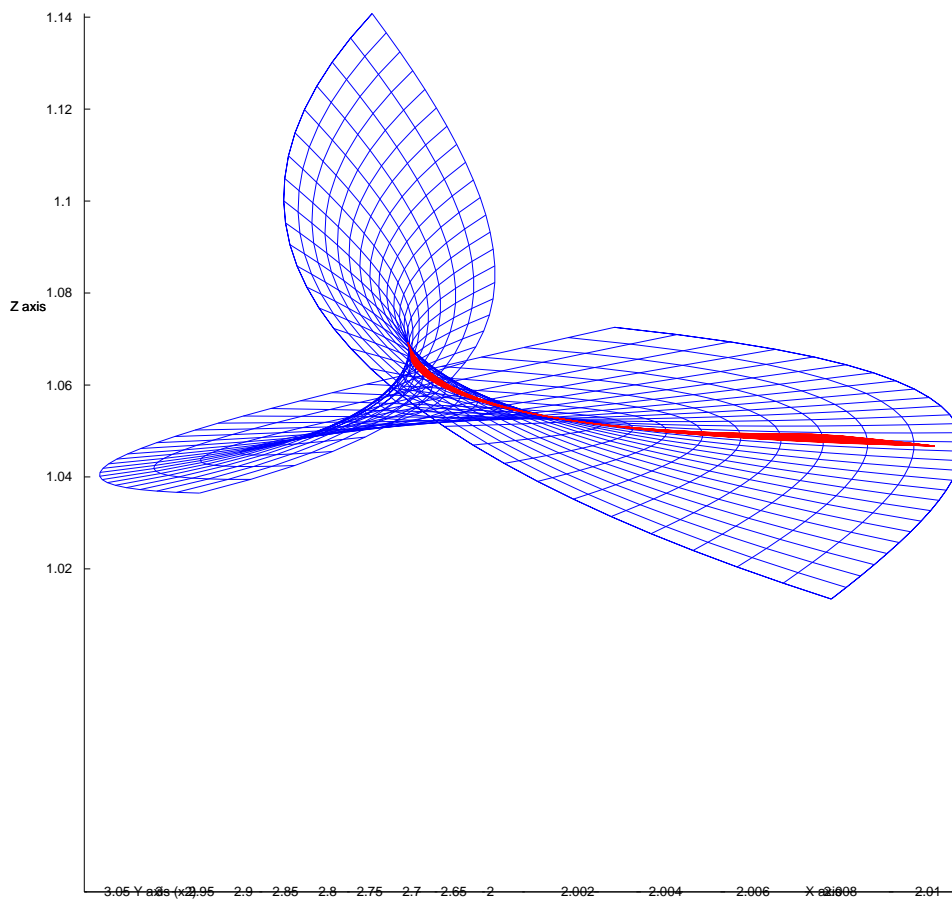


Figure 2.4.  $T_2$  with a positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(90, 320)

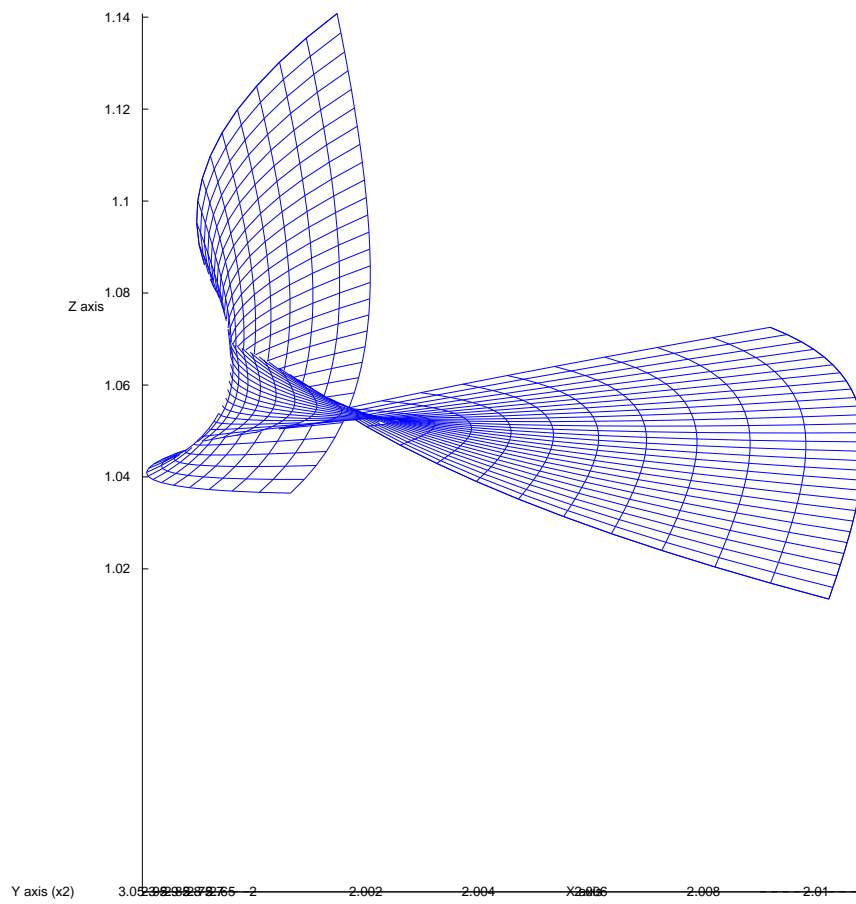


Figure 2.5.  $T_2$ ,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(90, 350)

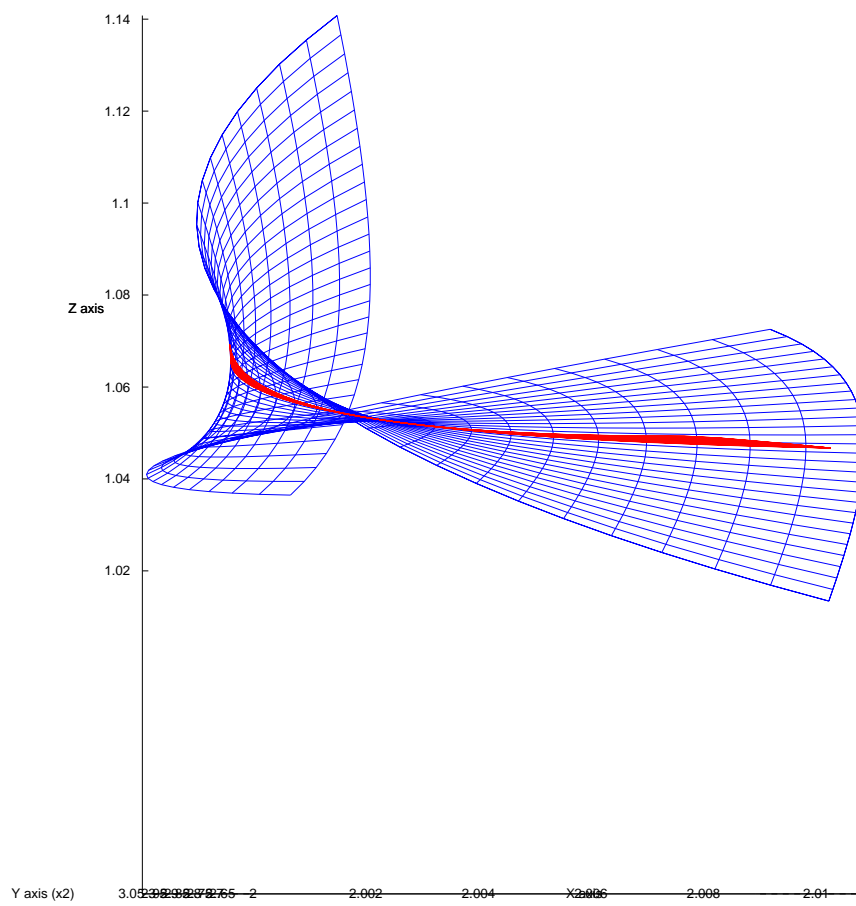


Figure 2.6.  $T_2$  with a positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(90, 350)

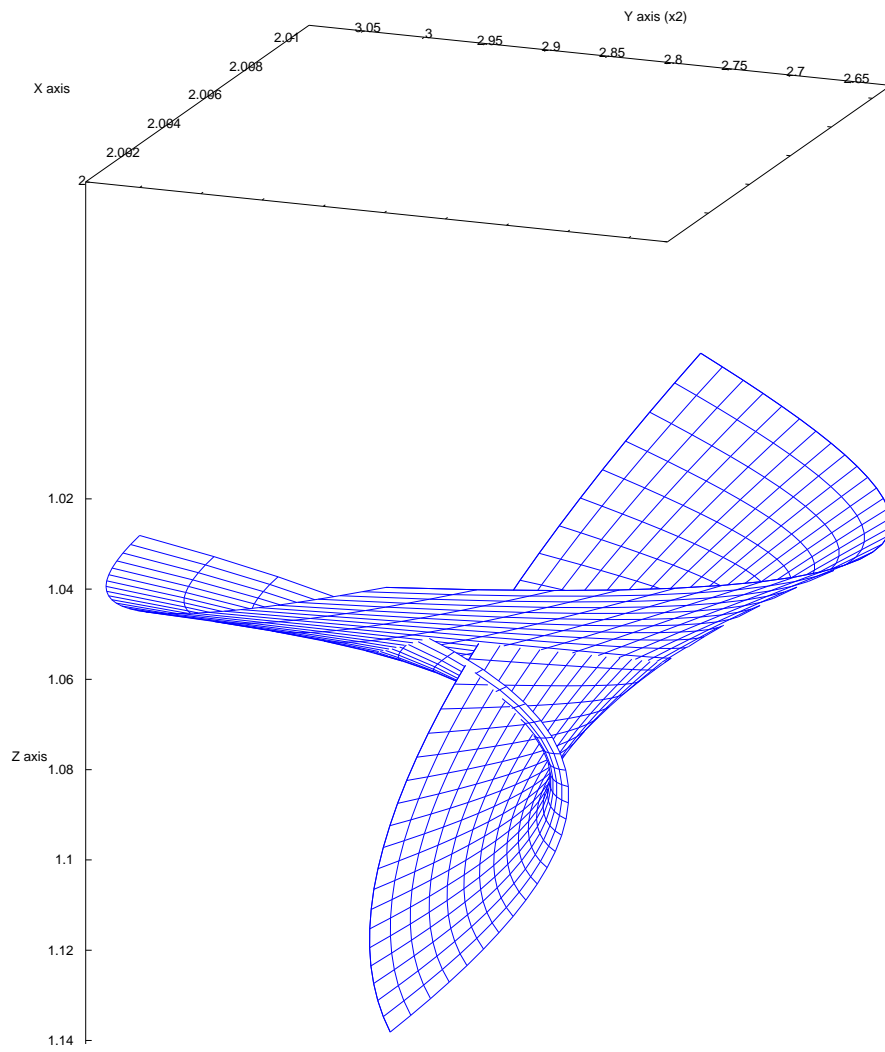


Figure 2.7.  $T_2$ ,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(281, 291)

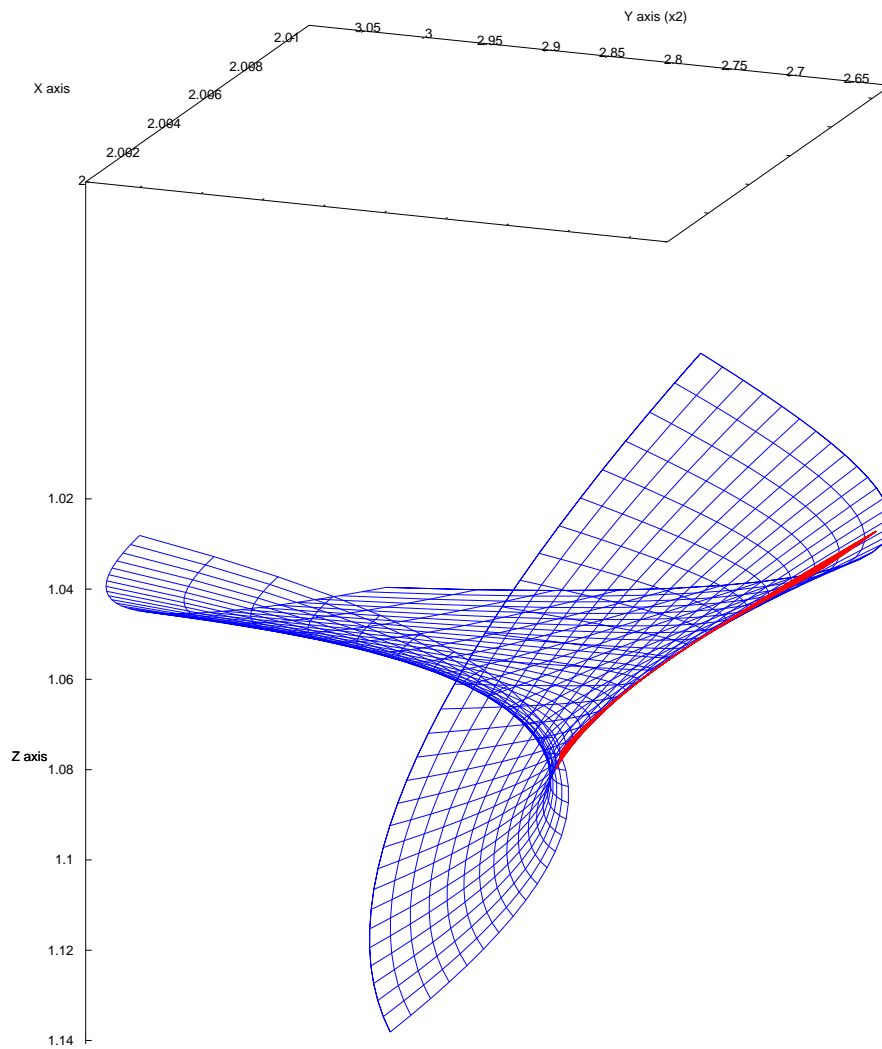


Figure 2.8.  $T_2$  with a positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(281, 291)

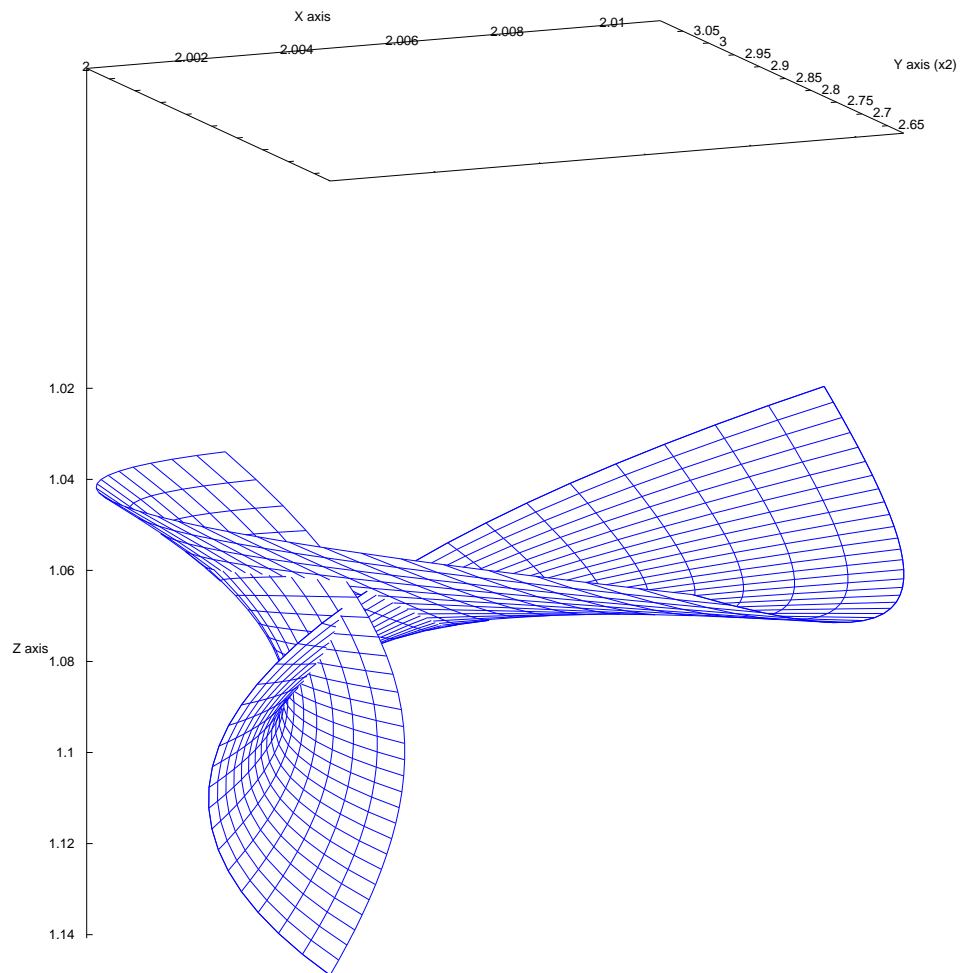


Figure 2.9.  $T_2$ ,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(278, 337)

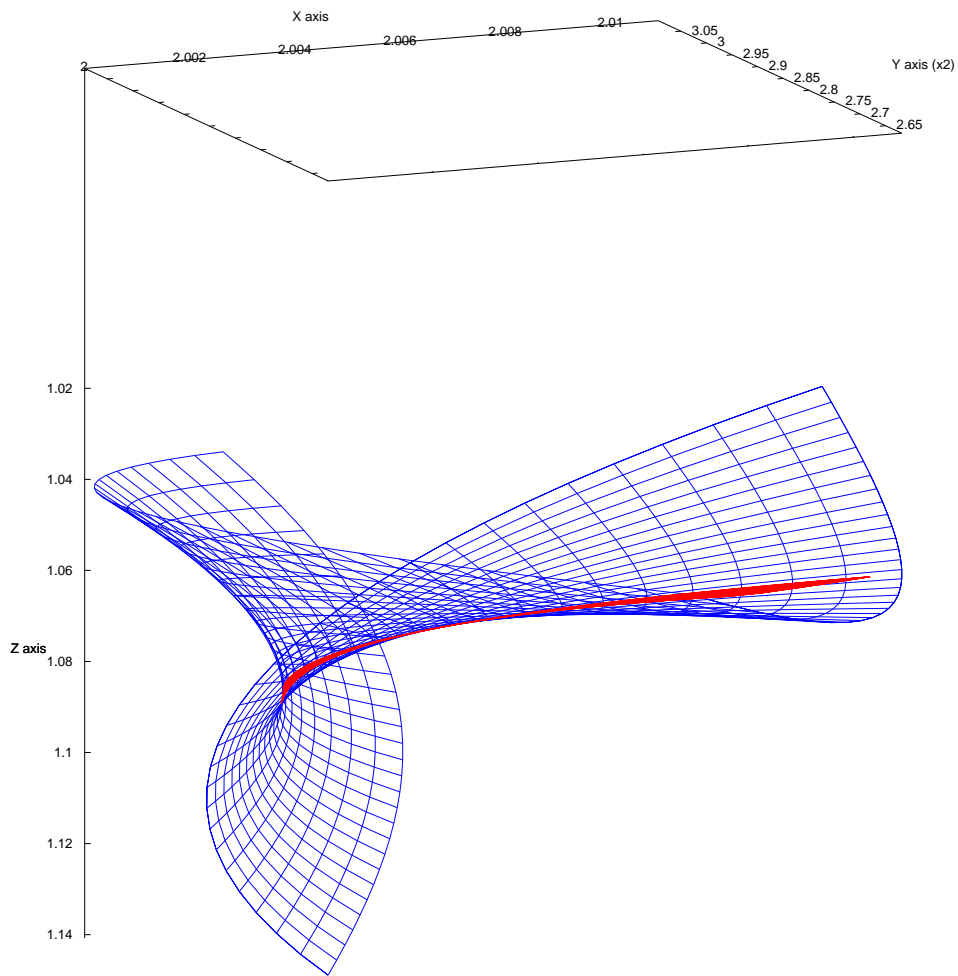


Figure 2.10.  $T_2$  with a positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(278, 337)



## **2.2 $L^\times(T_2)$ , $L^\oplus$ (the ice-cream cone diagram) and $3PT$**

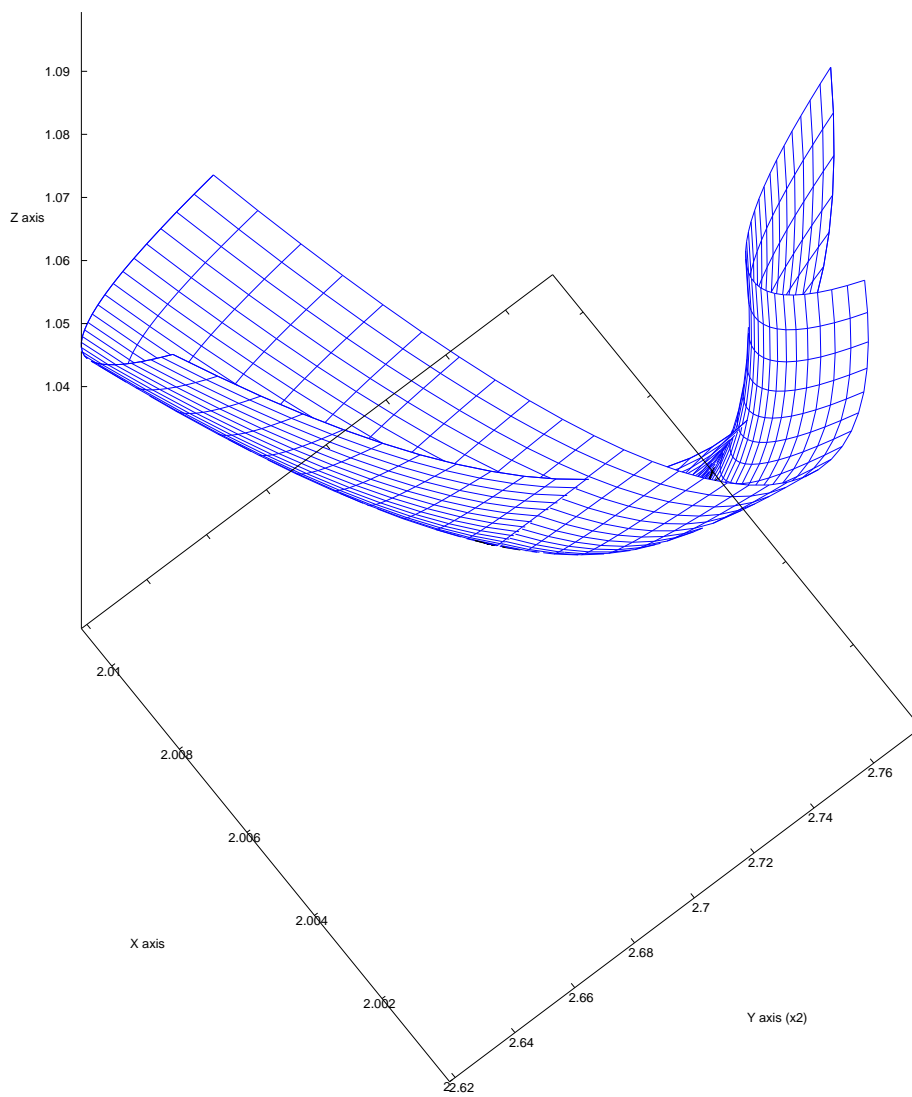


Figure 2.11.  $T_2$ ,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(133, 128)

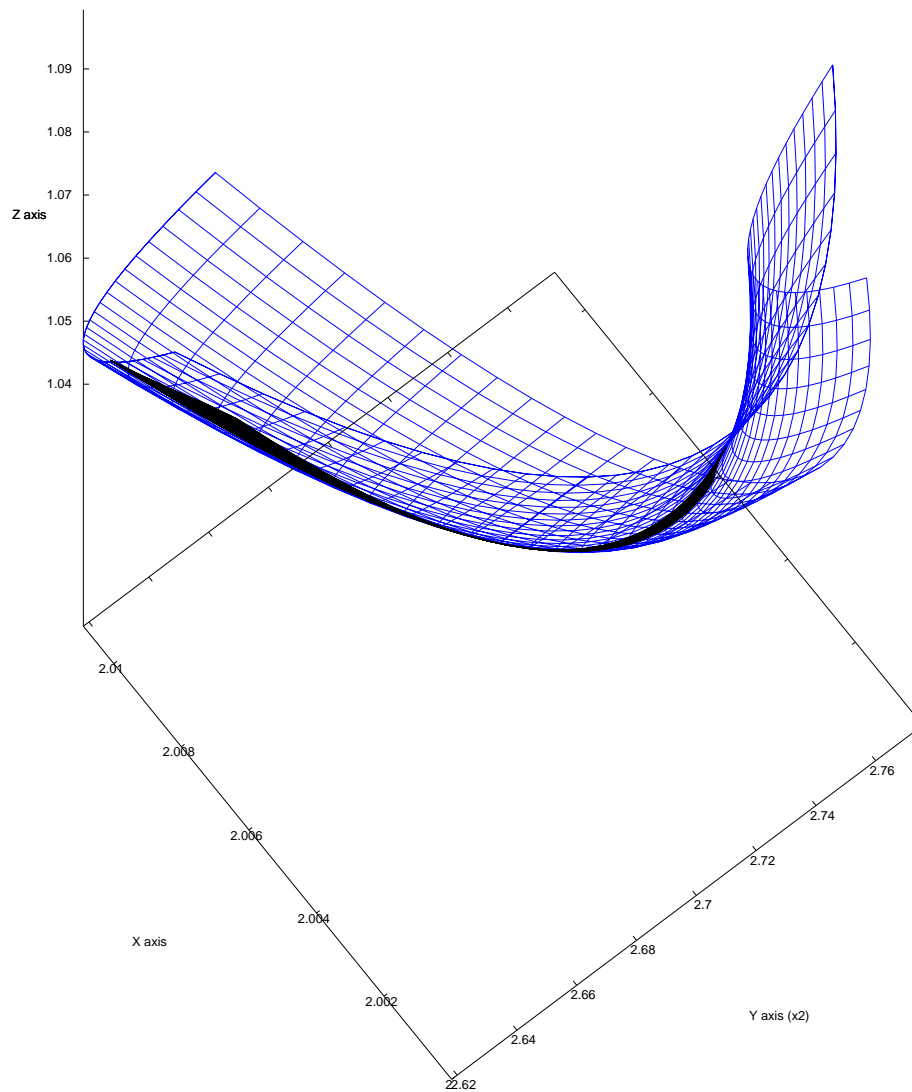


Figure 2.12.  $T_2$  and its positive part (black) with a transparent mode,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(133, 128)

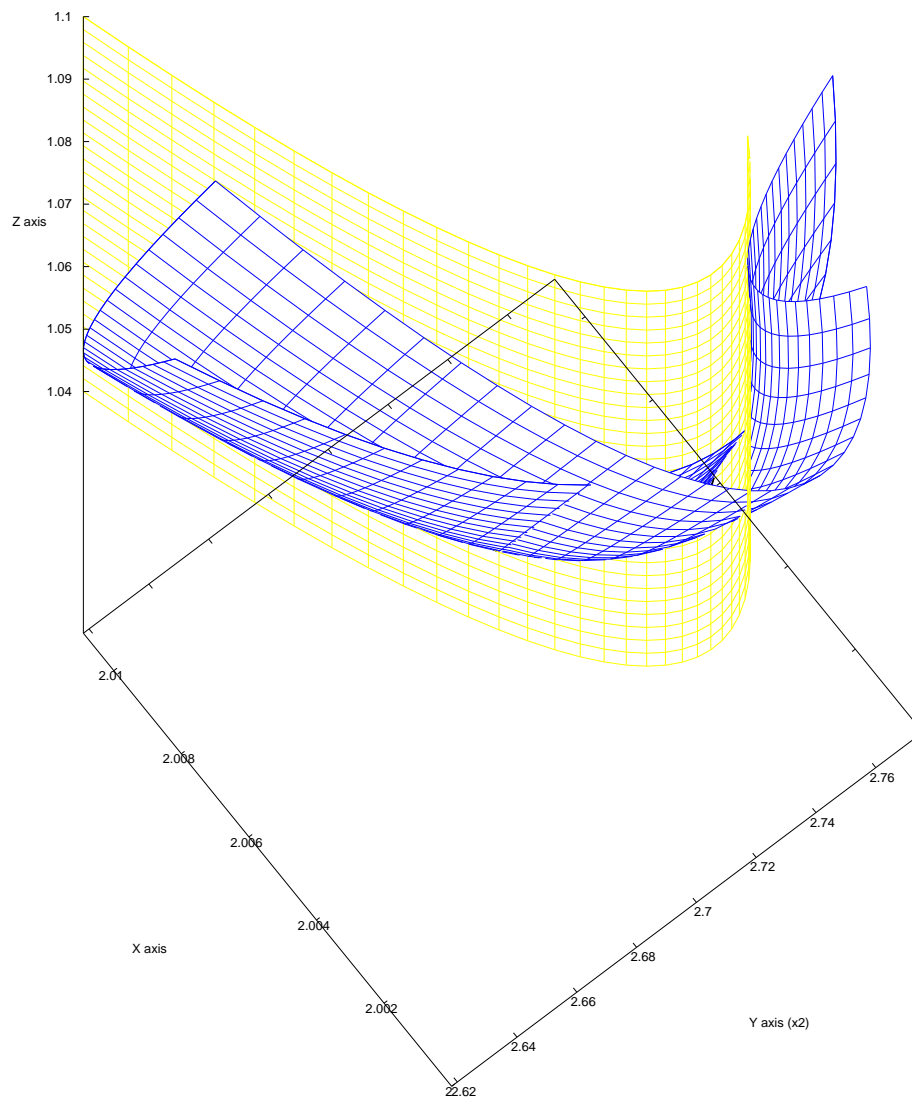


Figure 2.13.  $T_2$  (blue) and the ice-cream cone (yellow),  
 $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(133, 128)

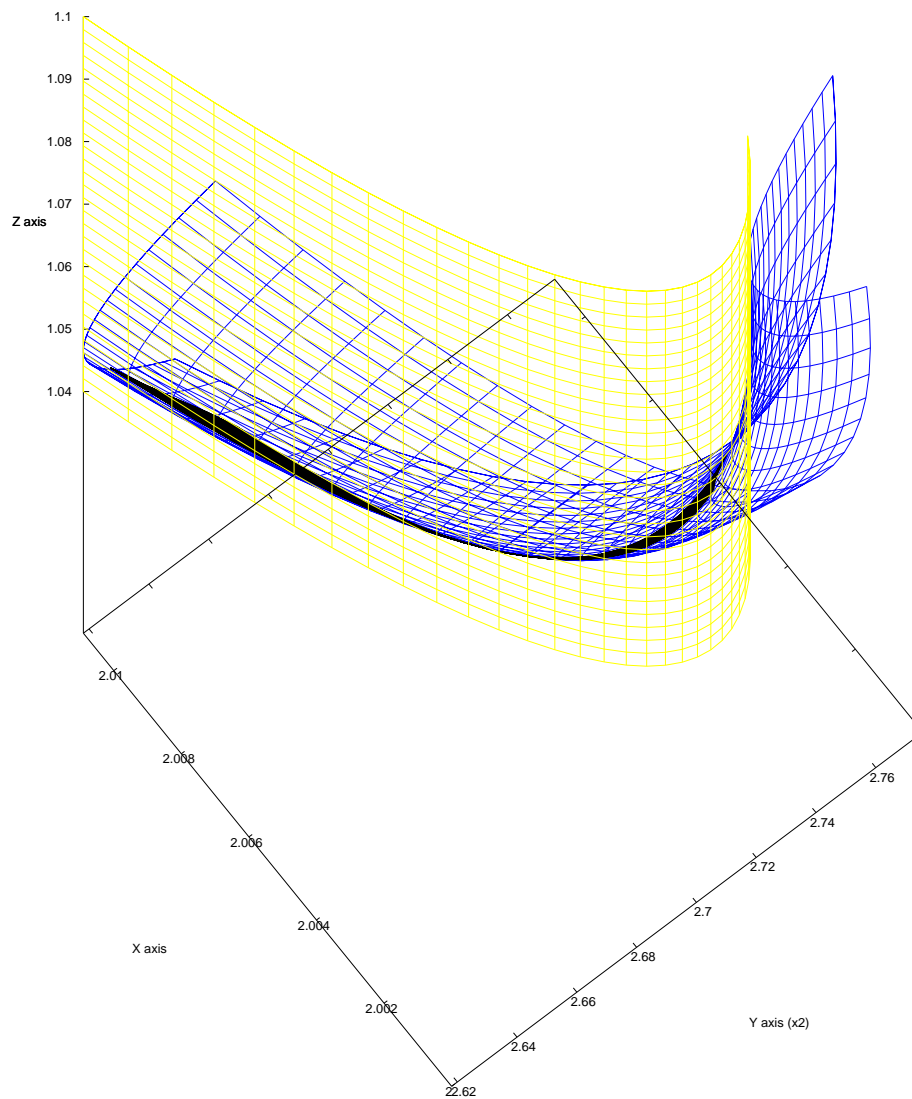


Figure 2.14.  $T_2$  (blue) and the ice-cream cone (yellow), a transparent mode,  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(133, 128)

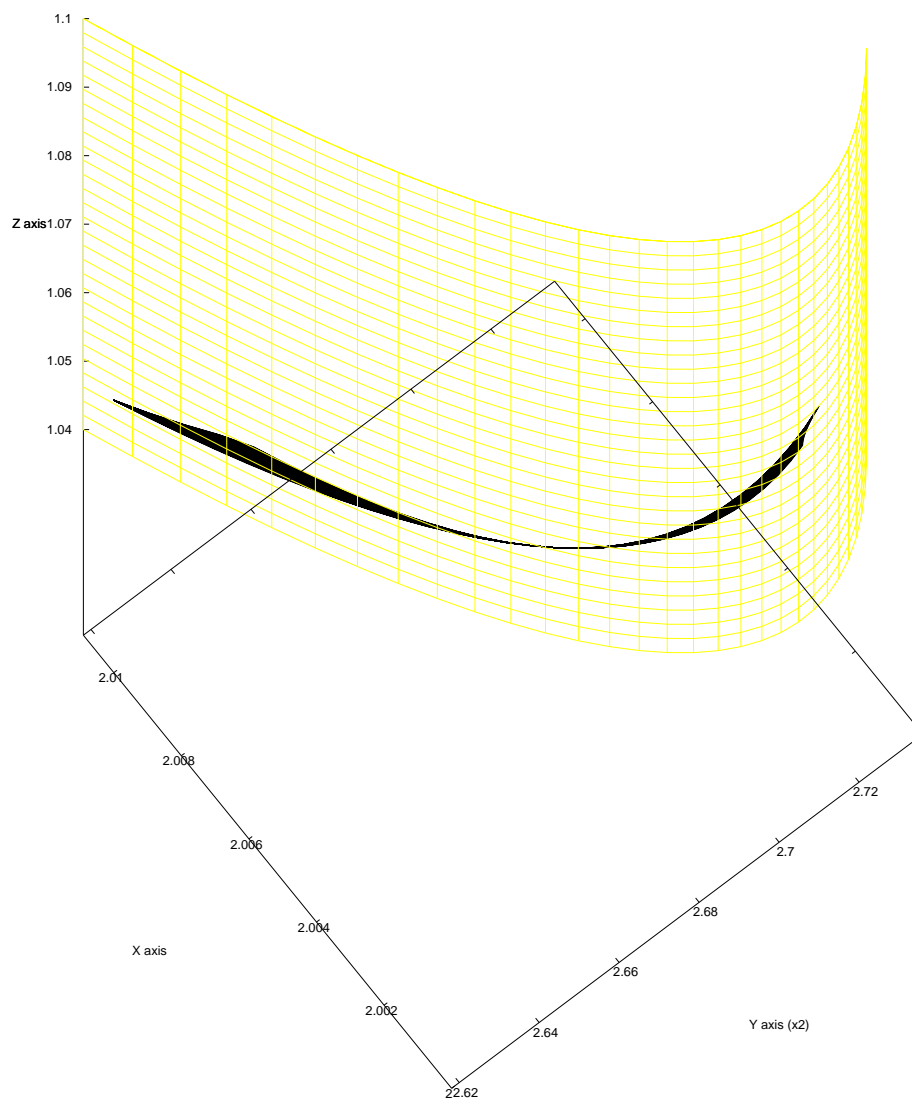


Figure 2.15. The positive part of  $T_2$  (black) and the ice-cream cone (yellow),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(133, 128)

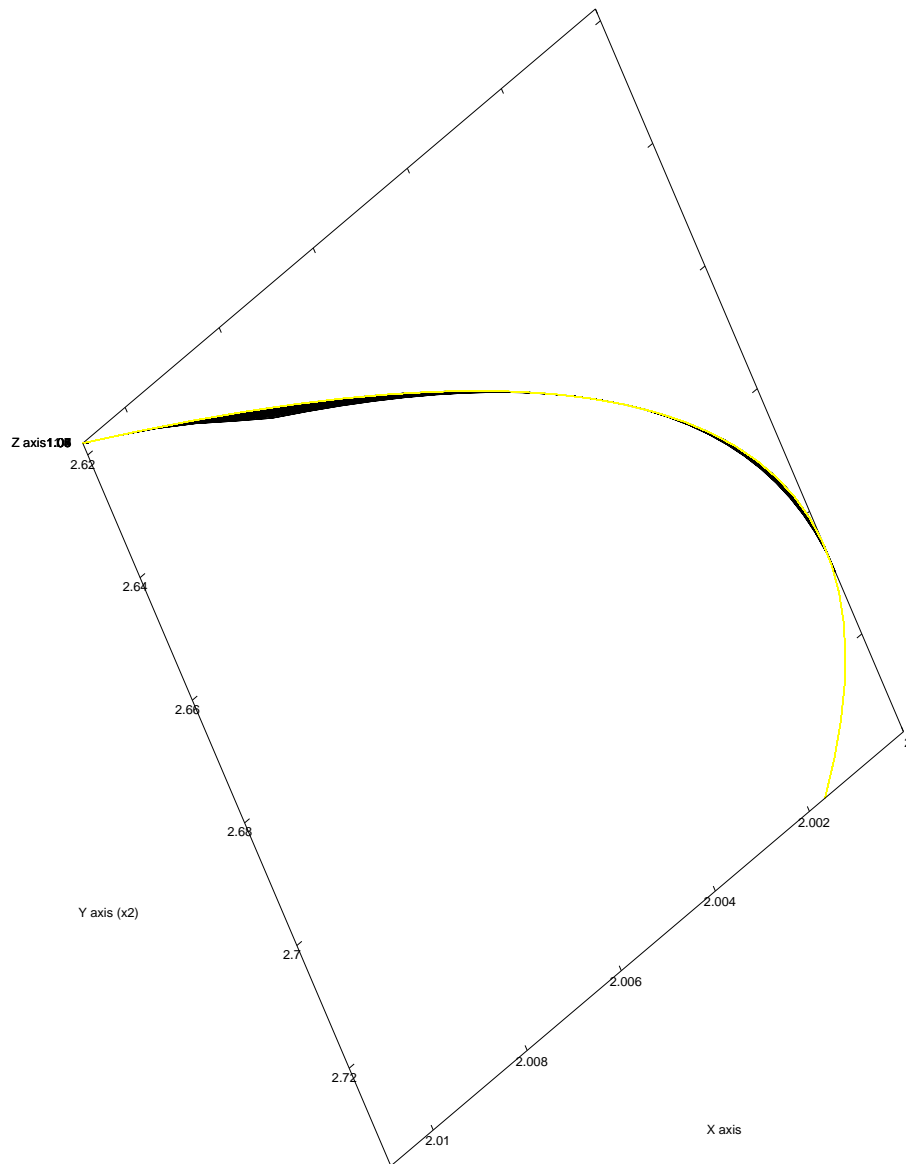


Figure 2.16. The positive part of  $T_2$  (black) and the ice-cream cone (yellow),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(0, 149)

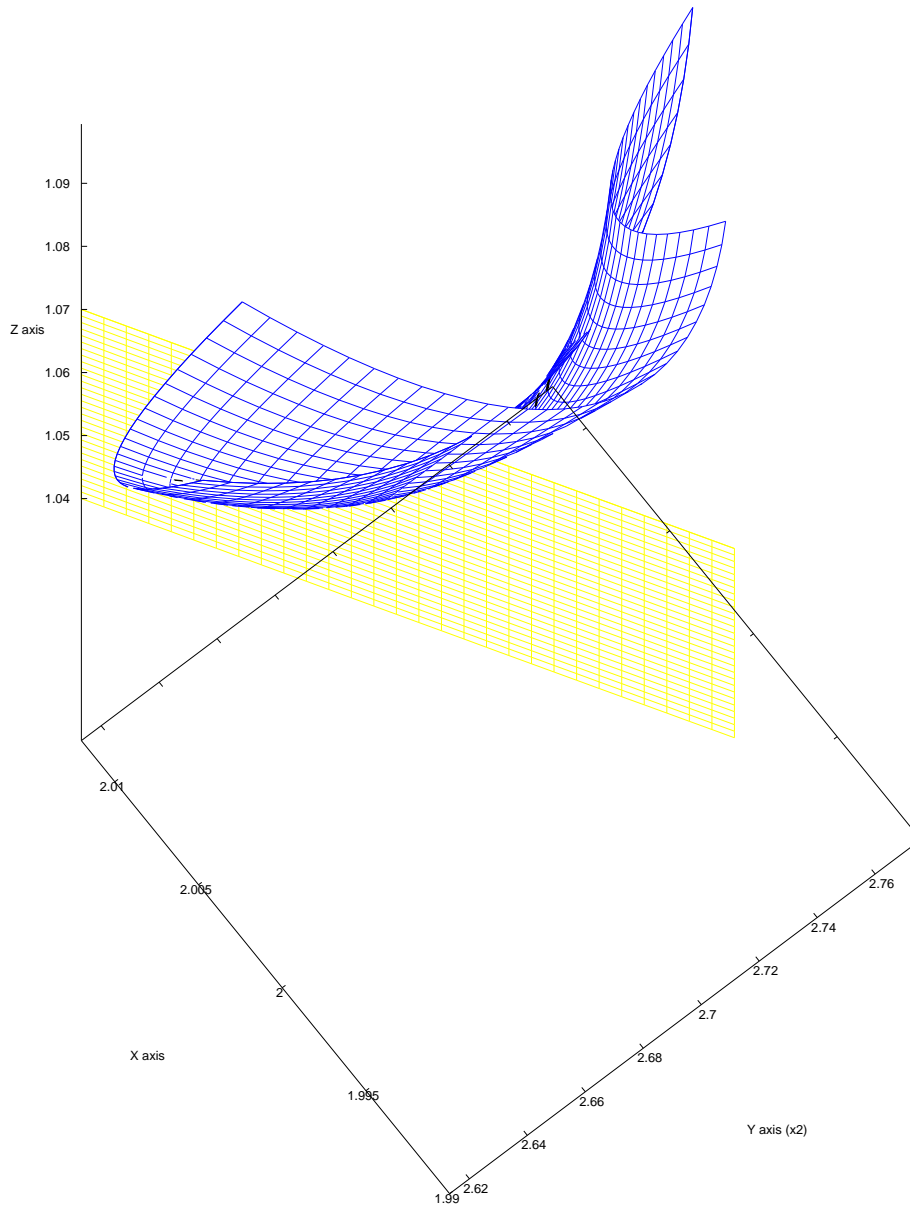


Figure 2.17.  $T_2$  (blue) and  $3PT$  (yellow),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(133, 128)



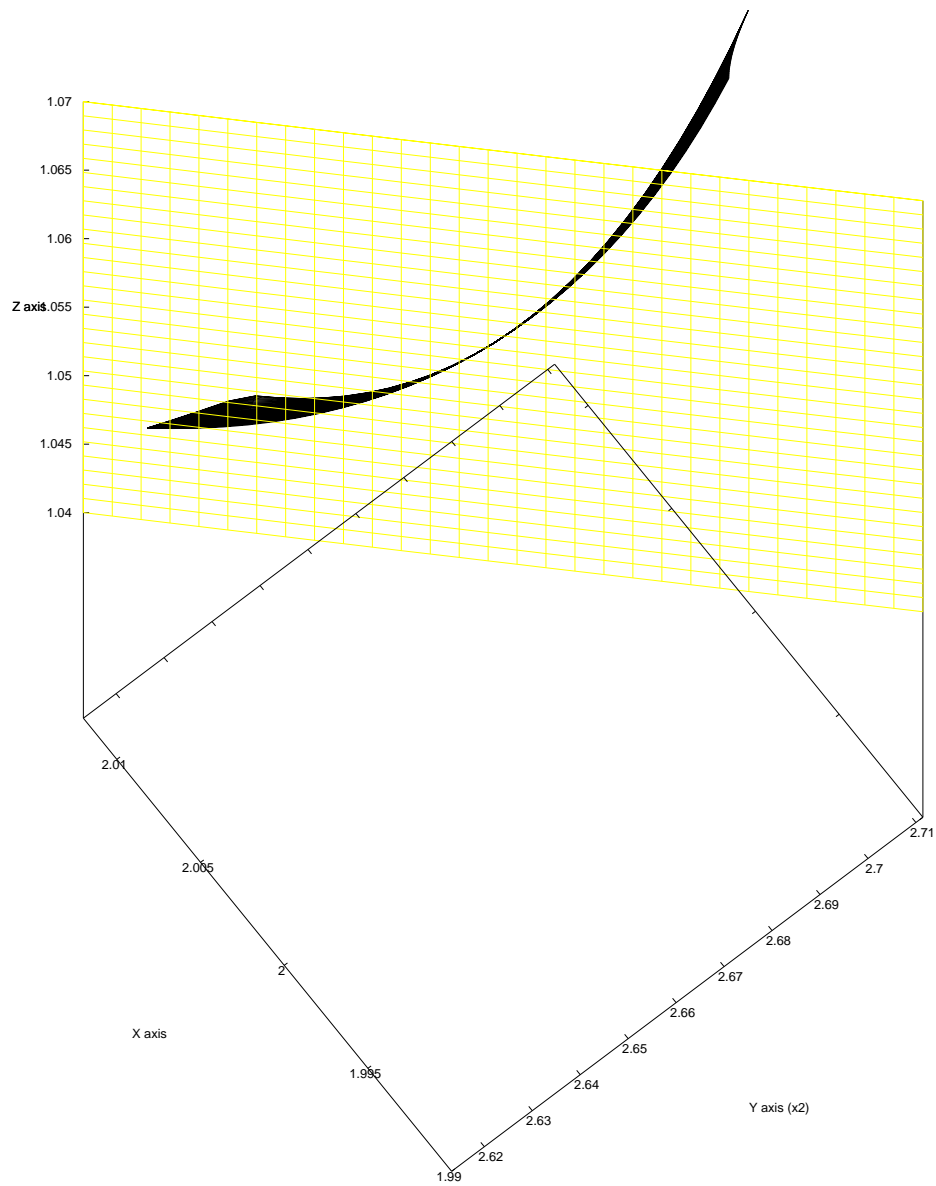


Figure 2.18. The positive part of  $T_2$  (black) and  $3PT$  (yellow),  
 $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(133, 128)

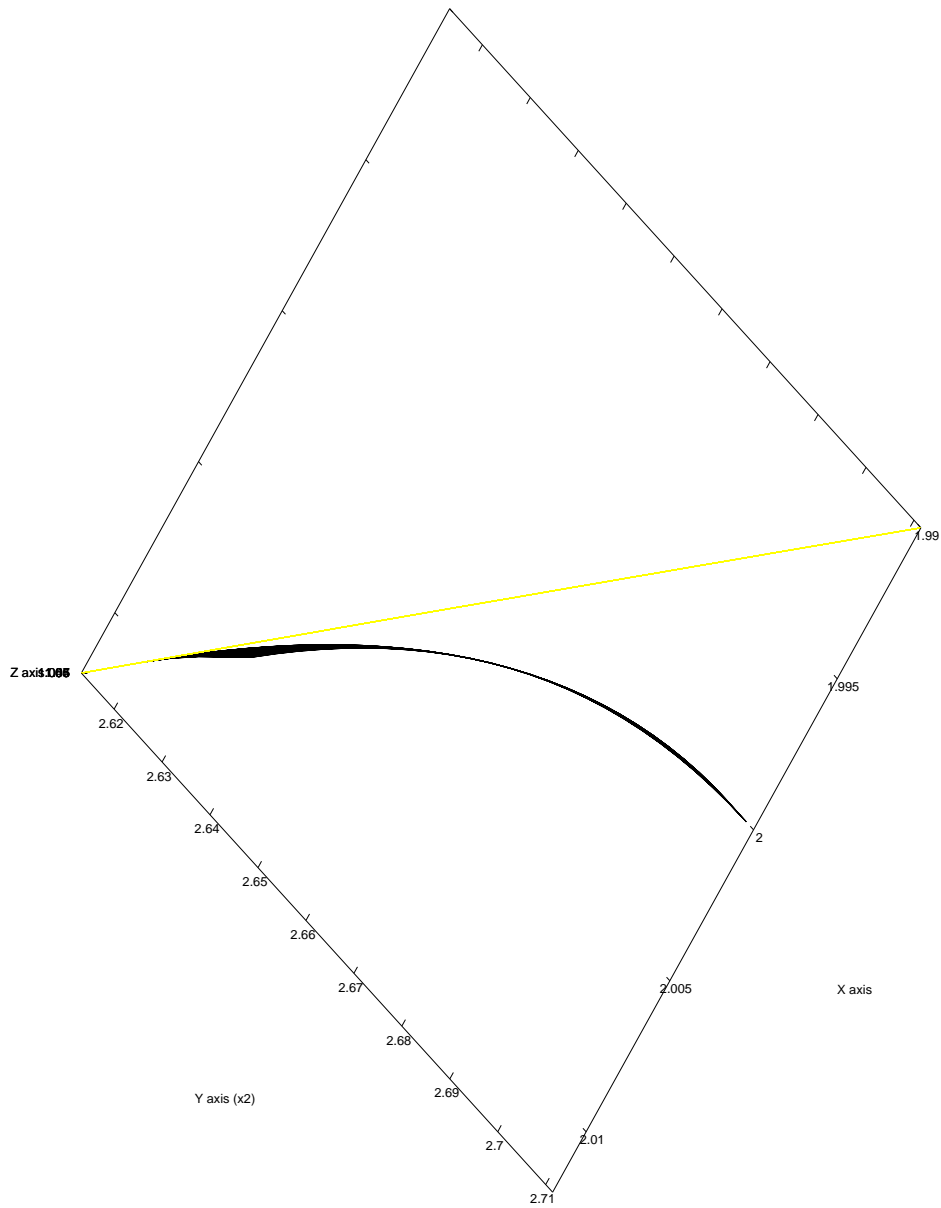


Figure 2.19. The positive part of  $T_2$  (black) and  $3PT$  (yellow),  $(a, b) = (0.7, 0.95)$ , view(0, 128)

### **3.1 $L^\times(T_3)$ and $L^\oplus(T_3)$**

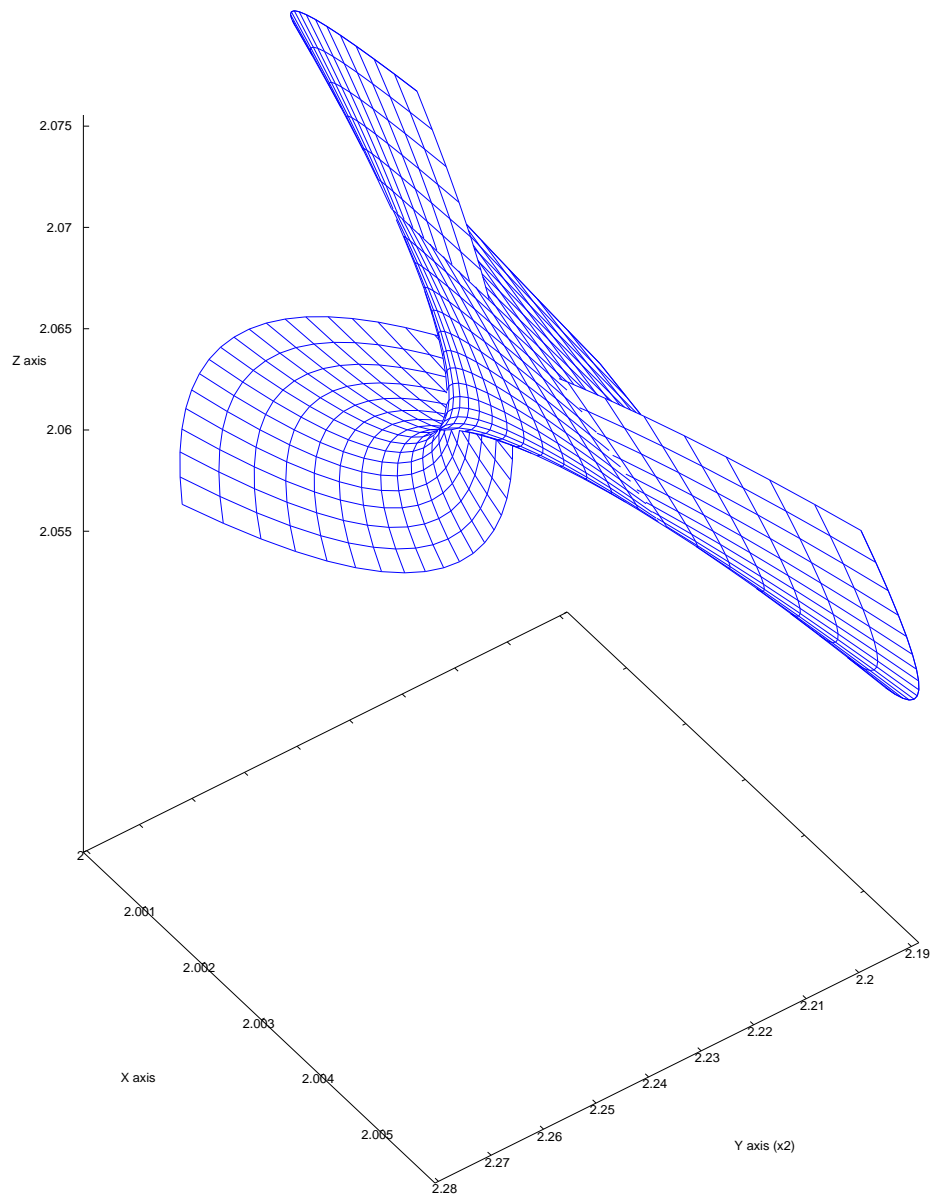


Figure 3.1.  $T_3$ ,  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(119, 306)

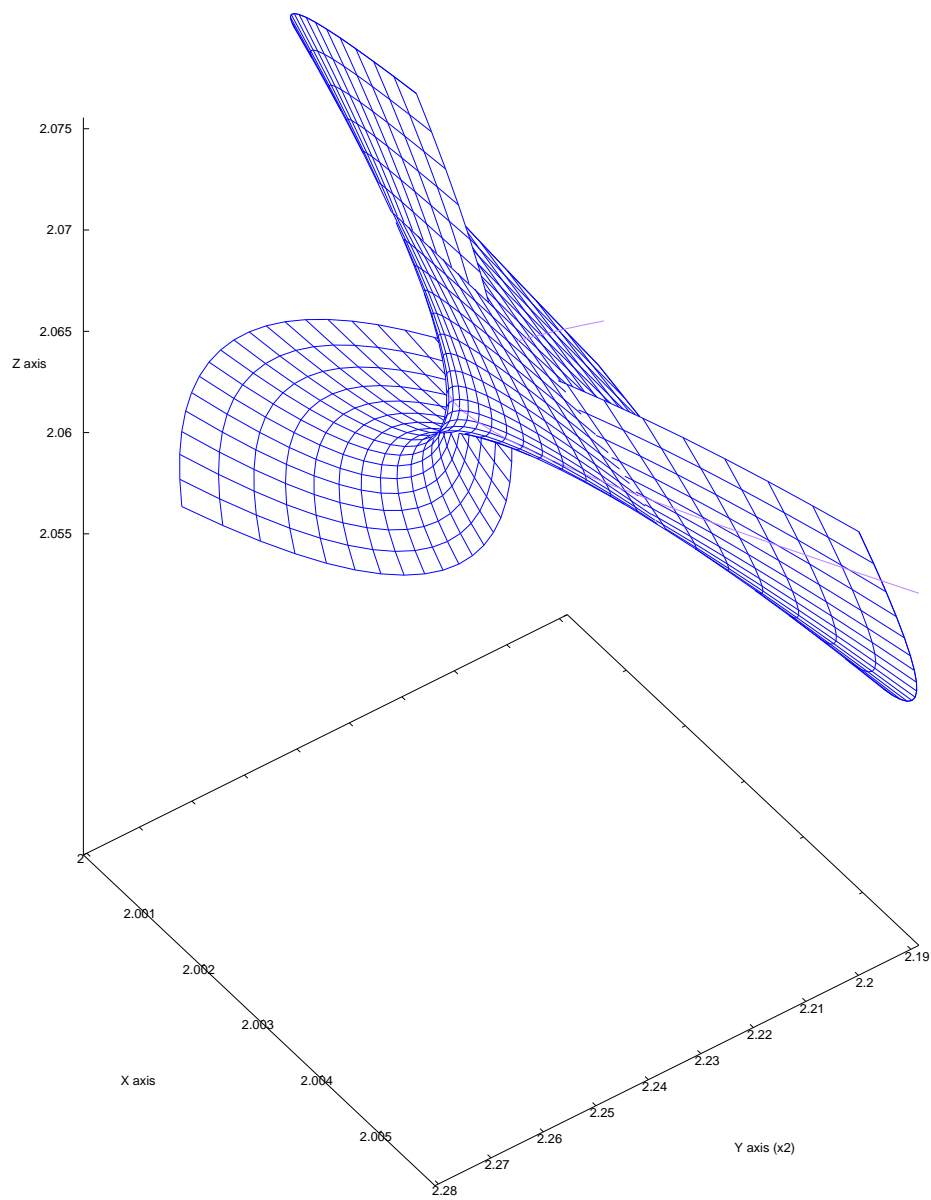


Figure 3.2.  $T_3$  (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  
 $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(119, 306)

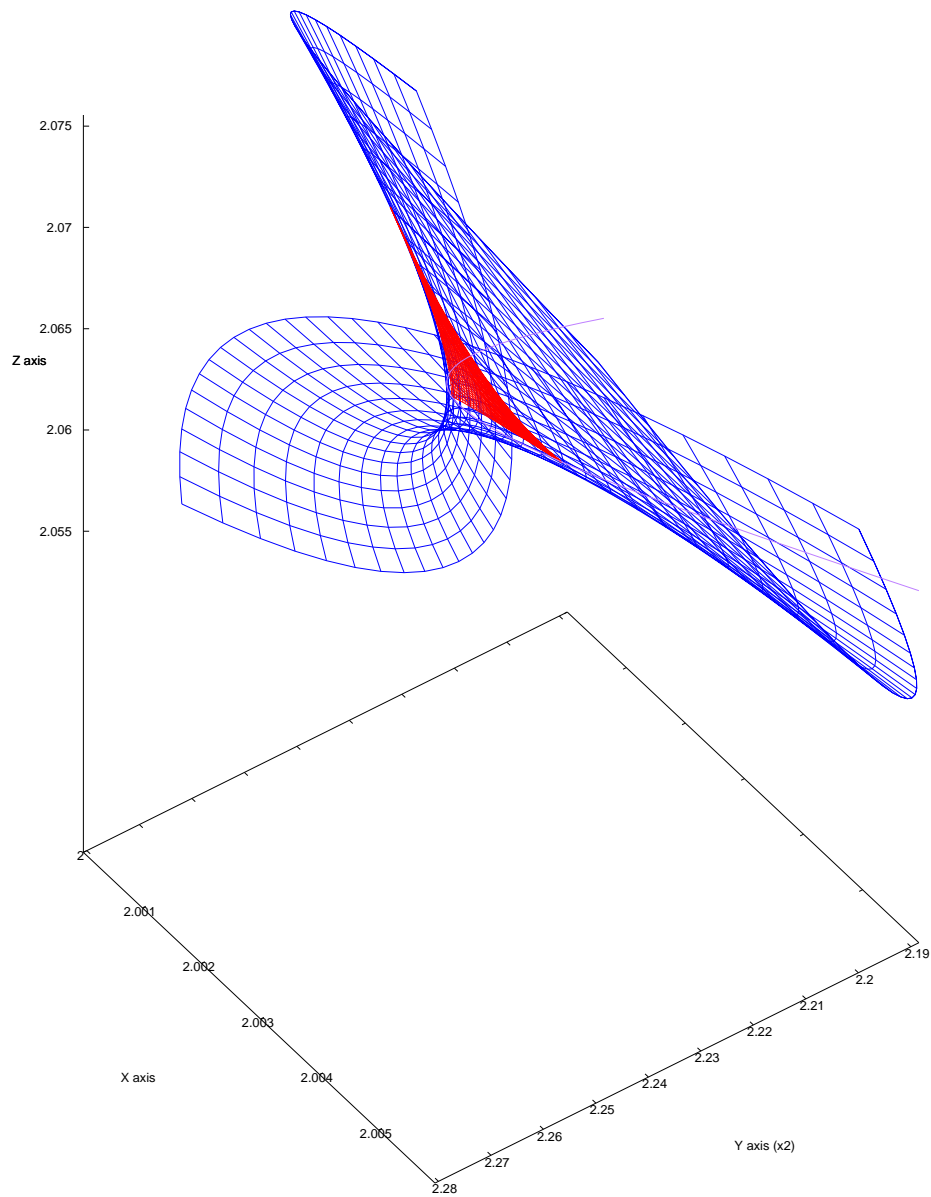


Figure 3.3.  $T_3$  (blue) and its positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(119, 306)

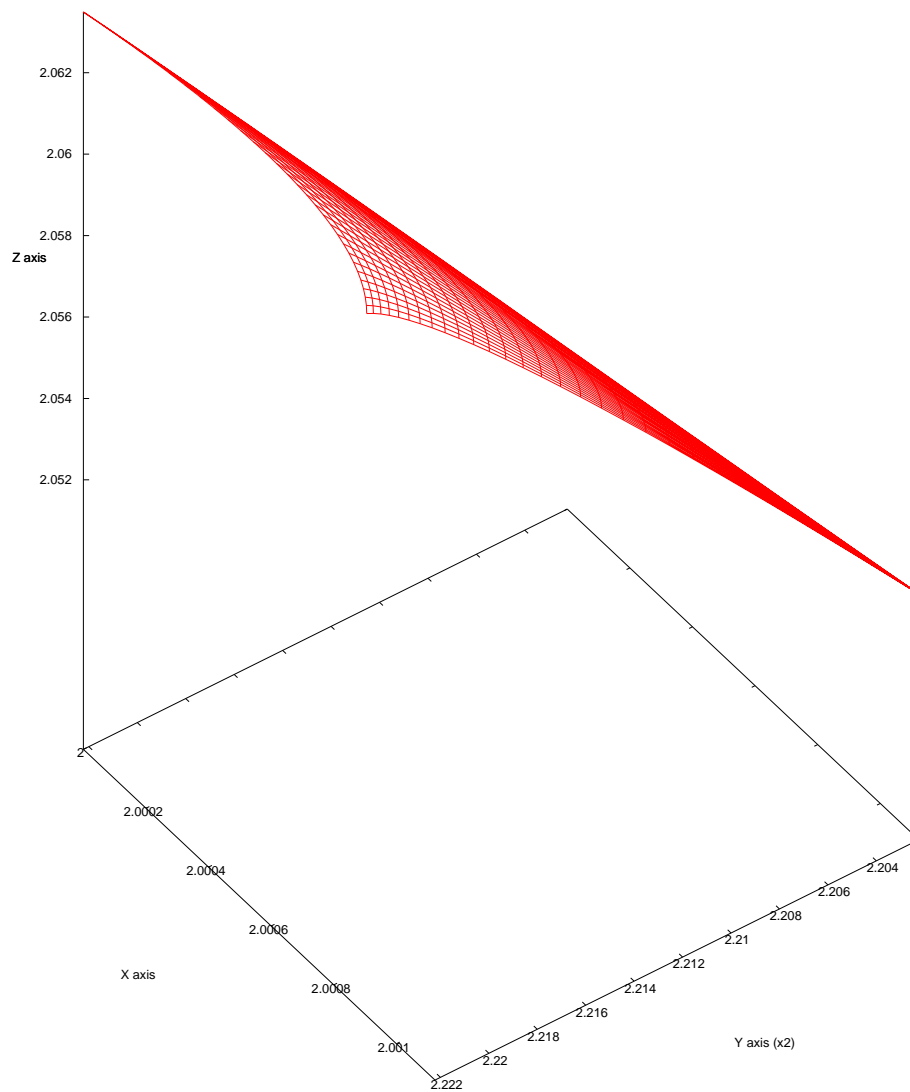


Figure 3.4. The positive part of  $T_3$  (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(119, 306)

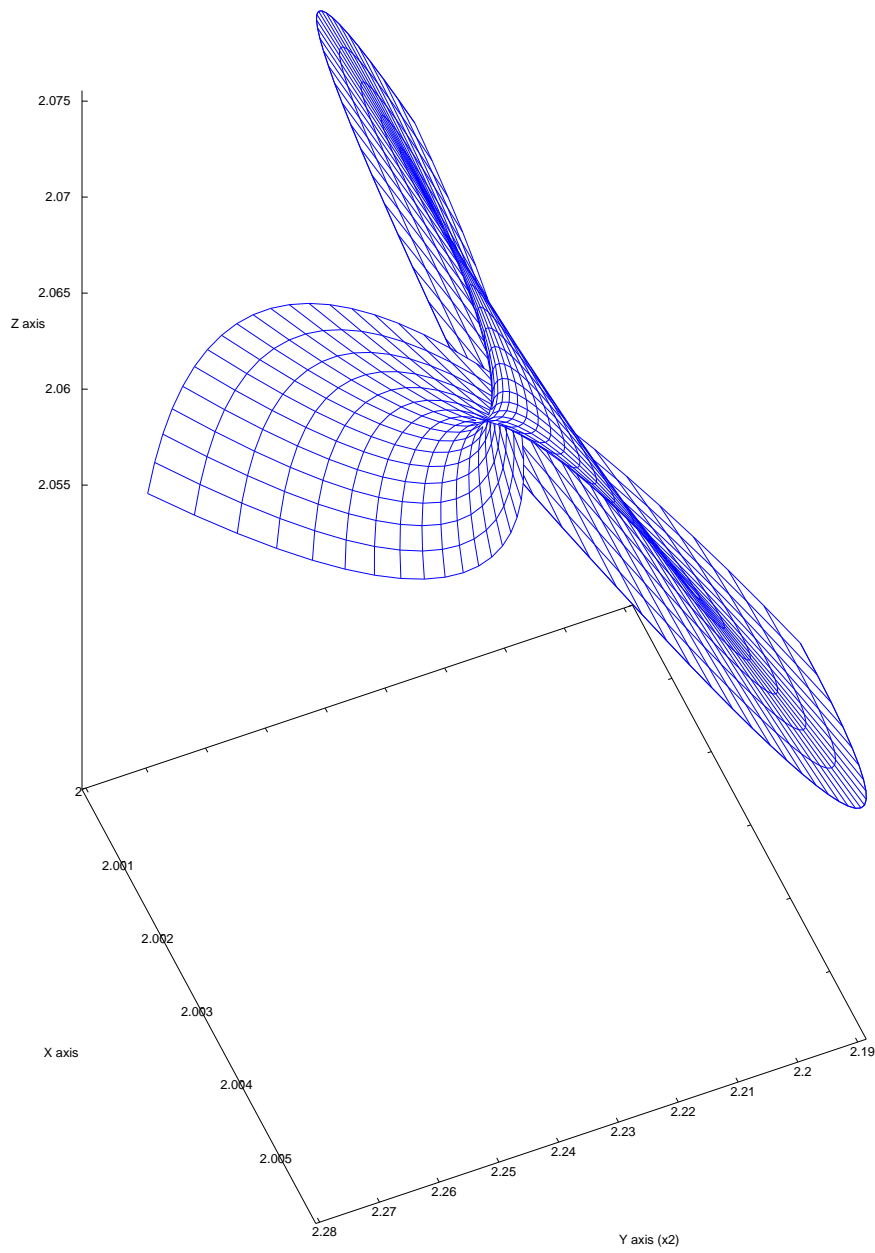


Figure 3.5.  $T_3$ ,  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(124, 293)



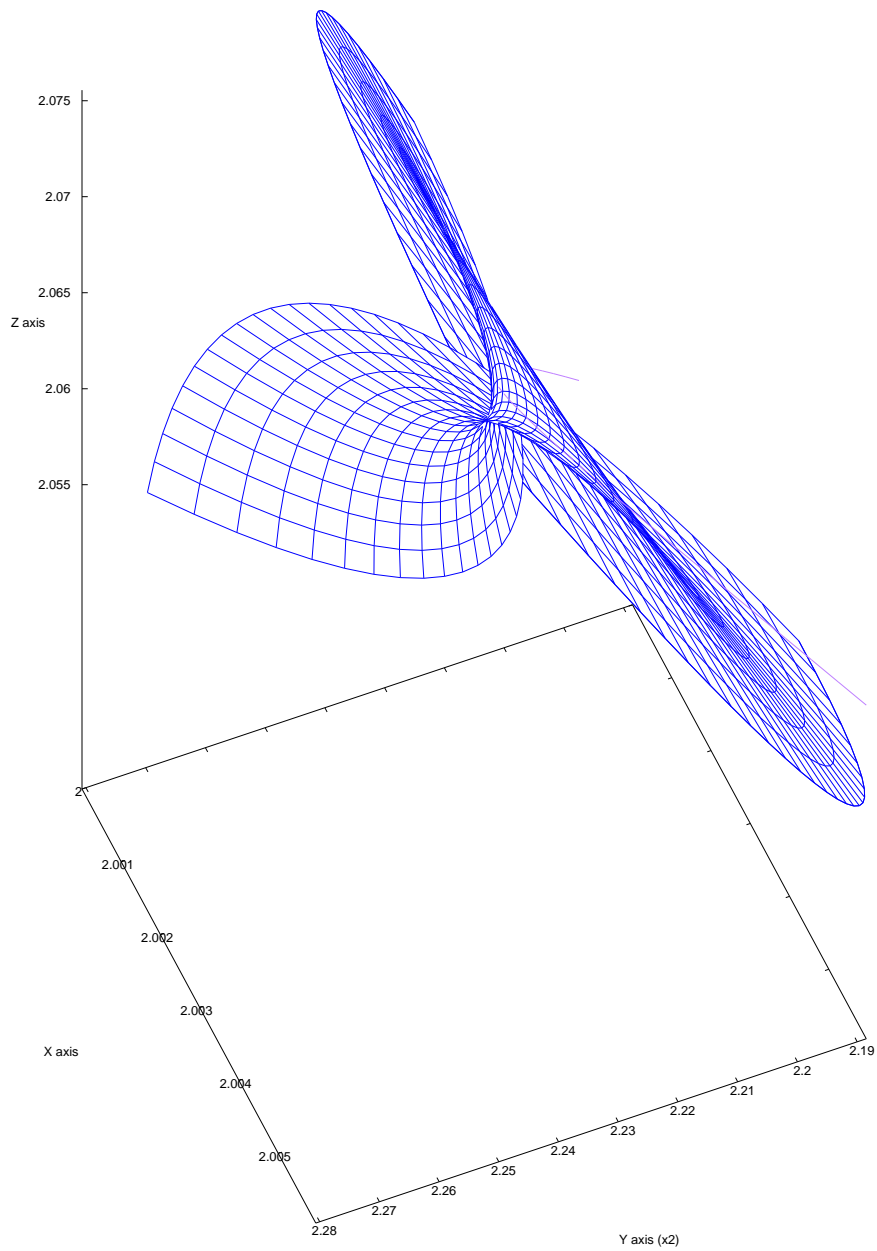


Figure 3.6.  $T_3$  (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  
 $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(124, 293)

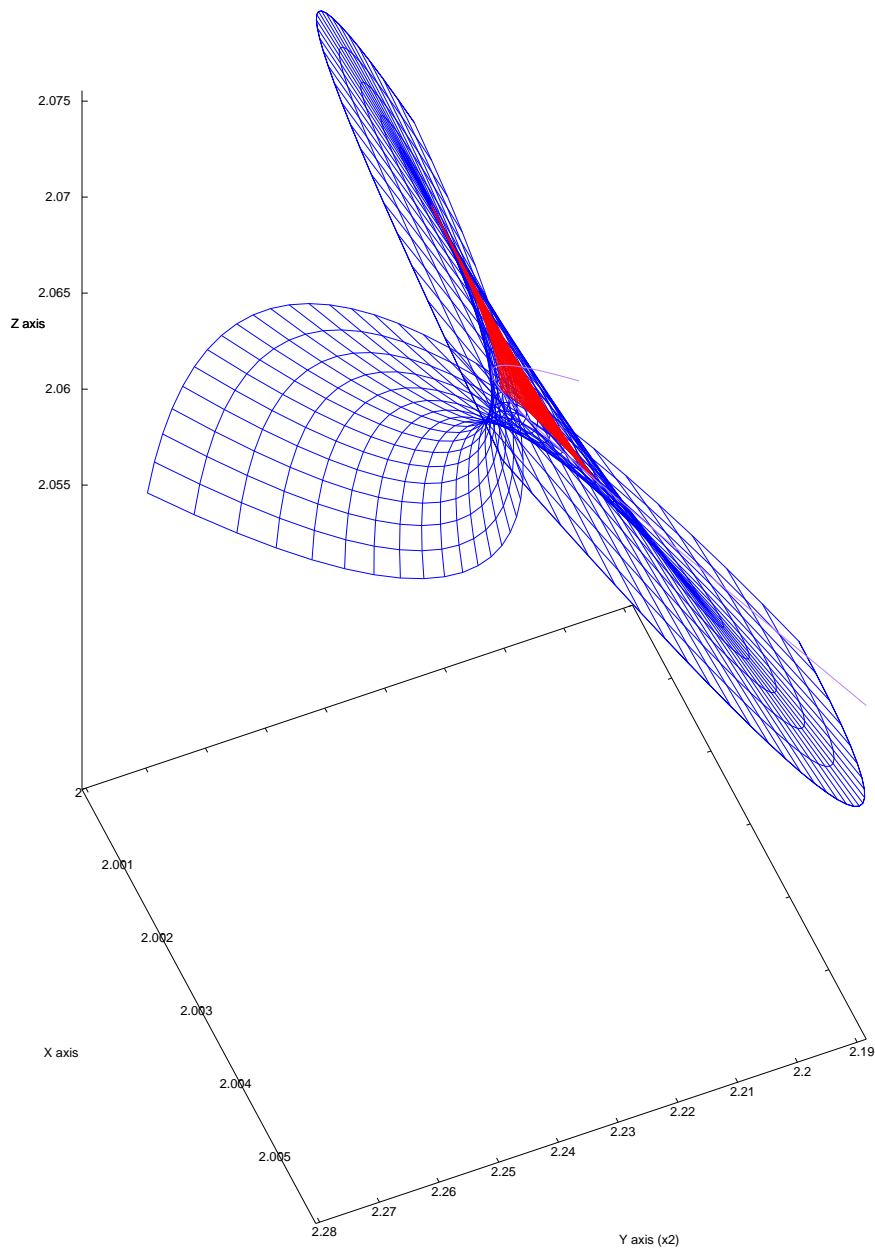


Figure 3.7.  $T_3$  (blue) and its positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(124, 293)

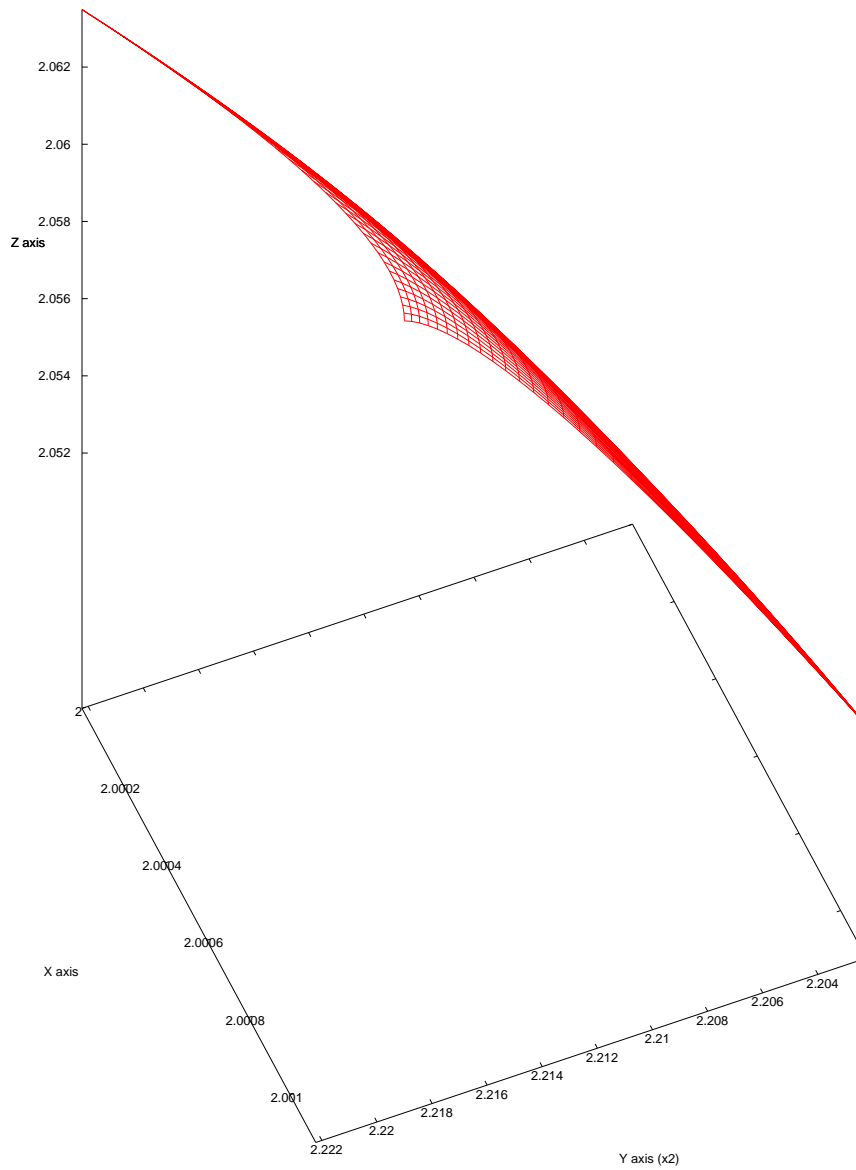


Figure 3.8. The positive part of  $T_3$  (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(124, 293)

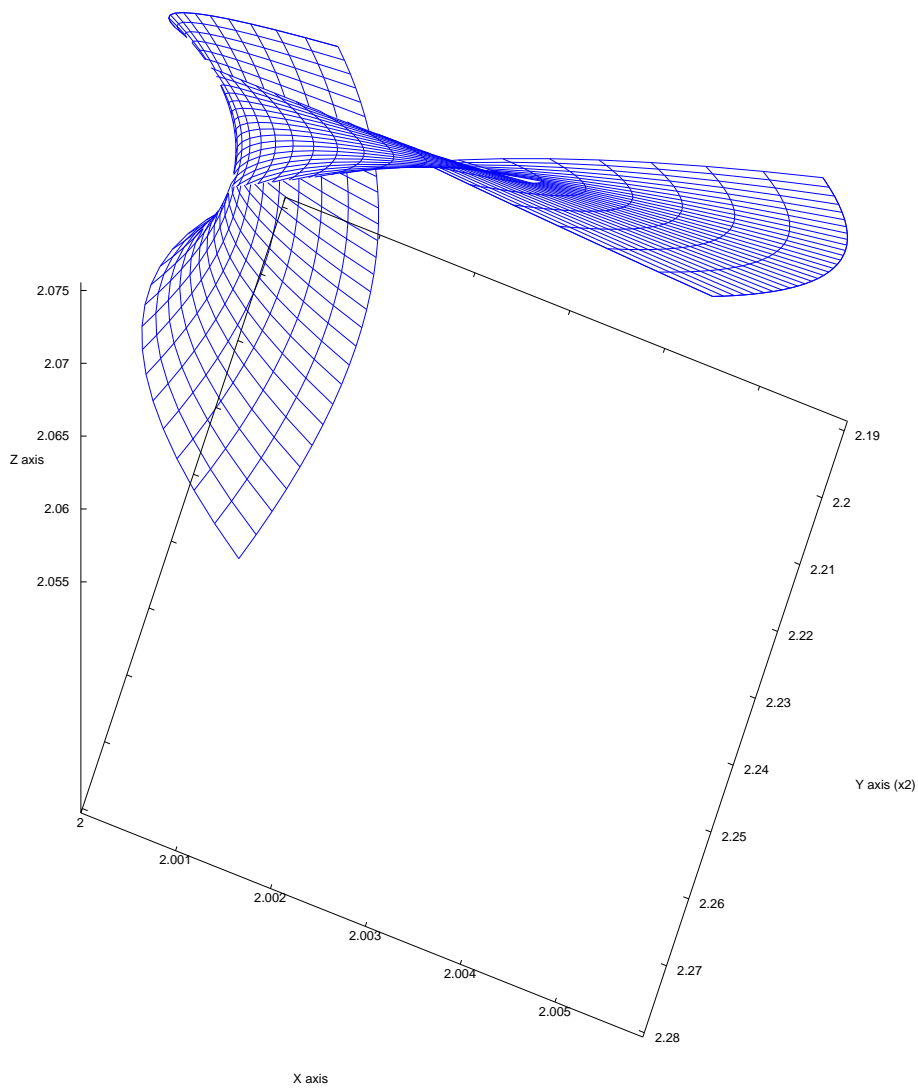


Figure 3.9.  $T_3$ ,  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(141, 340)

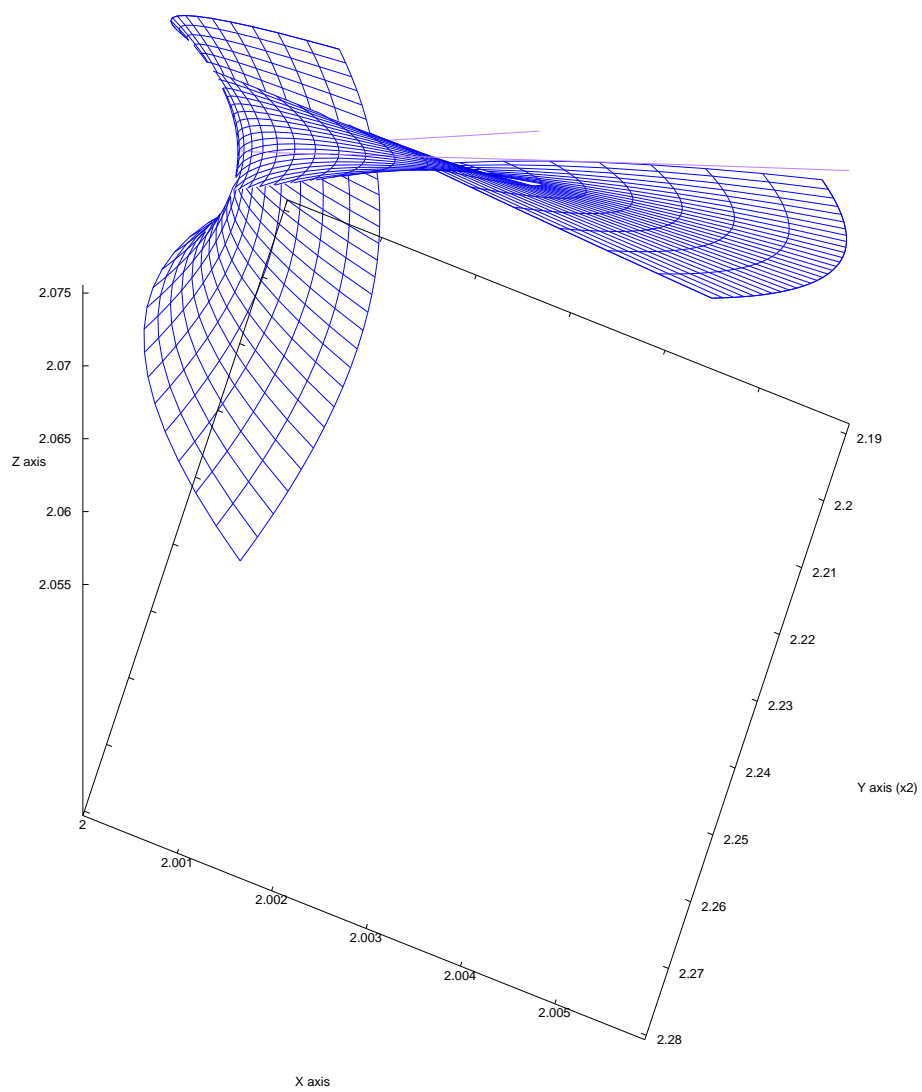


Figure 3.10.  $T_3$  (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  
 $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(141, 340)

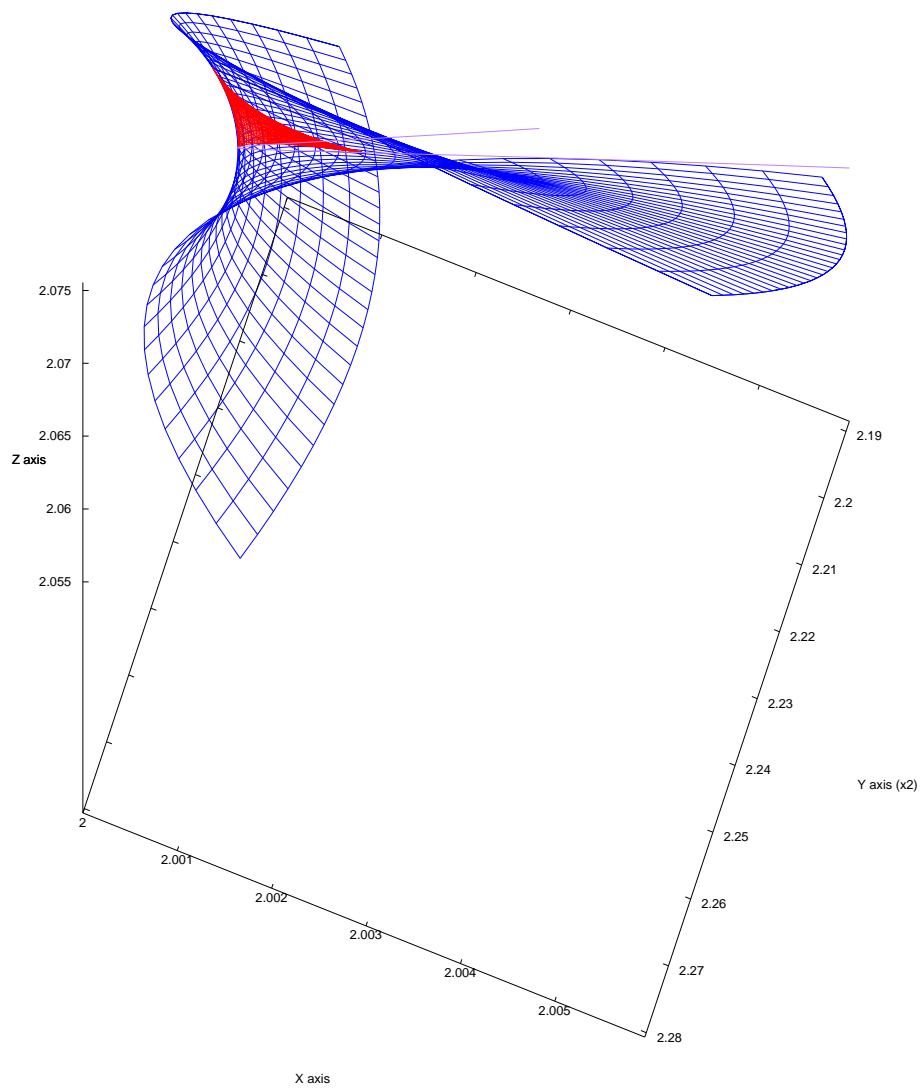


Figure 3.11.  $T_3$  (blue) and its positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(141, 340)

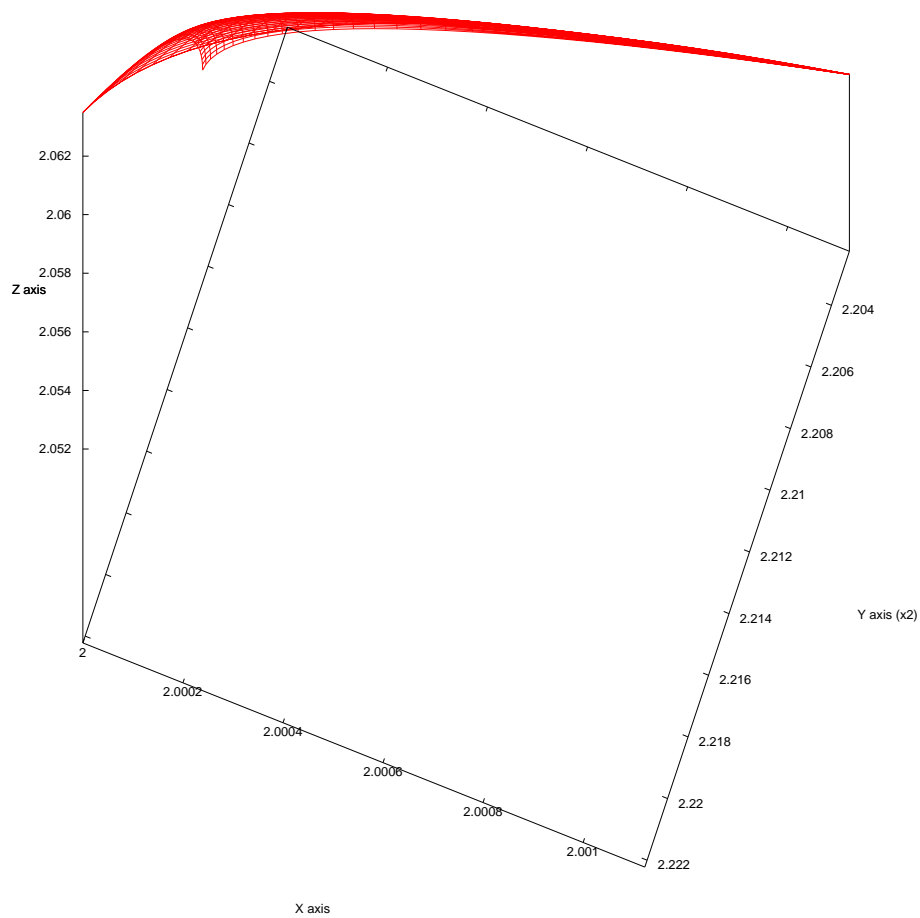


Figure 3.12. The positive part of  $T_3$  (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(141, 340)

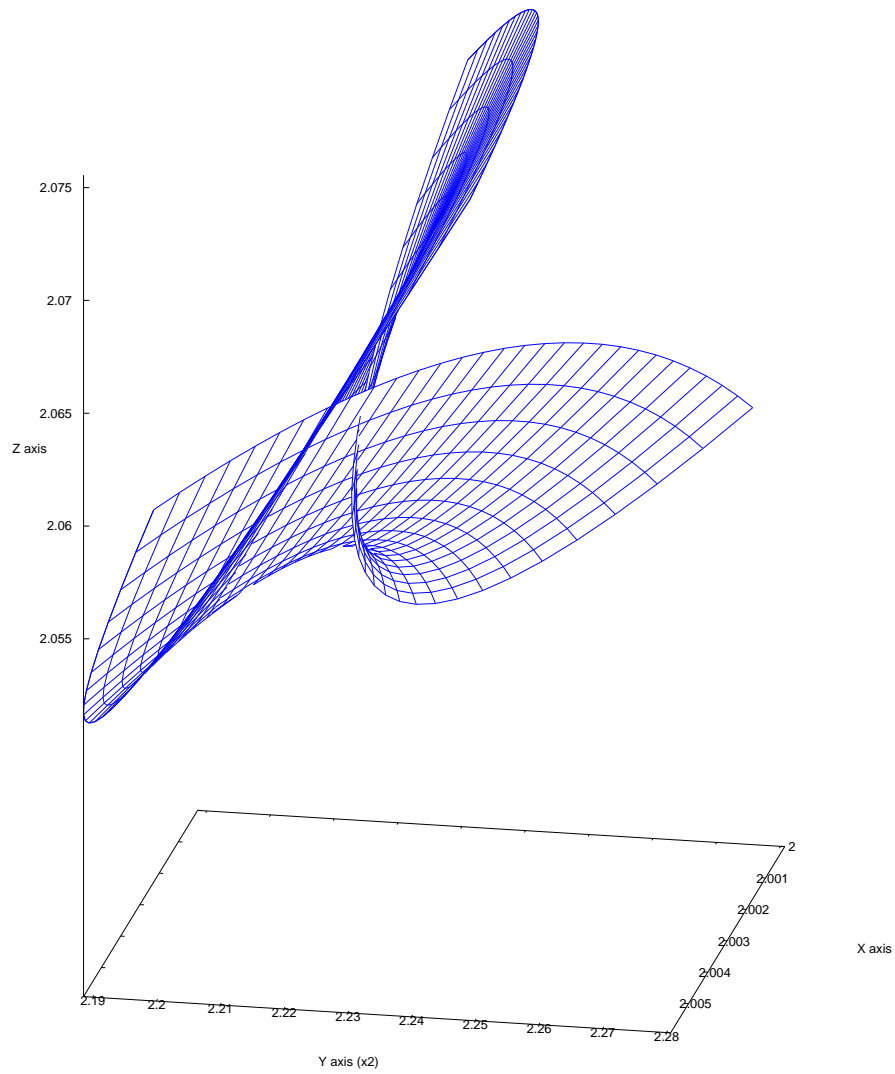


Figure 3.13.  $T_3$ ,  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(77, 101)



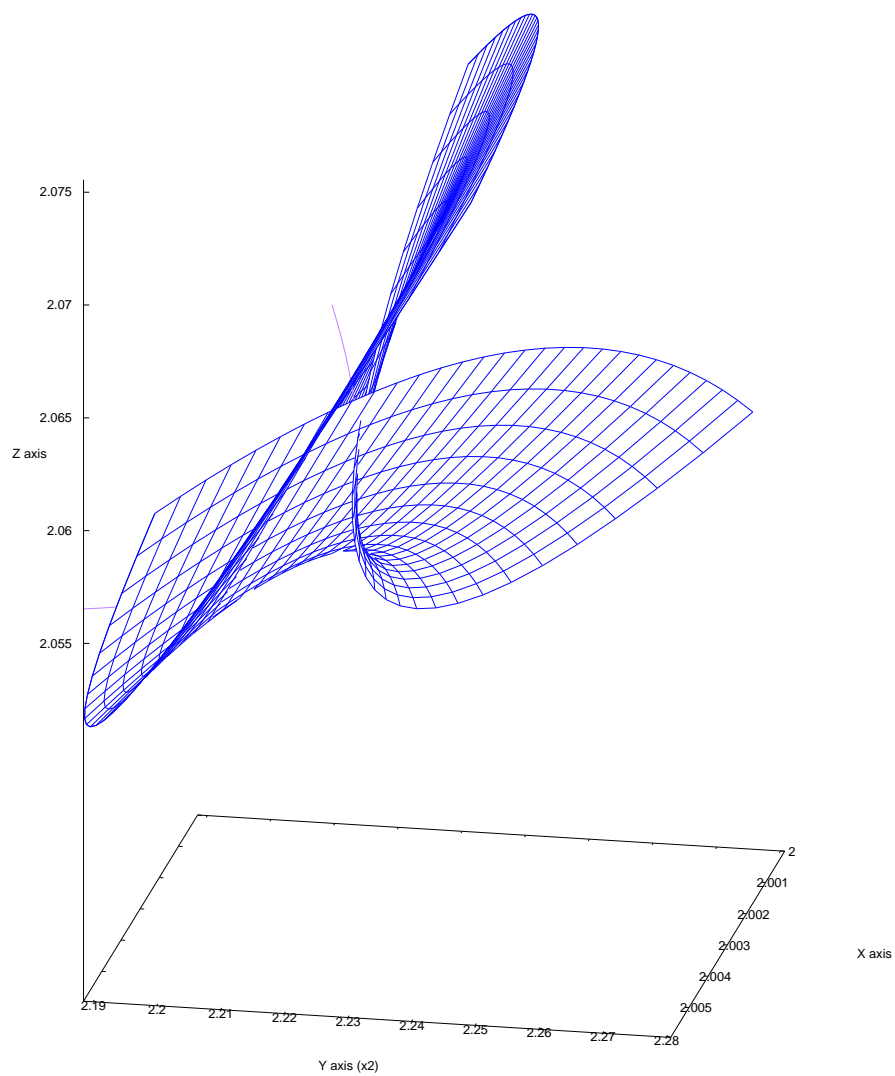


Figure 3.14.  $T_3$  (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  
 $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(77, 101)

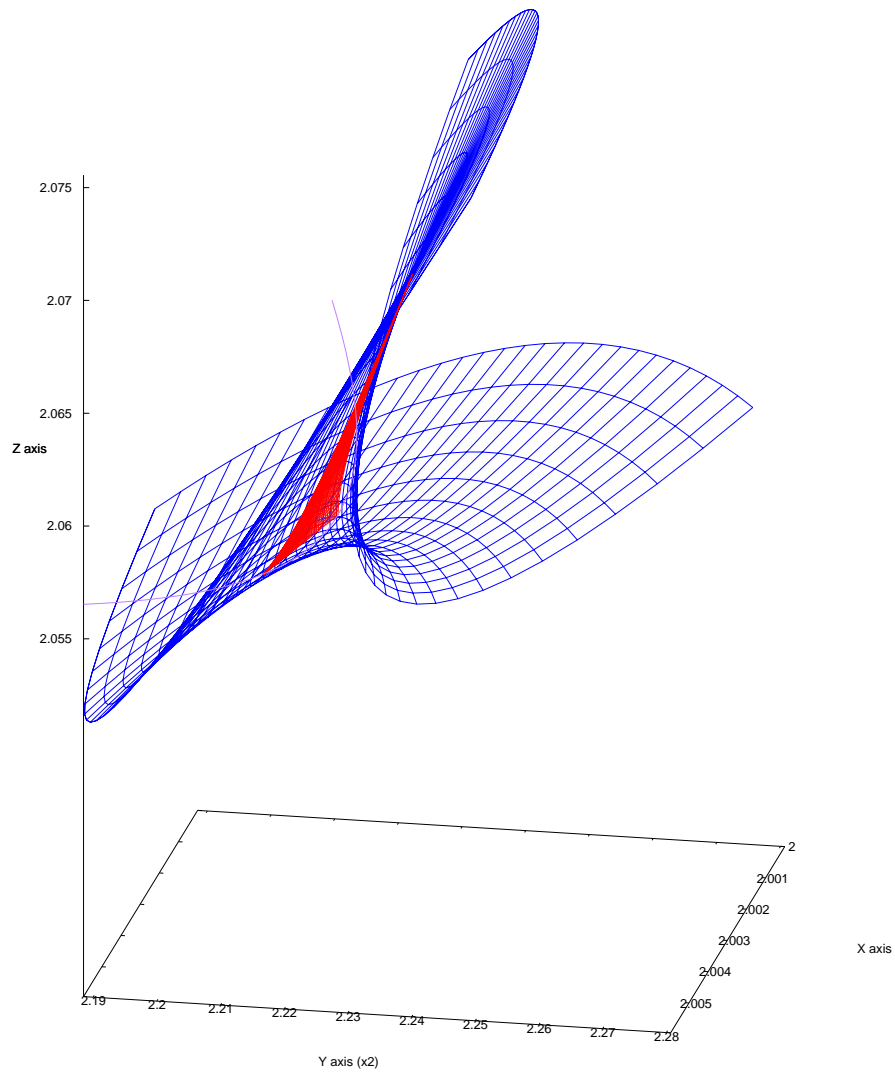


Figure 3.15.  $T_3$  (blue) and its positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(77, 101)

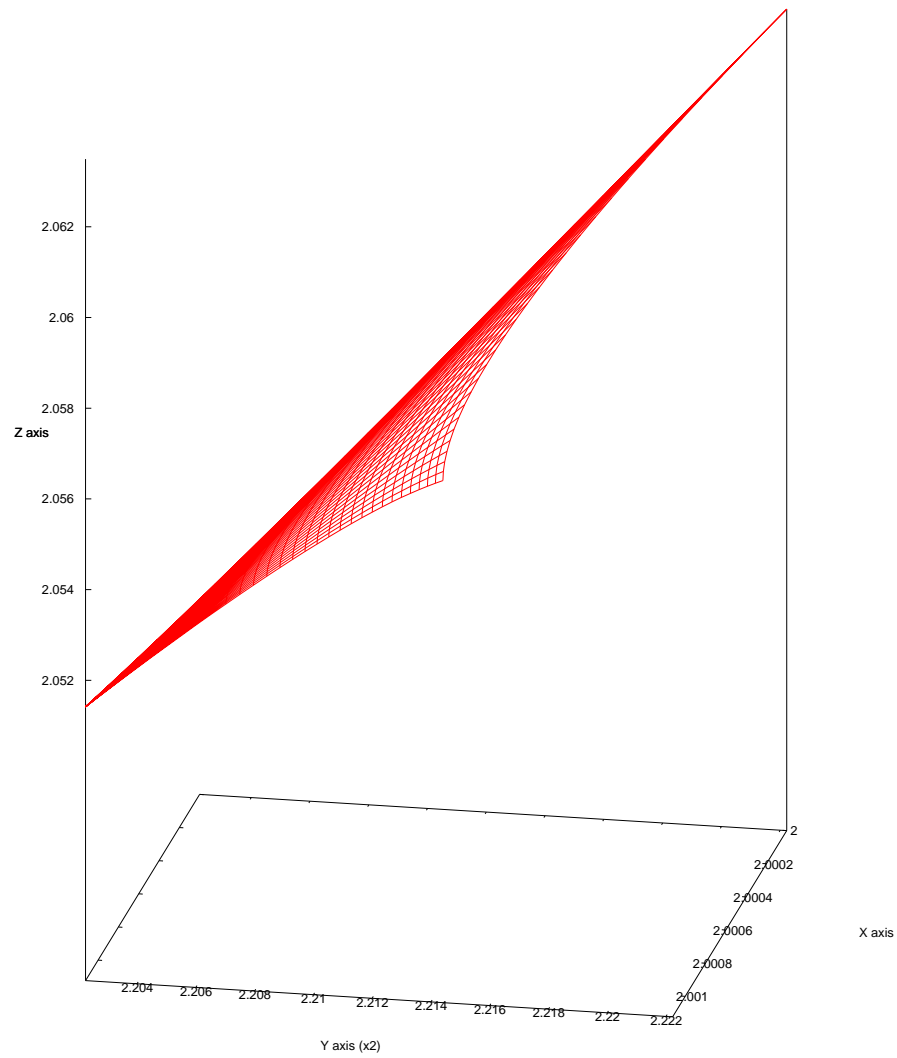


Figure 3.16. The positive part of  $T_3$  (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(77, 101)

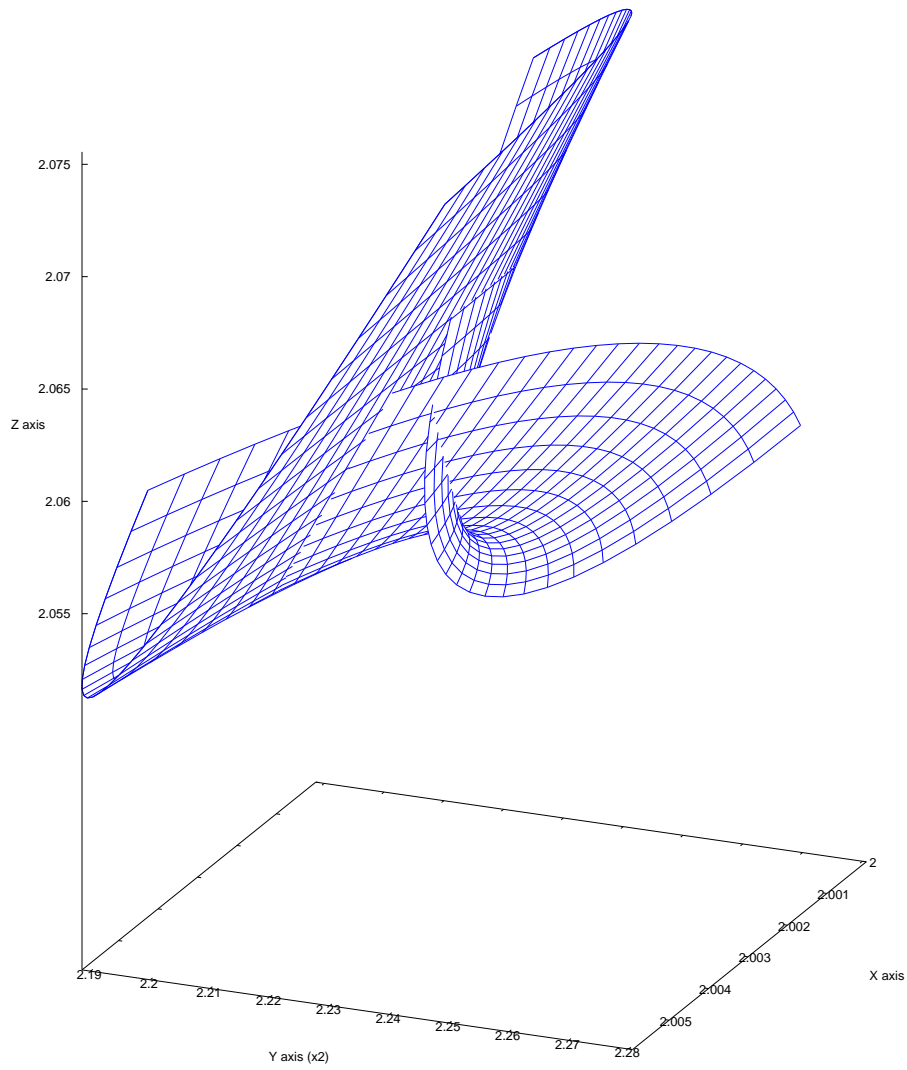


Figure 3.17.  $T_3$ ,  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(76, 113)

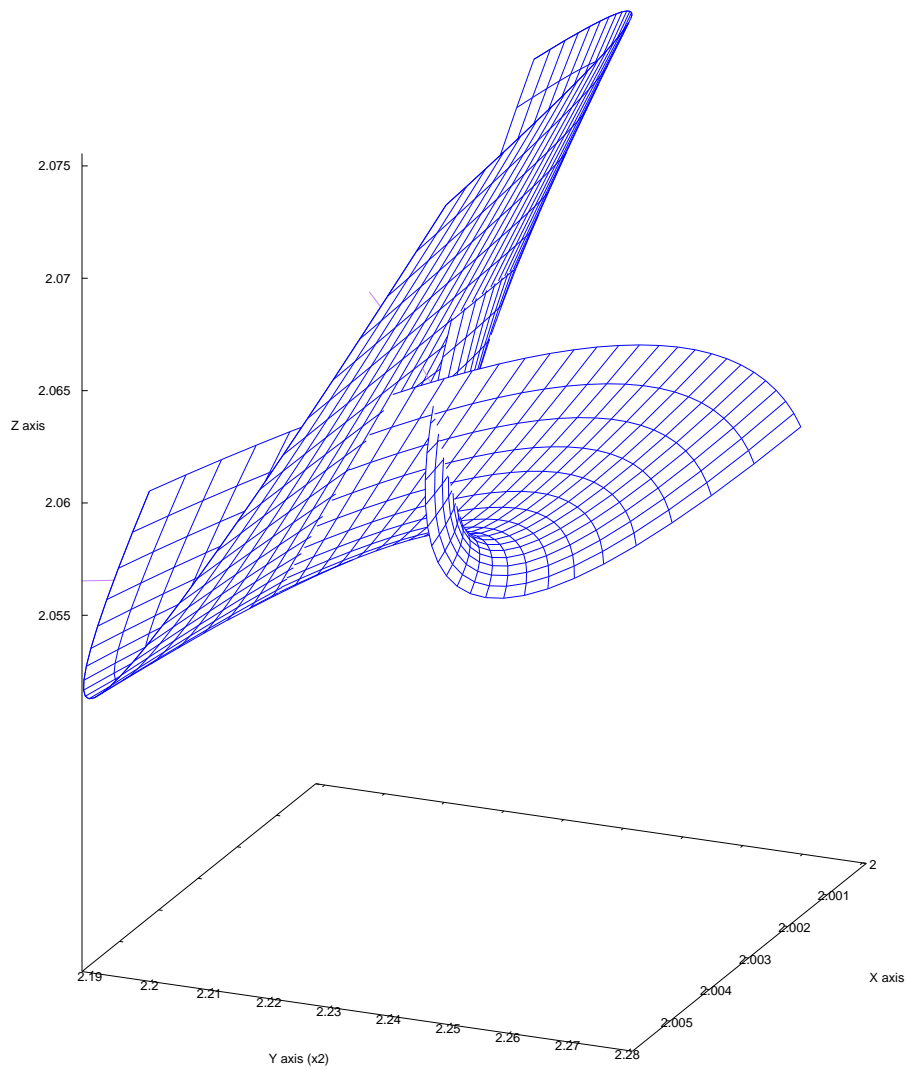


Figure 3.18.  $T_3$  (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  
 $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(76, 113)

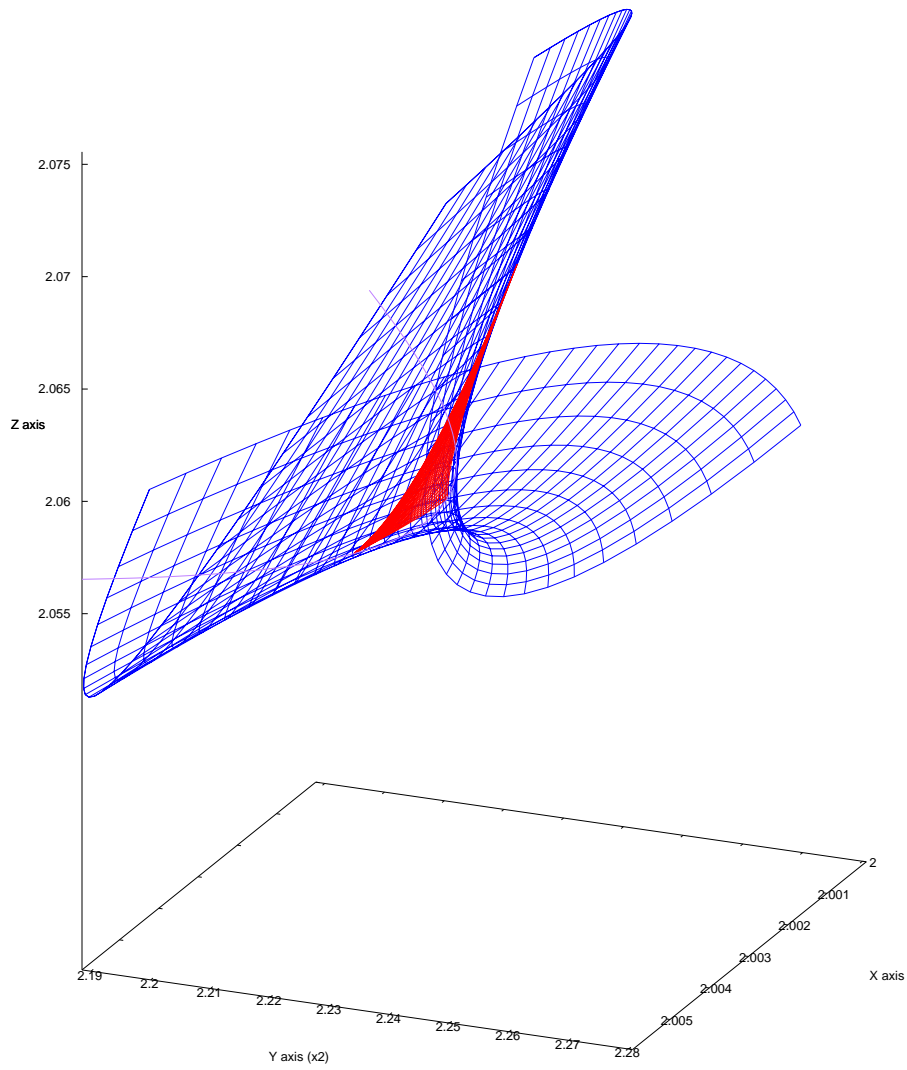


Figure 3.19.  $T_3$  (blue) and its positive part (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(76, 113)

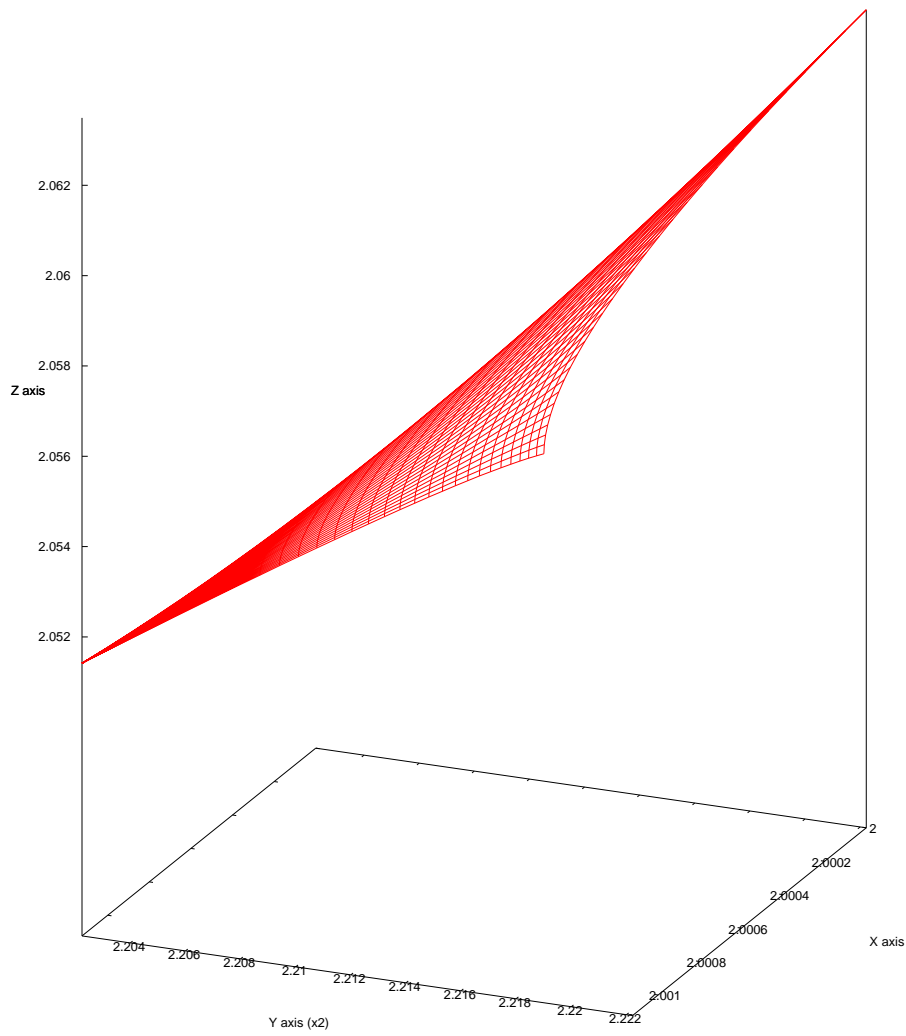


Figure 3.20. The positive part of  $T_3$  (red),  $(a, b) = (0, 9, 1.95)$ , view(76, 113)

### **3.2 Landau-Nakanishi surfaces associated with $T_3$ and its contractions outside the exceptional set $N$**



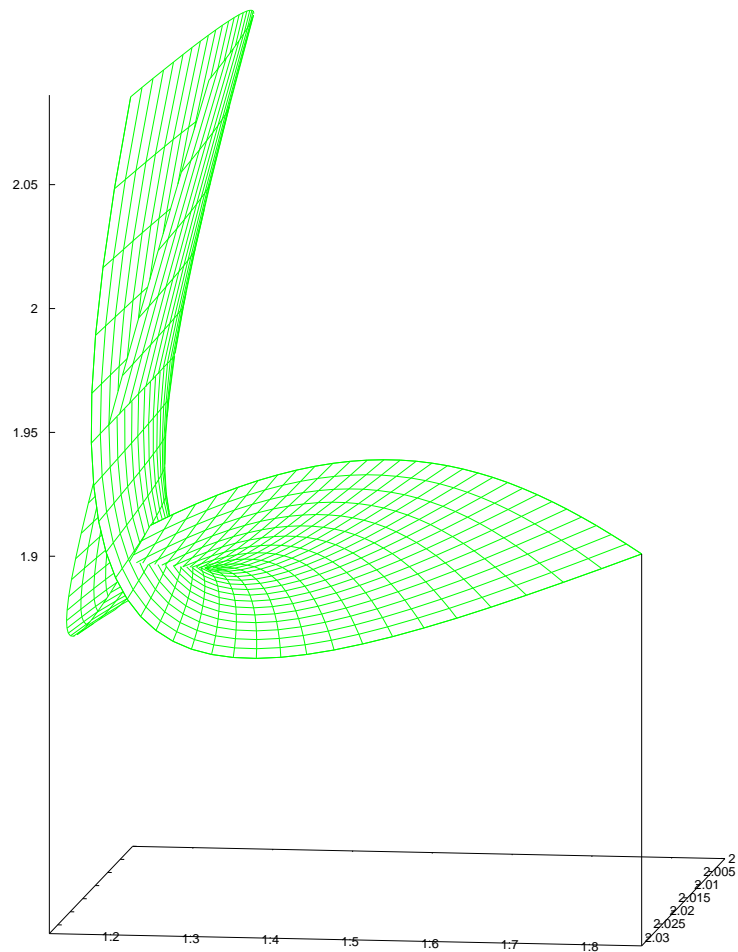


Figure 3.21.  $T_3$  (green),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(84, 98)

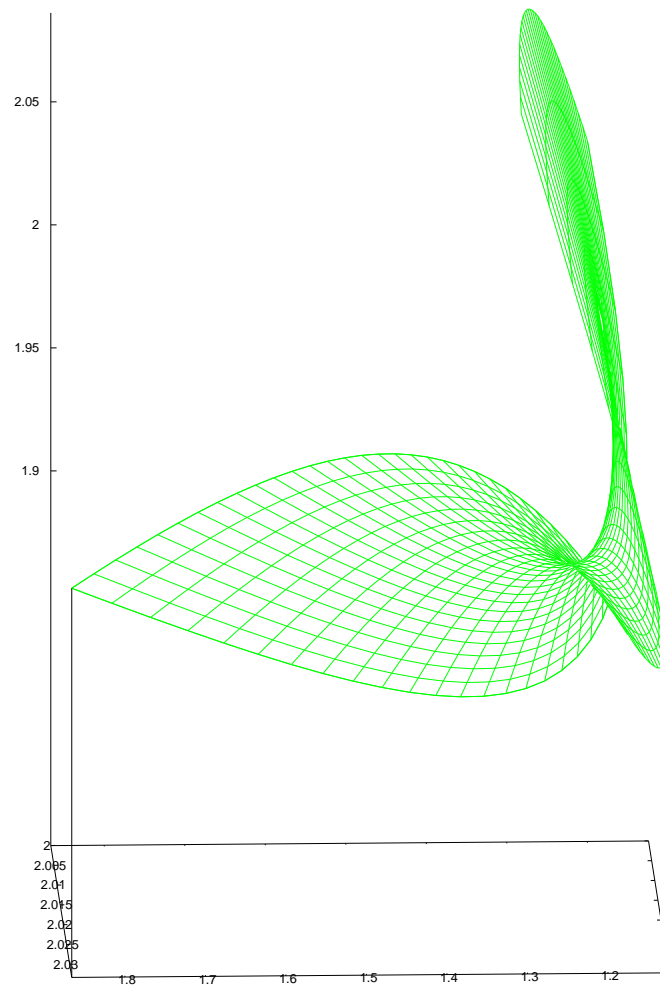


Figure 3.22.  $T_3$  (green),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(99, 272)

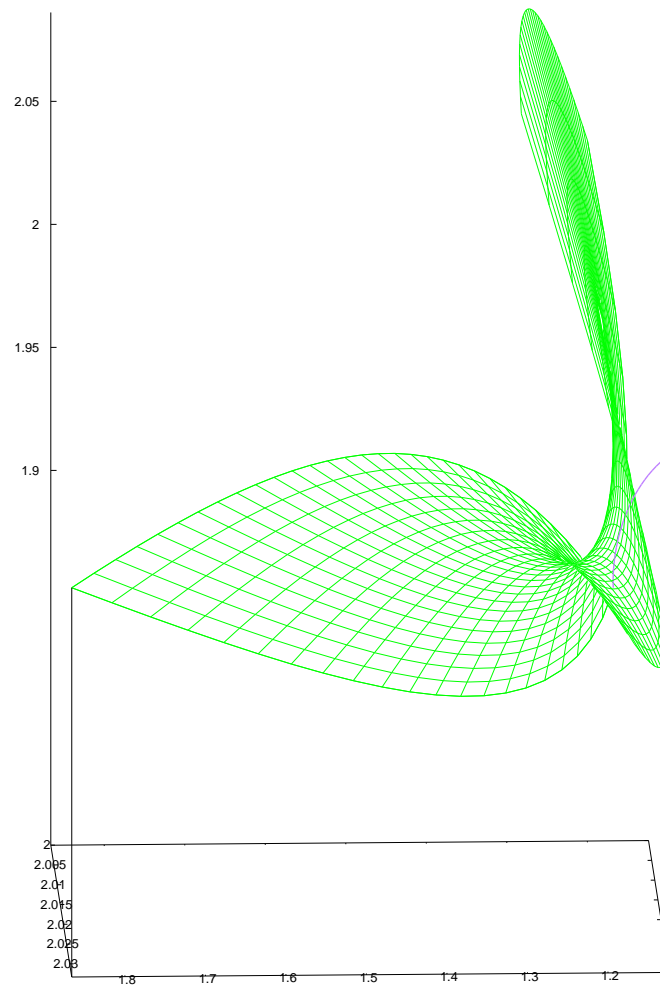


Figure 3.23.  $T_3$  (green) and the codim 2 component (purple),  
 $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(99, 272).

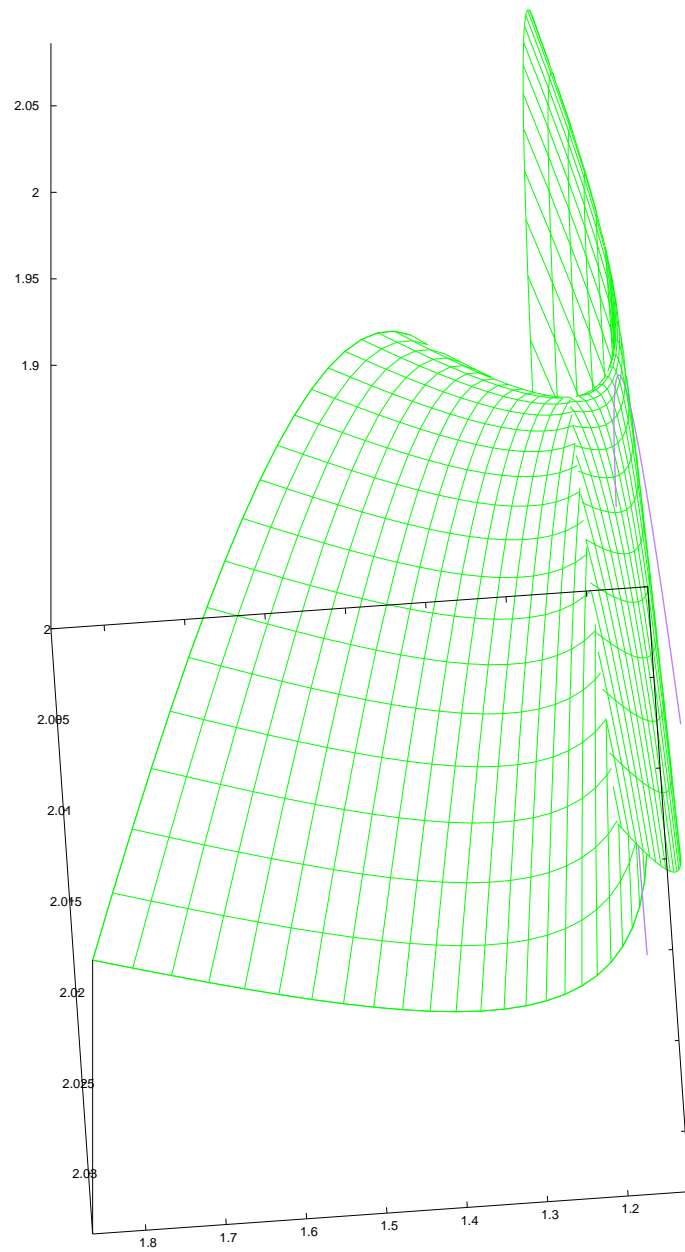


Figure 3.24.  $T_3$  (green) and the codim 2 component (purple),  
 $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(136, 274).

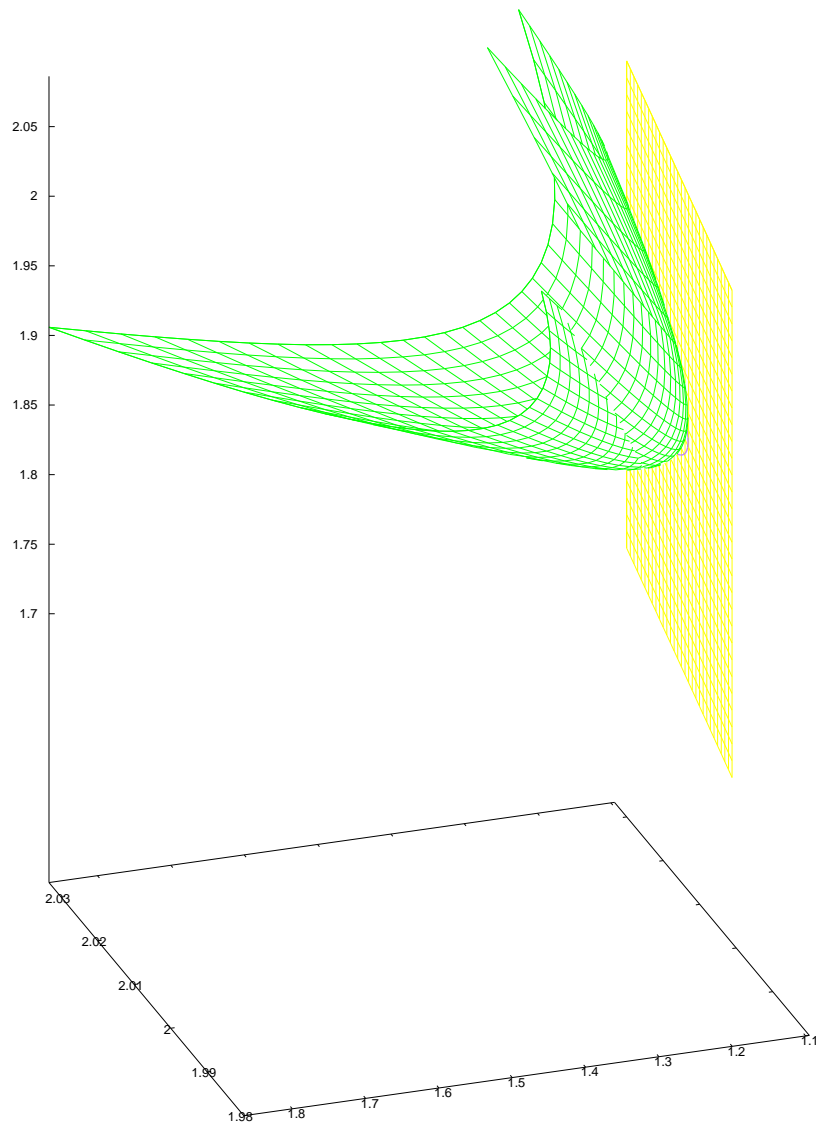


Figure 3.25.  $T_3$  (green) and  $3PT$  (yellow),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(73, 251).

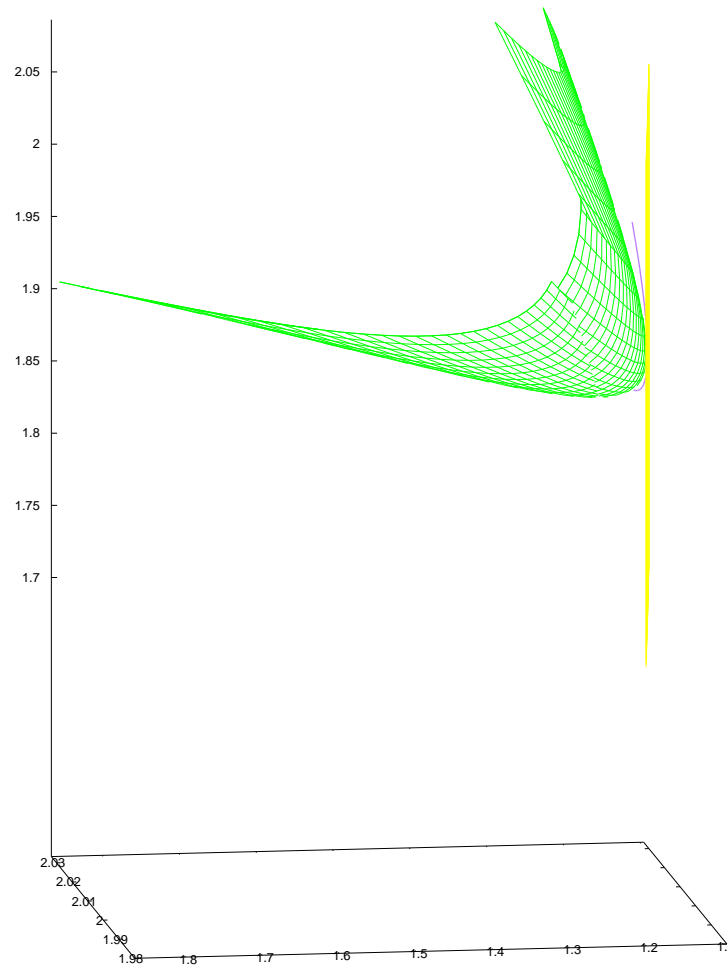


Figure 3.26.  $T_3$  (green) and  $3PT$  (yellow),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(83, 262).

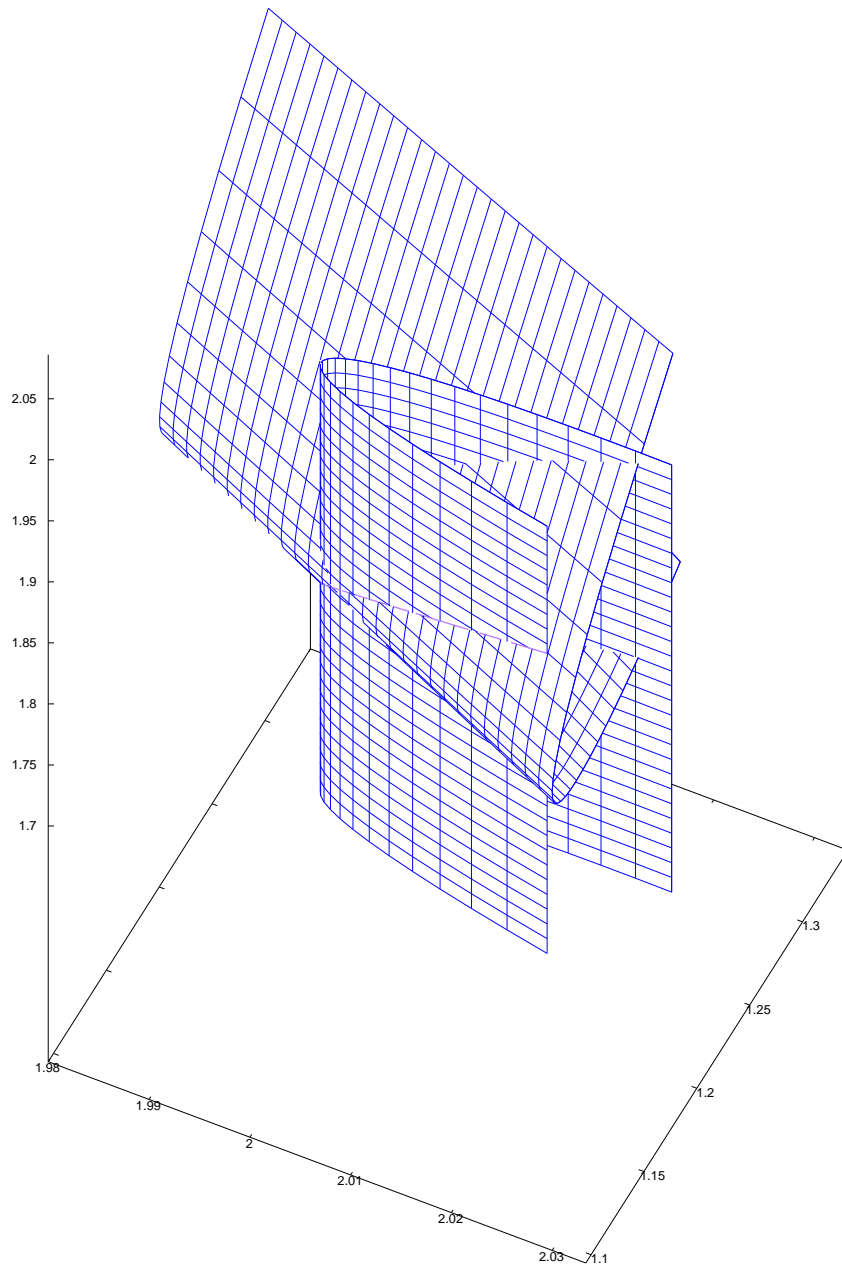


Figure 3.27. The ice-cream cones (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(57, 26).

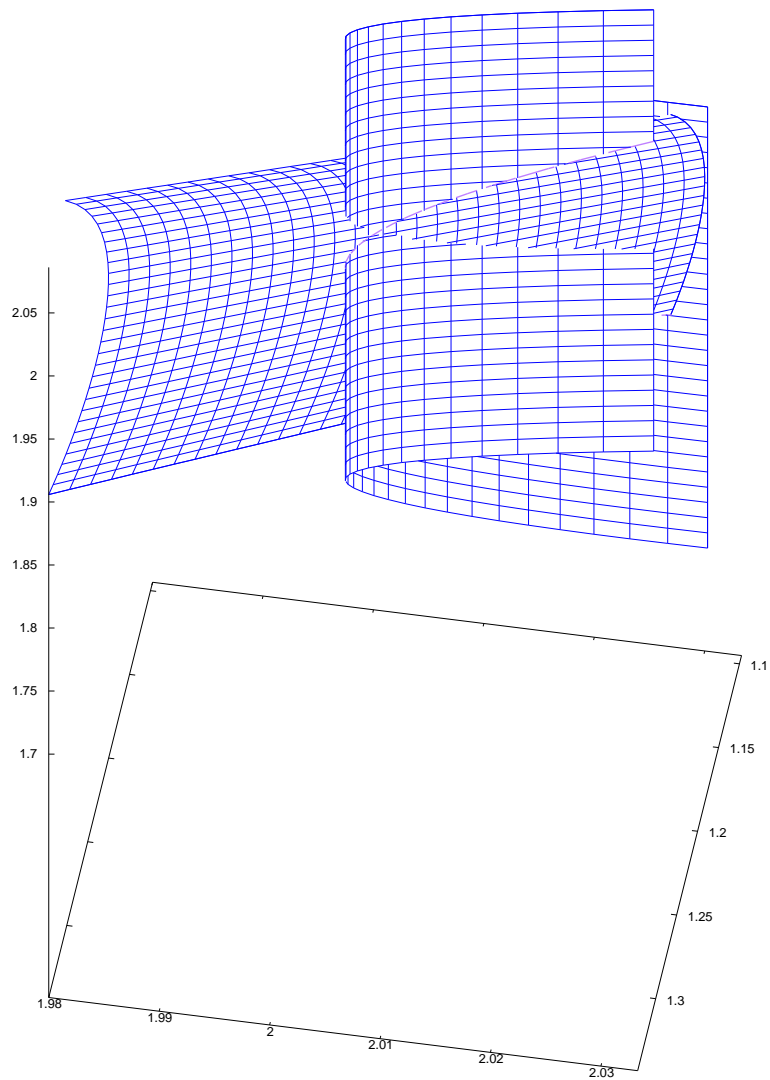


Figure 3.28. The ice-cream cones (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ ,  $\text{view}(120, 350)$ .



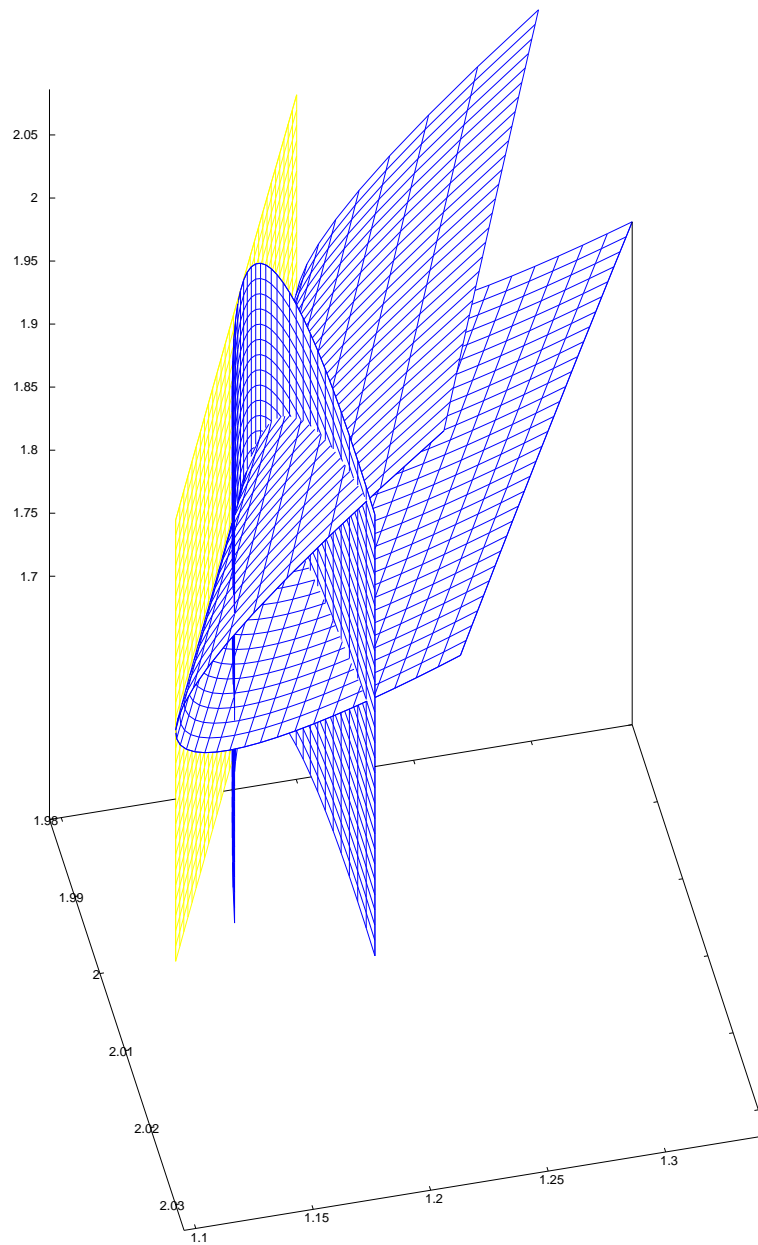


Figure 3.29. The ice-cream cones (blue) and  $3PT$  (yellows),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ ,  $\text{view}(60, 77)$ .

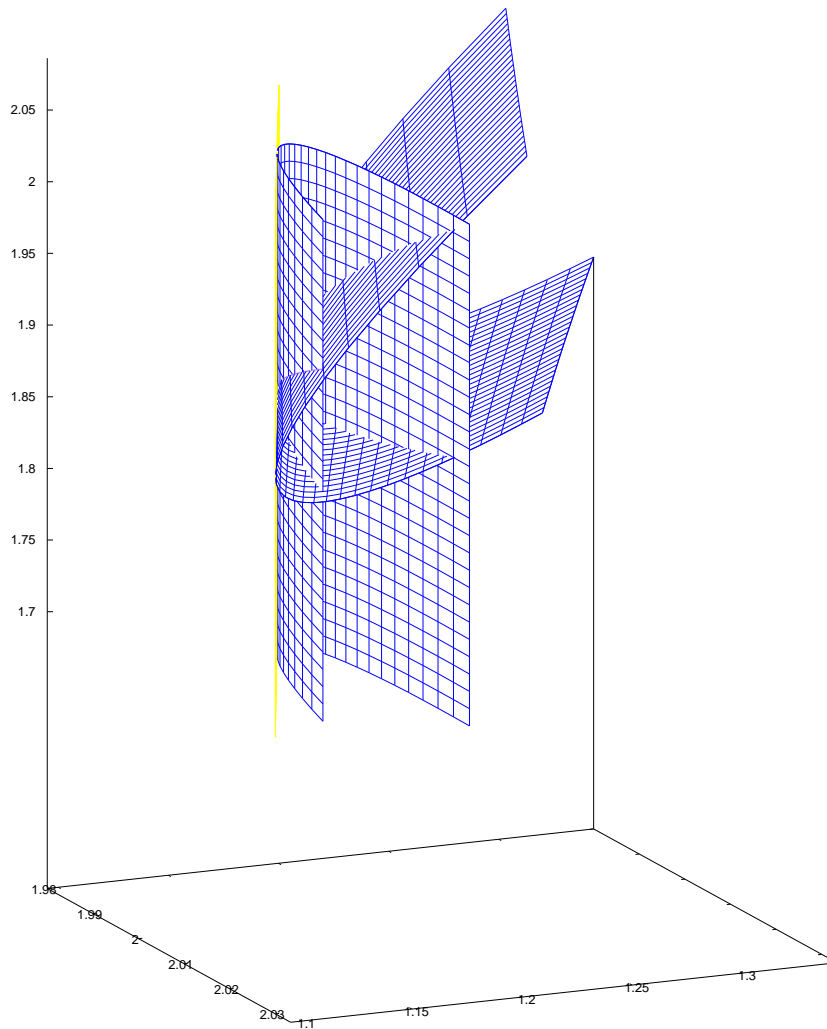


Figure 3.30. The ice-cream cones (blue) and  $3PT$  (yellows),  
 $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ ,  $\text{view}(80, 66)$ .

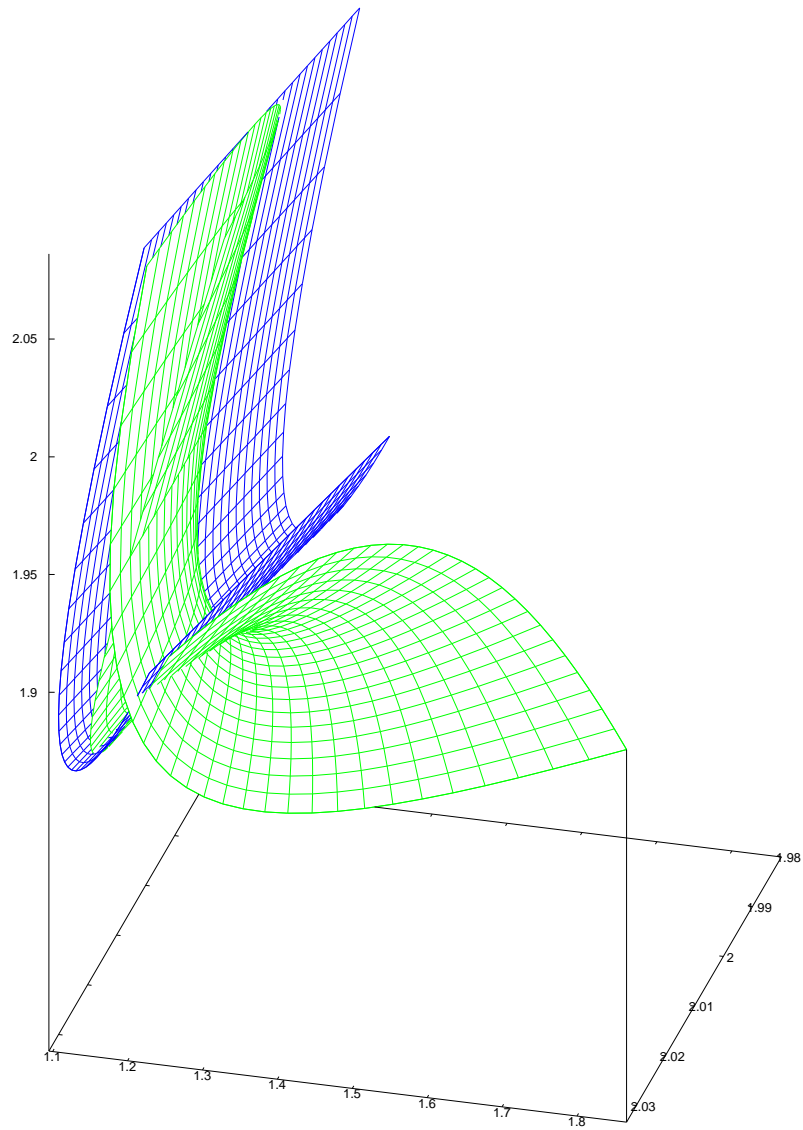


Figure 3.31. The right ice-cream cone (blue) and  $T_3$  (green),  
 $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(71, 105).

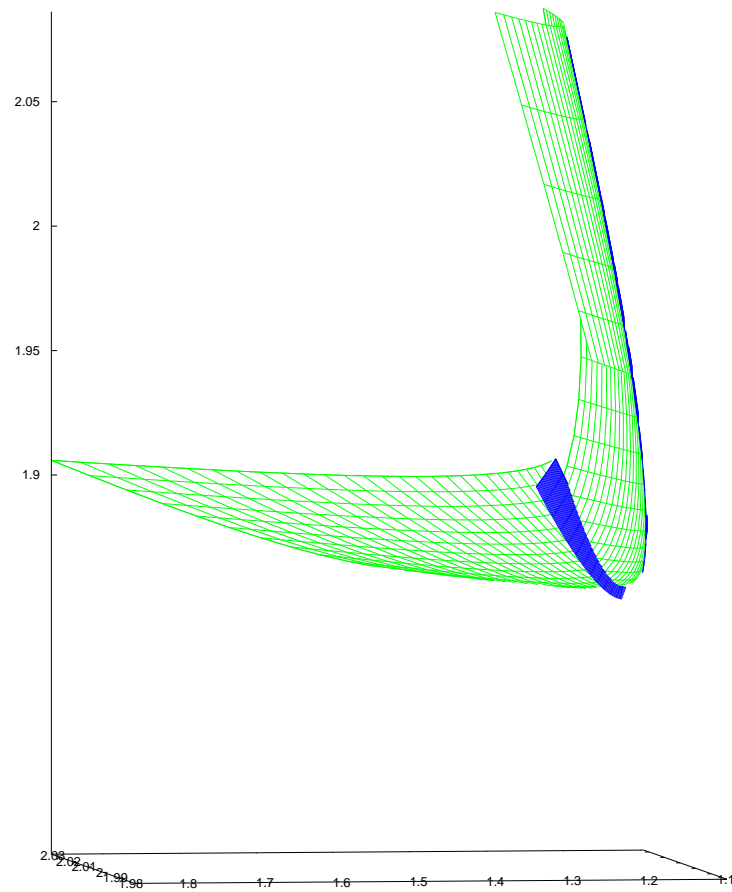


Figure 3.32. The right ice-cream cone (blue) and  $T_3$  (green),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(88, 262).

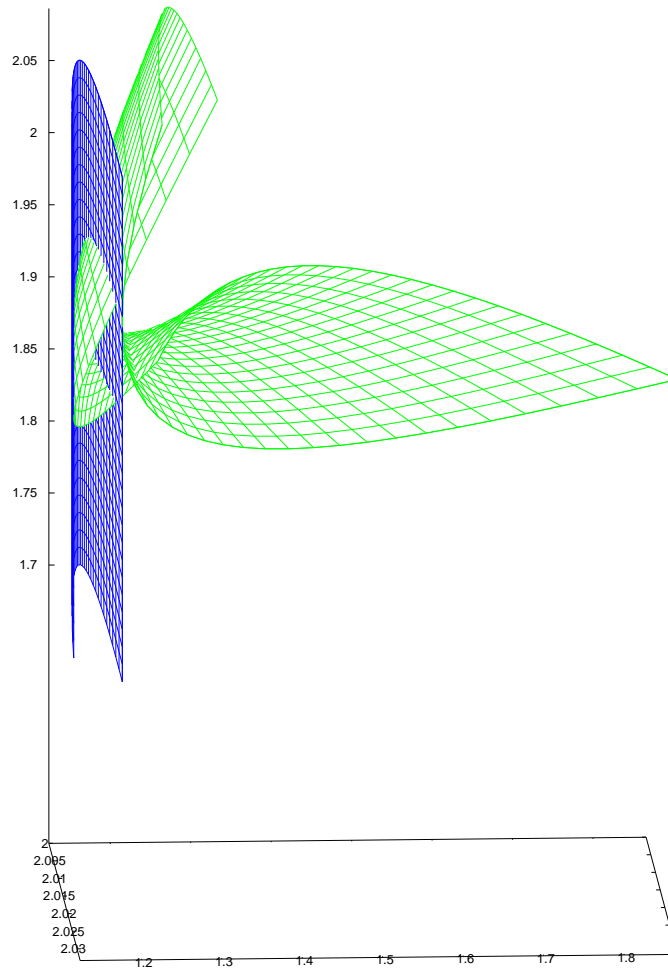


Figure 3.33. The left ice-cream cone (blue) and  $T_3$  (green),  
 $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(82, 87).

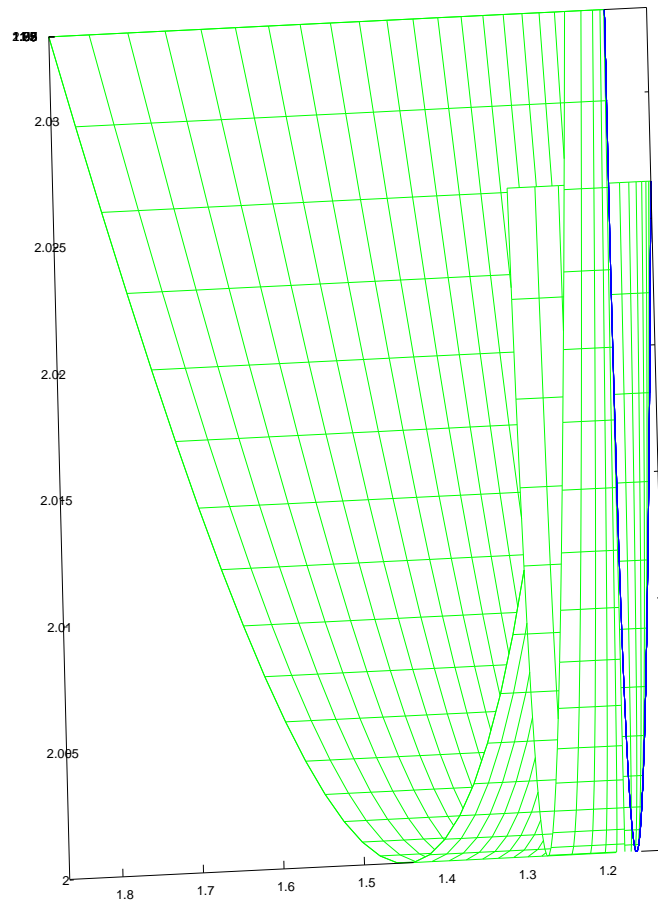


Figure 3.34. The left ice-cream cone (blue) and  $T_3$  (green),  
 $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(0, 268).

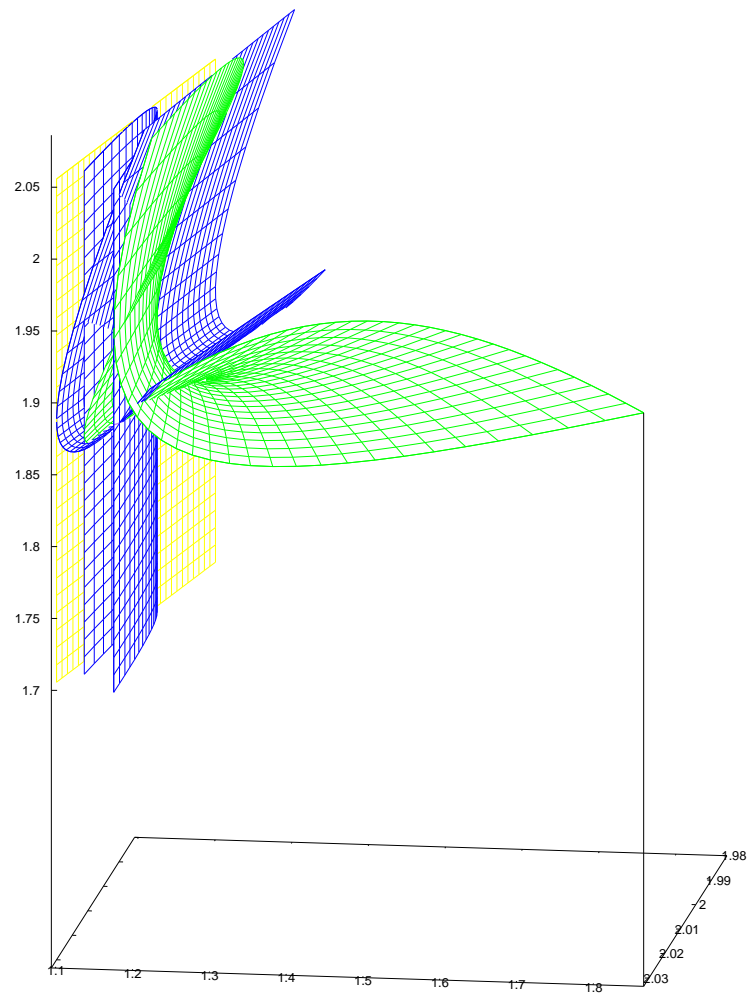


Figure 3.35. The ice-cream cones (blue),  $3PT$  (yellow) and  $T_3$  (green),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(81, 98).

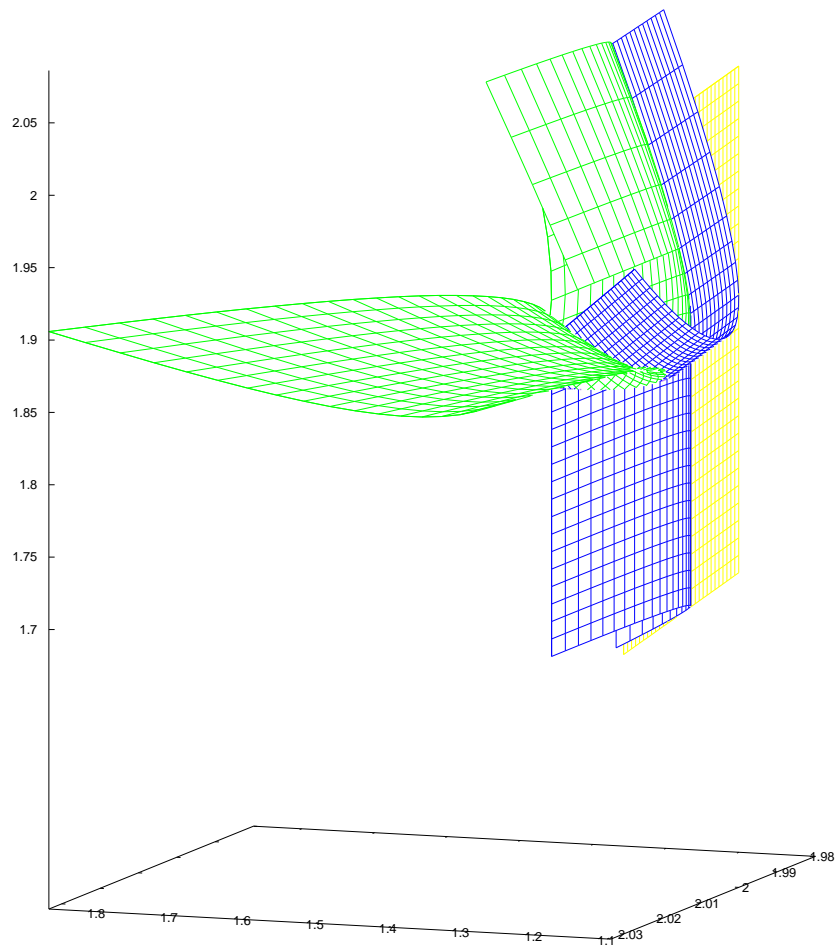


Figure 3.36. The ice-cream cones (blue),  $3PT$  (yellow) and  $T_3$  (green),  $(a, b) = (0.85, 2.15)$ , view(96, 250).



### **3.3 Landau-Nakanishi surfaces associated with $T_3$ and its contractions near the exceptional set $N$**

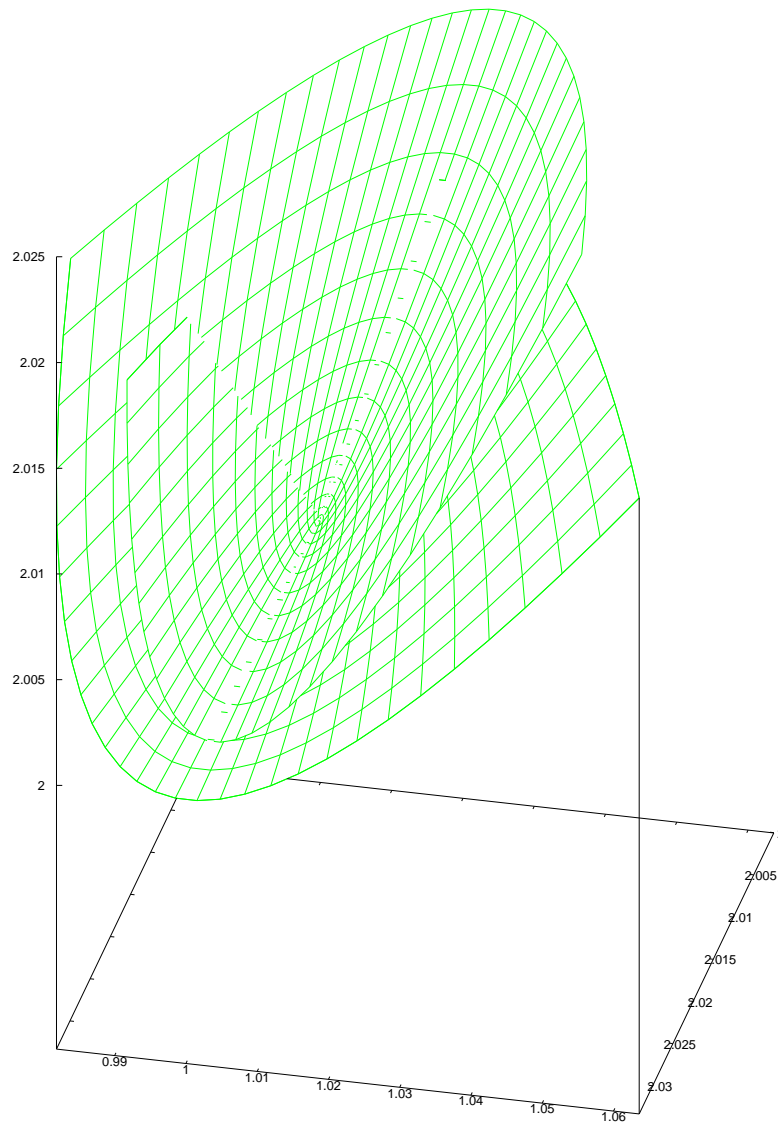


Figure 3.37.  $T_3$  (green),  $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ , view(73, 103)

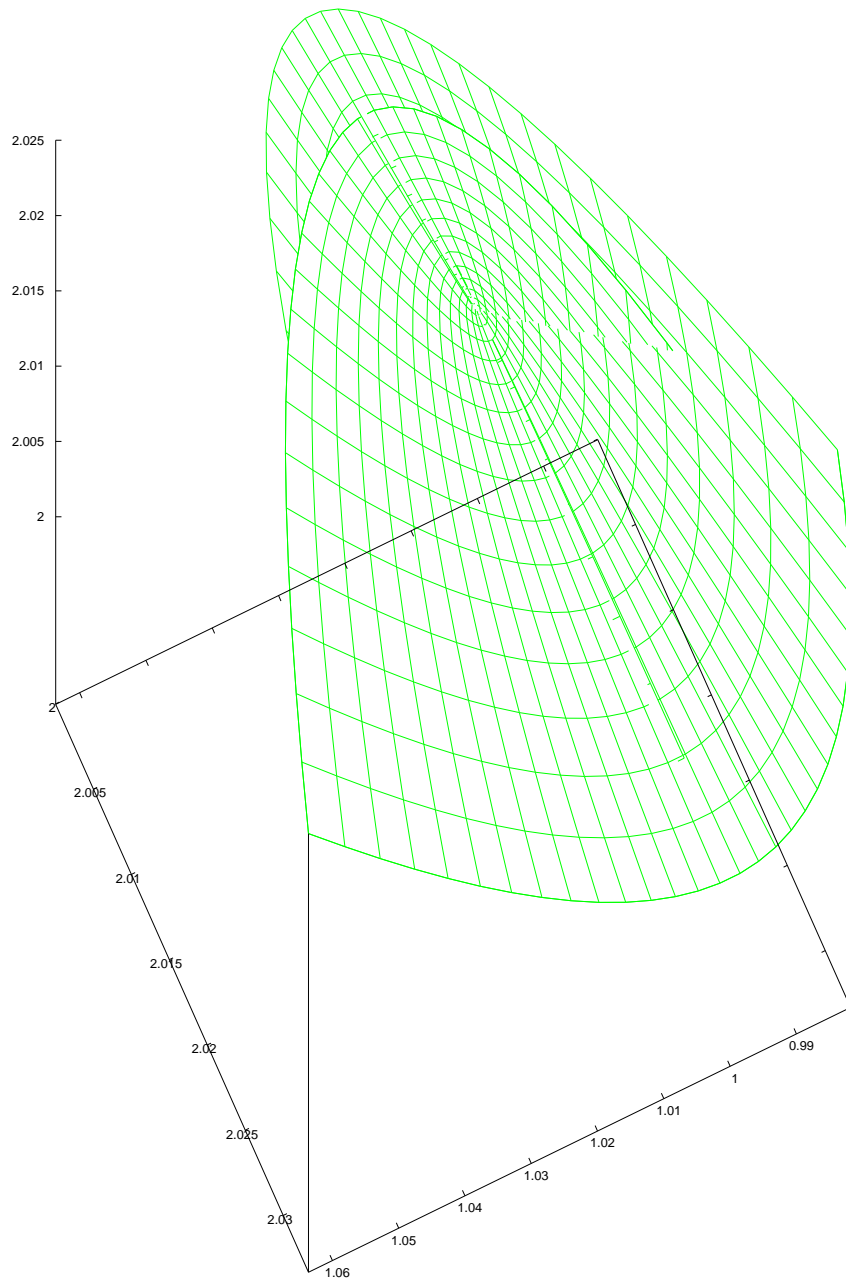


Figure 3.38.  $T_3$  (green),  $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ , view(138, 295)

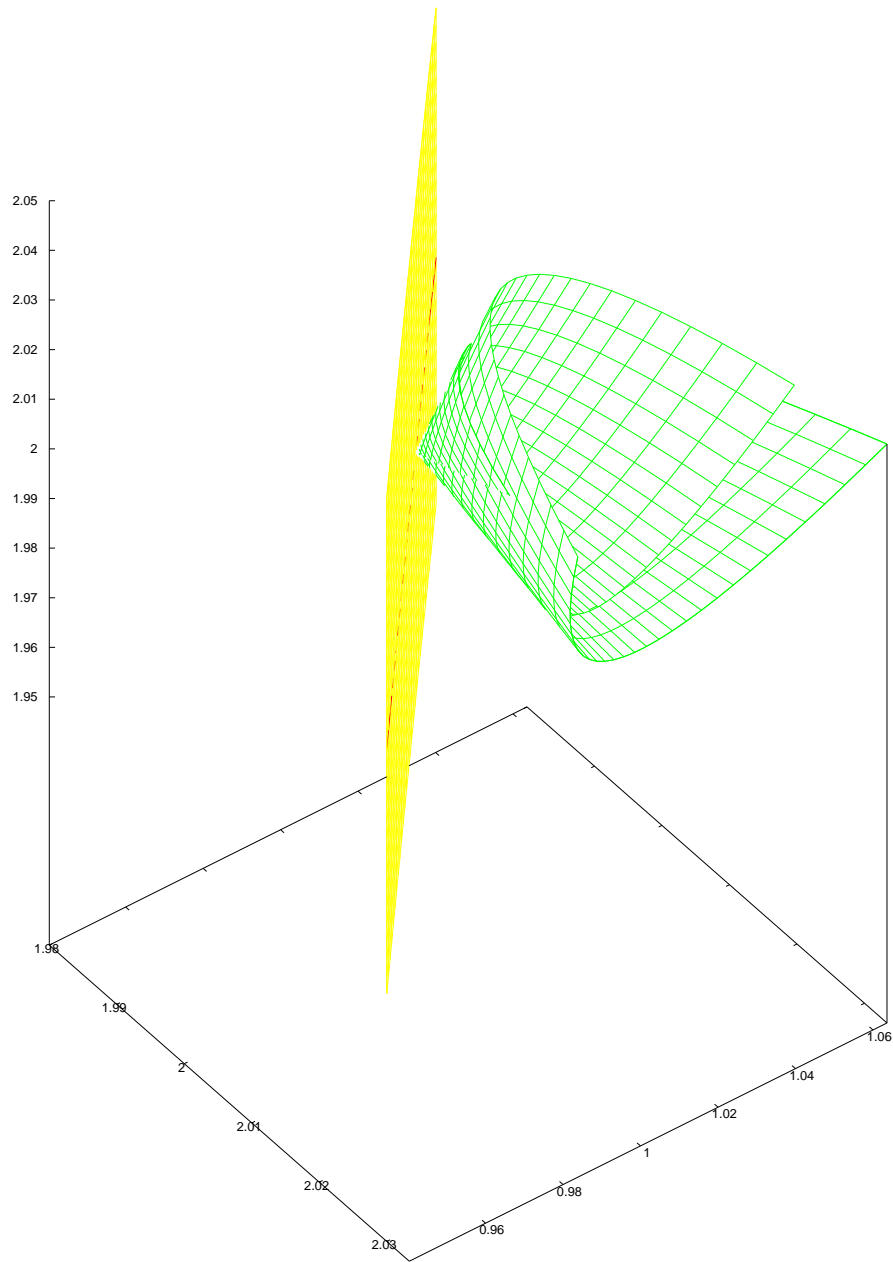


Figure 3.39.  $T_3$  (green) and  $3PT$  (yellow),  $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ , view(62, 53)

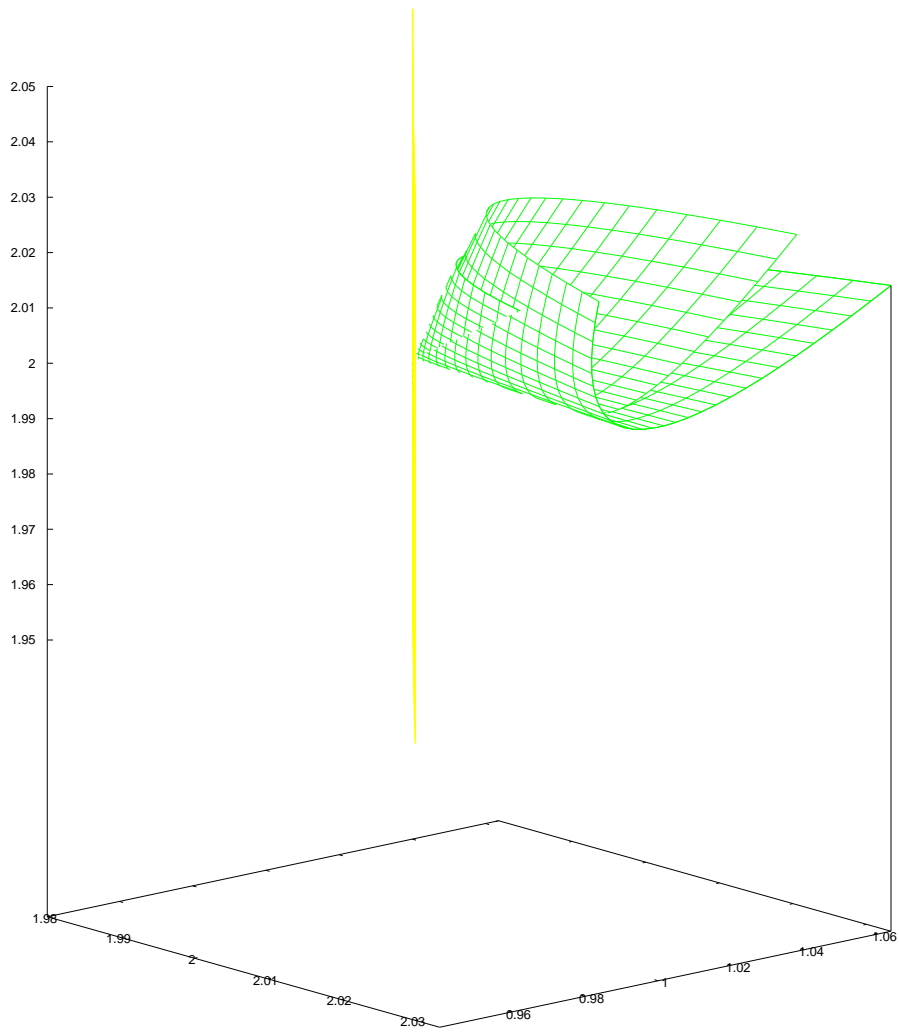


Figure 3.40.  $T_3$  (green) and  $3PT$  (yellow),  $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ , view(80, 49)

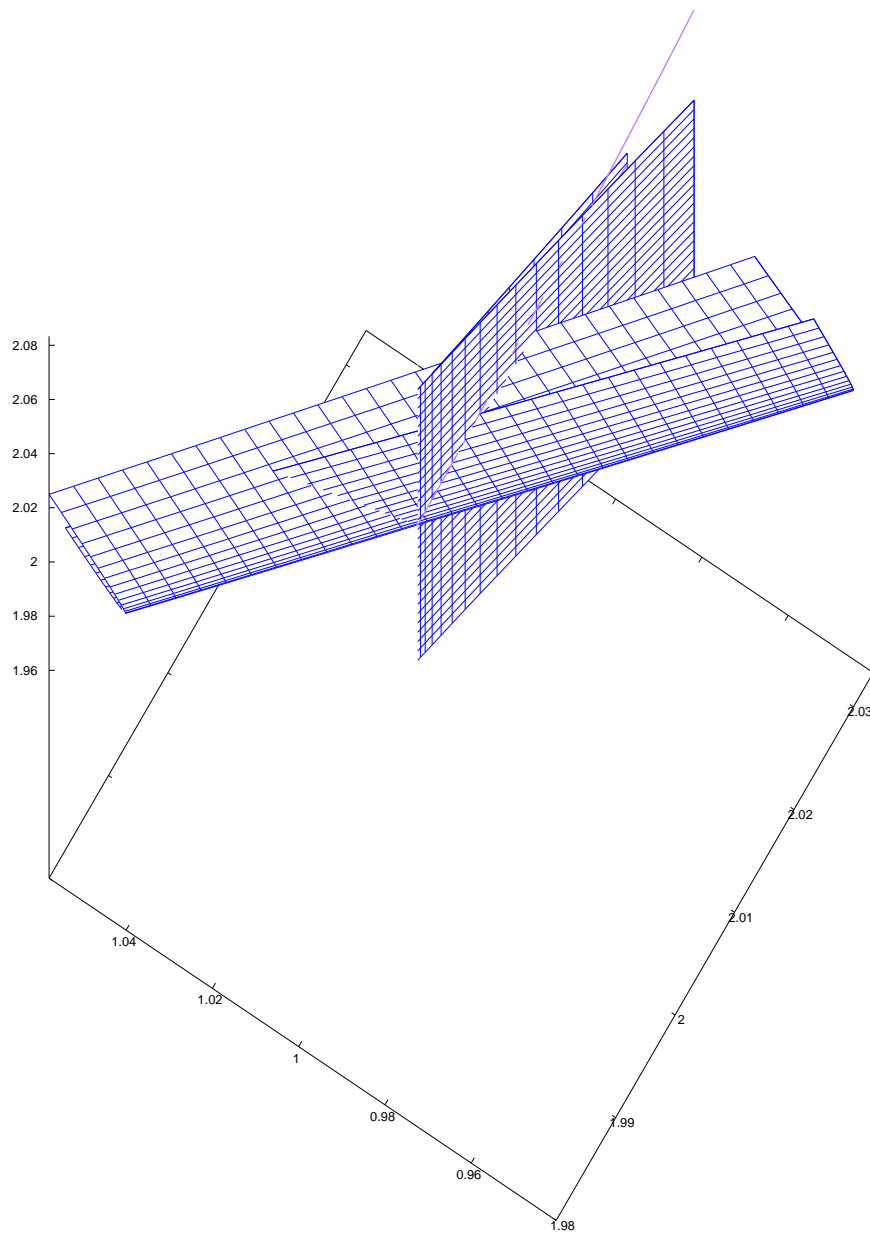


Figure 3.41. The ice-cream cones (blue) and the codim 2 component (purple),  $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ , view(40, 302)

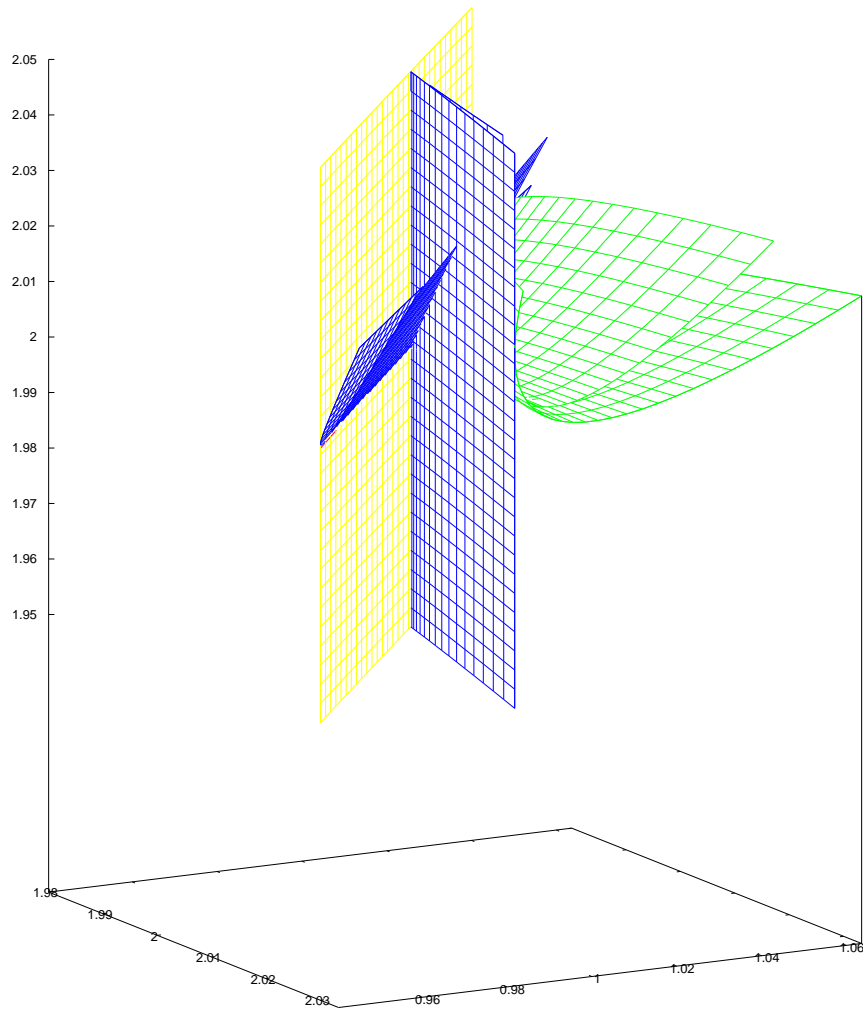


Figure 3.42. The ice-cream cones (blue),  $3PT$  (yellow) and  $T_3$  (green),  
 $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ ,  $\text{view}(81, 61)$

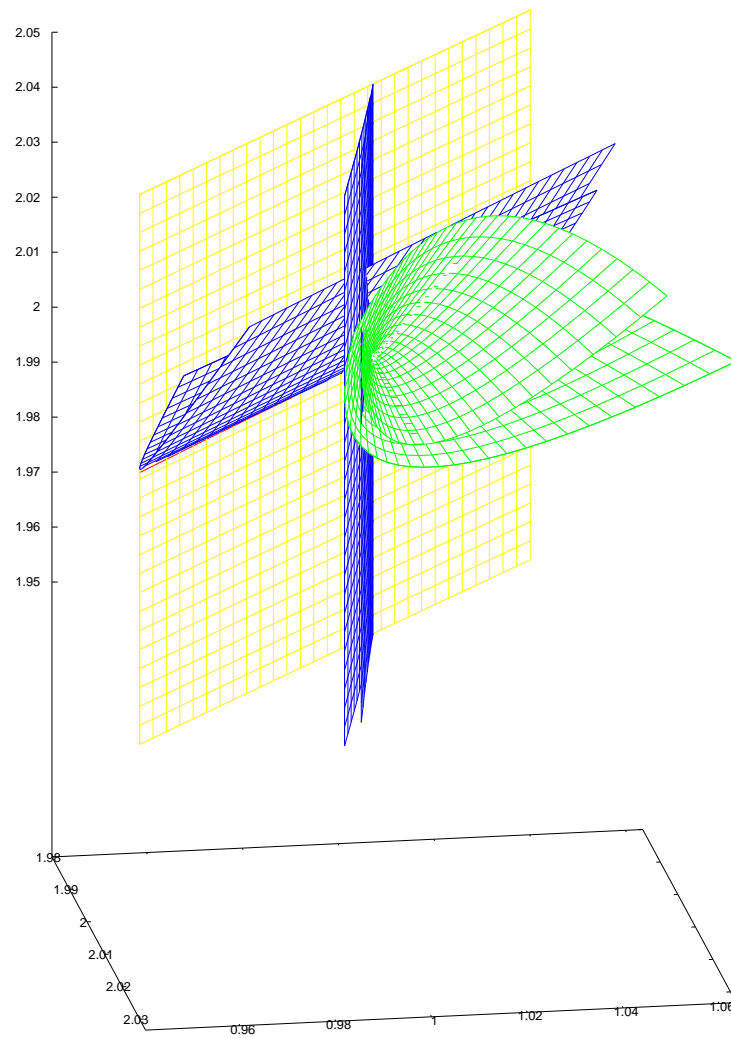


Figure 3.43. The ice-cream cones (blue),  $3PT$  (yellow) and  $T_3$  (green),  
 $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ , view(78, 81)



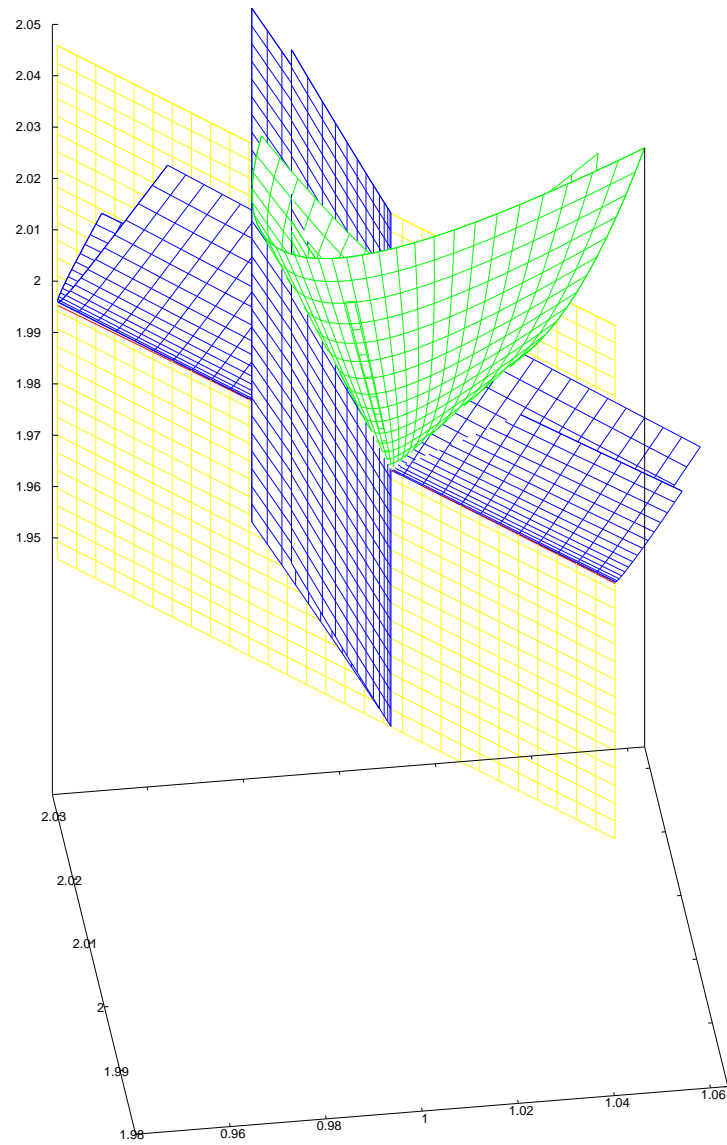


Figure 3.44. The ice-cream cones (blue),  $3PT$  (yellow) and  $T_3$  (green),  
 $(a, b) = (1.0, 2.0)$ , view(114, 98)

## 4. Enlarged figures of those in [HKS]

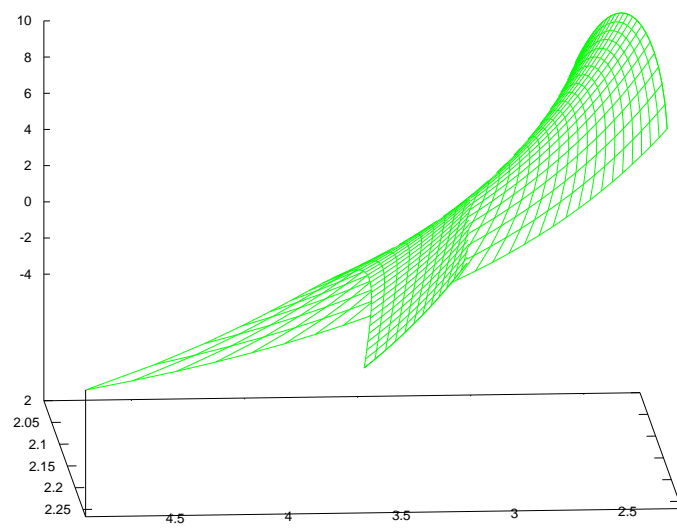


Figure 4.1. Figure 5.2 in [HKS]

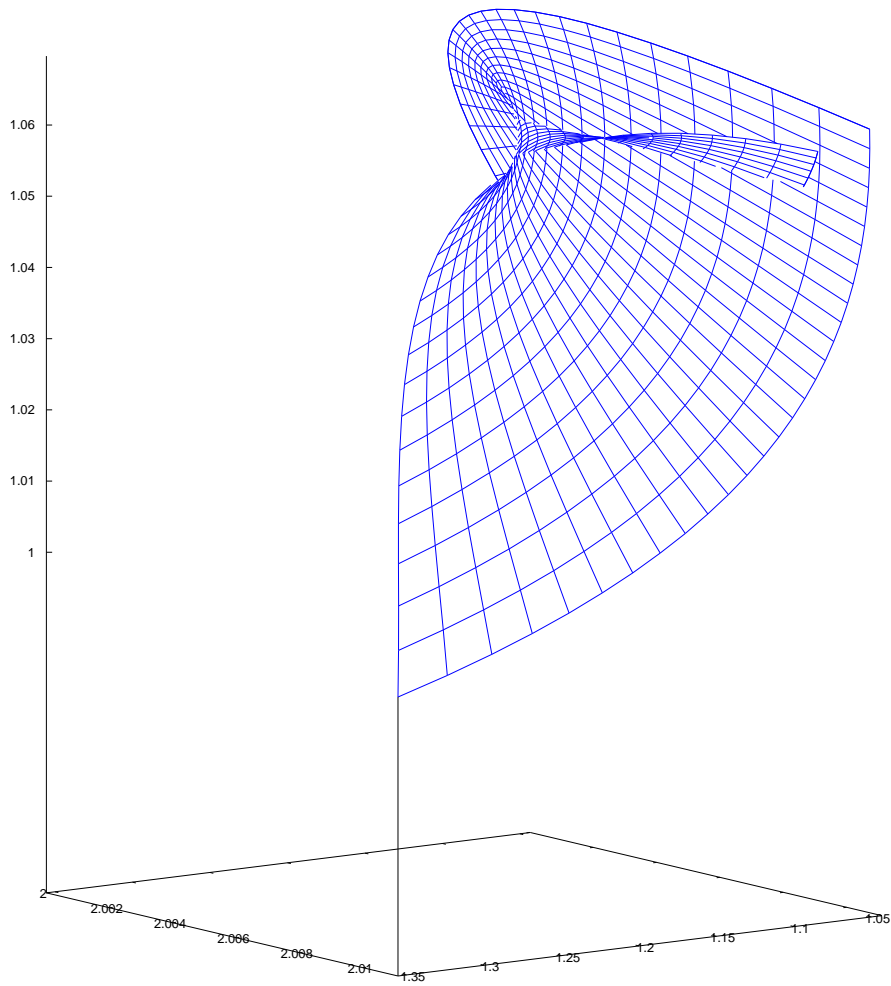


Figure 4.2. Figure 5.5 in [HKS]

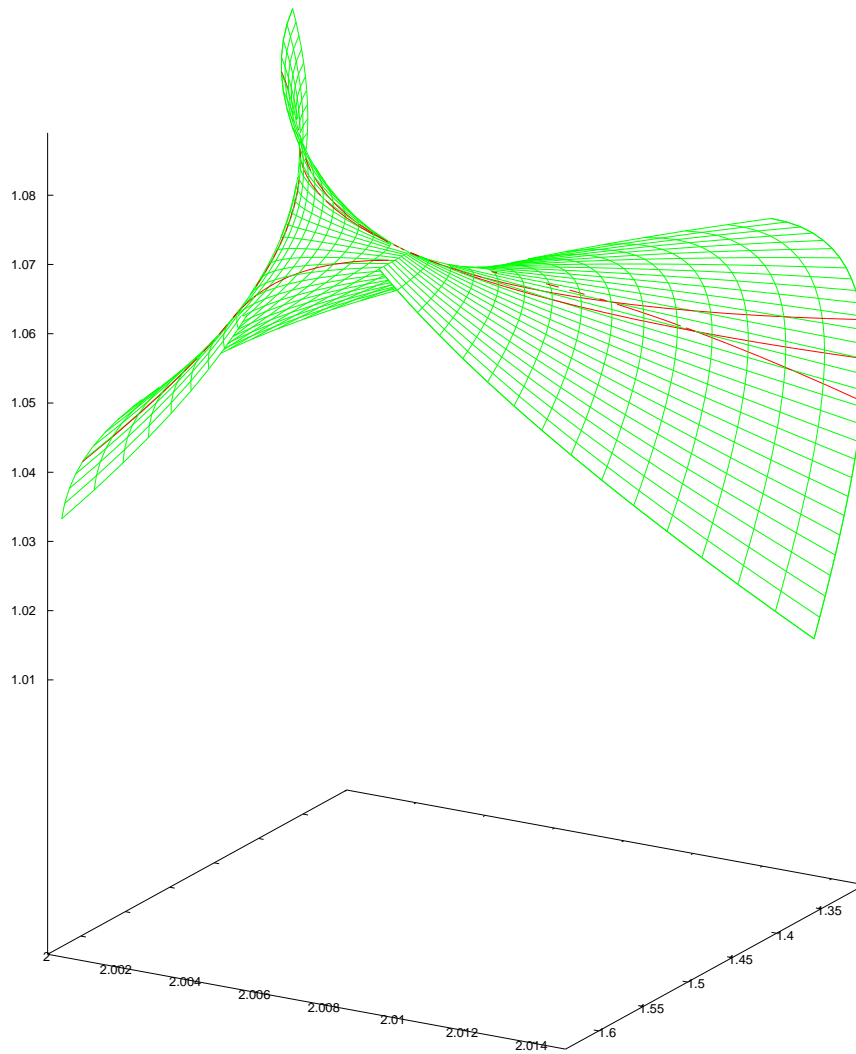


Figure 4.3. Figure 5.6 in [HKS]

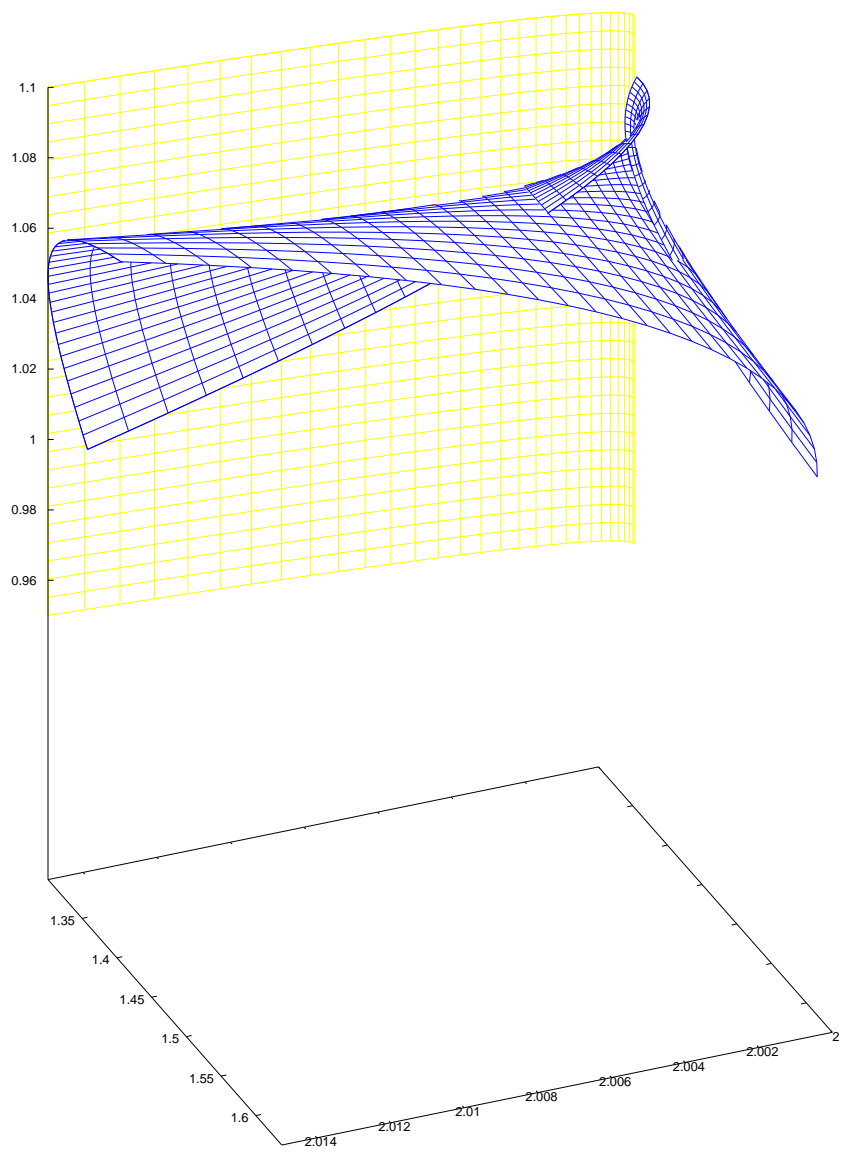


Figure 4.4. Figure 5.13 in [HKS]

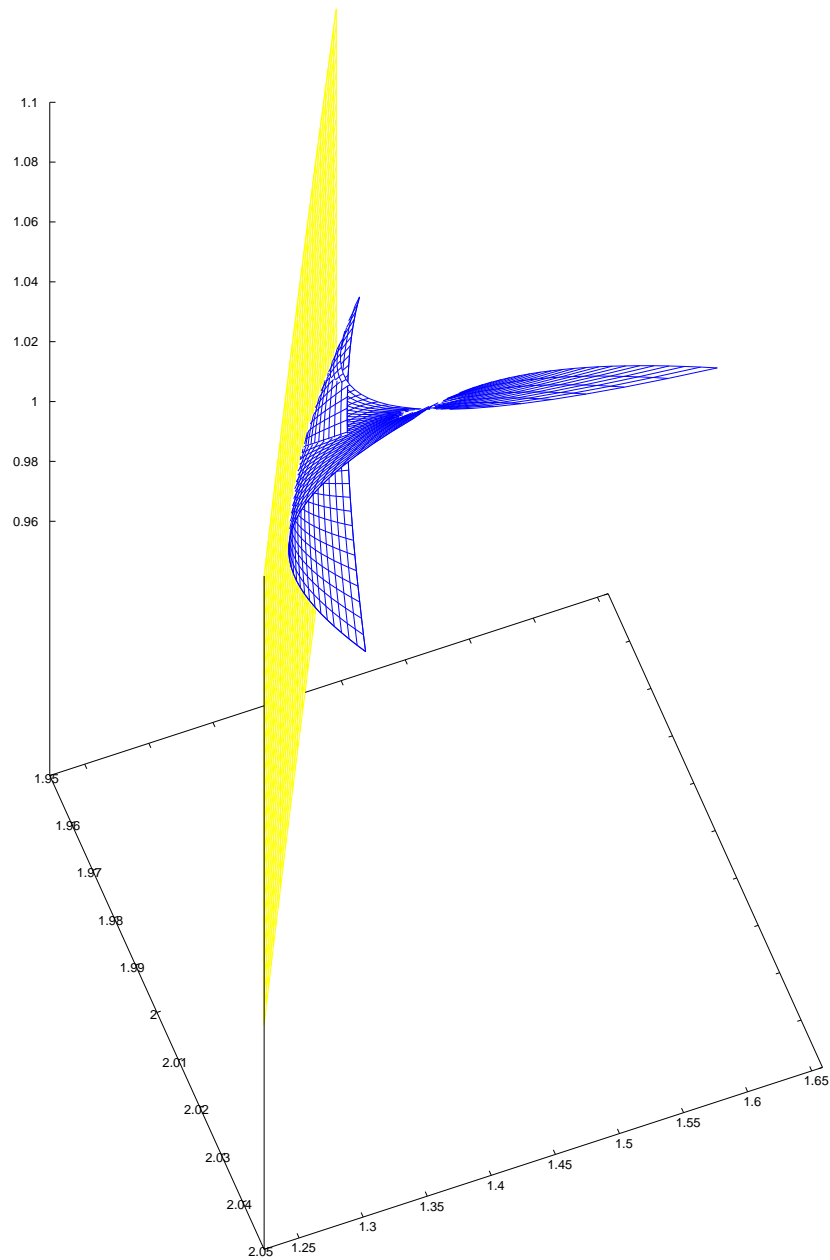


Figure 4.5. Figure 5.14 in [HKS]

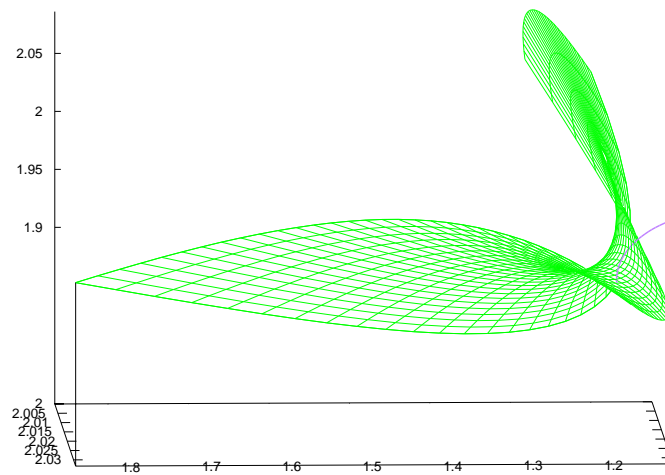


Figure 4.6. Figure 5.15 in [HKS]



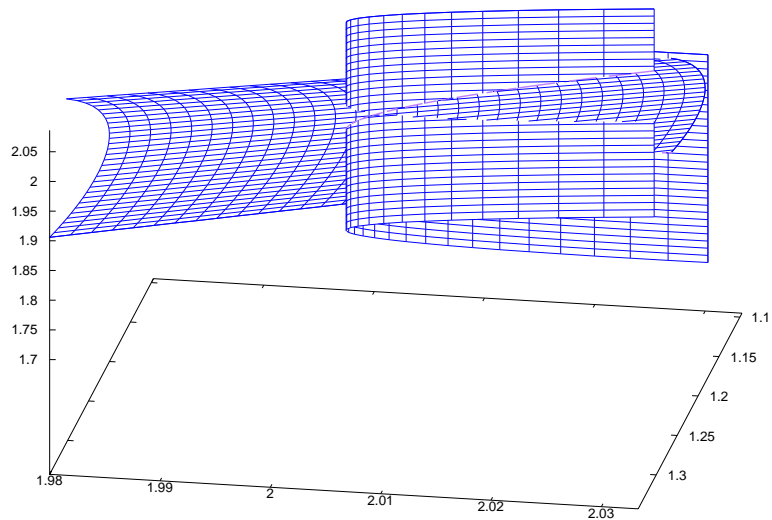


Figure 4.7. Figure 5.19 in [HKS]

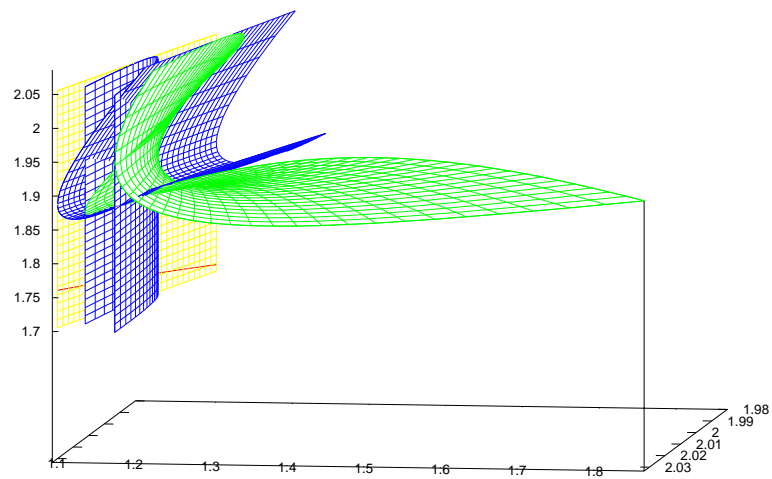


Figure 4.8. Figure 5.20 in [HKS]

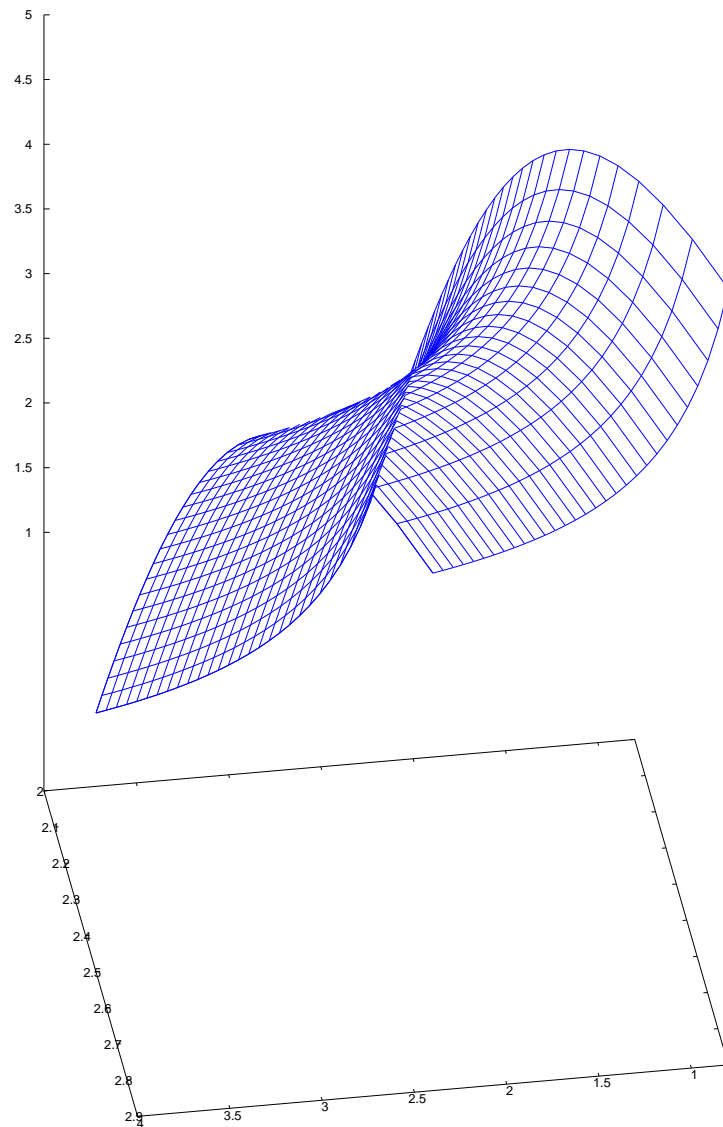


Figure 4.9. Figure A.2 in [HKS]

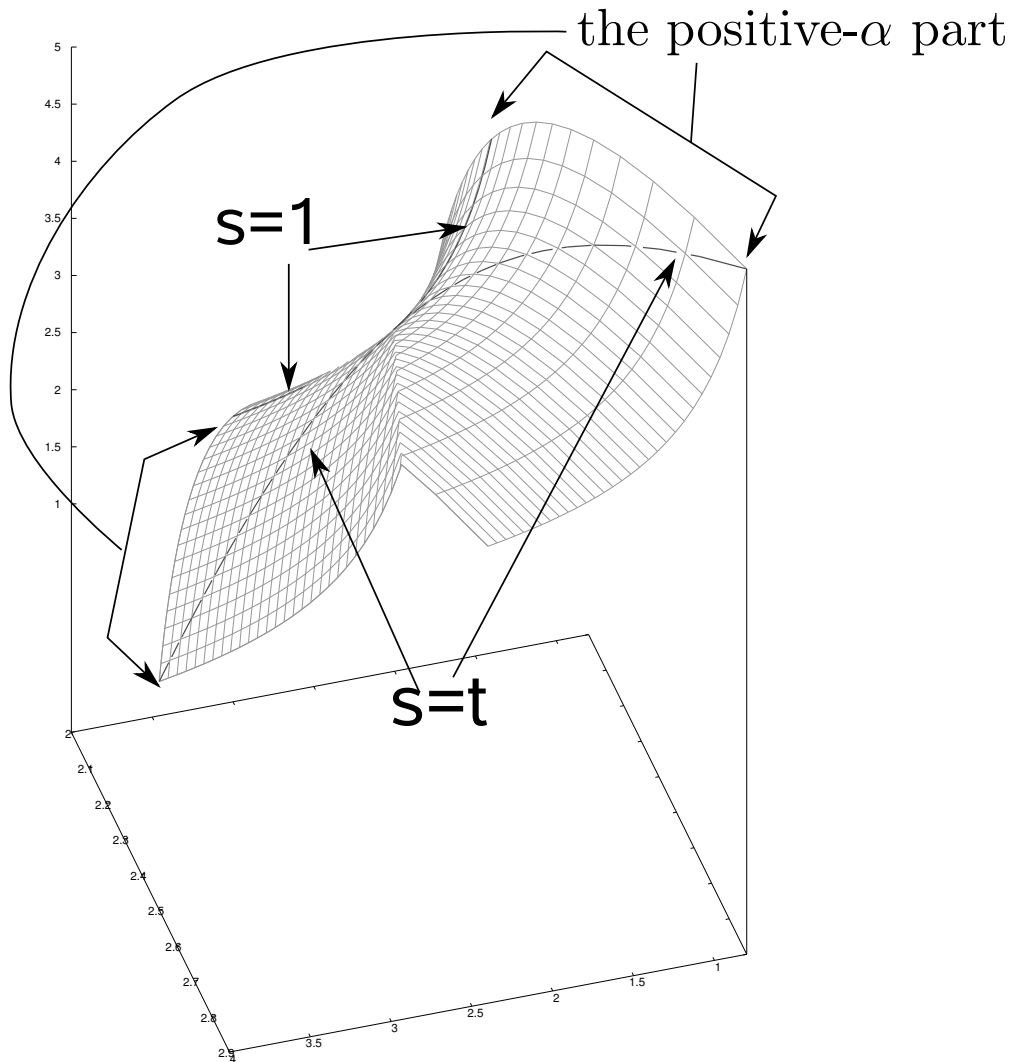


Figure 4.10. Figure A.3 in [HKS]

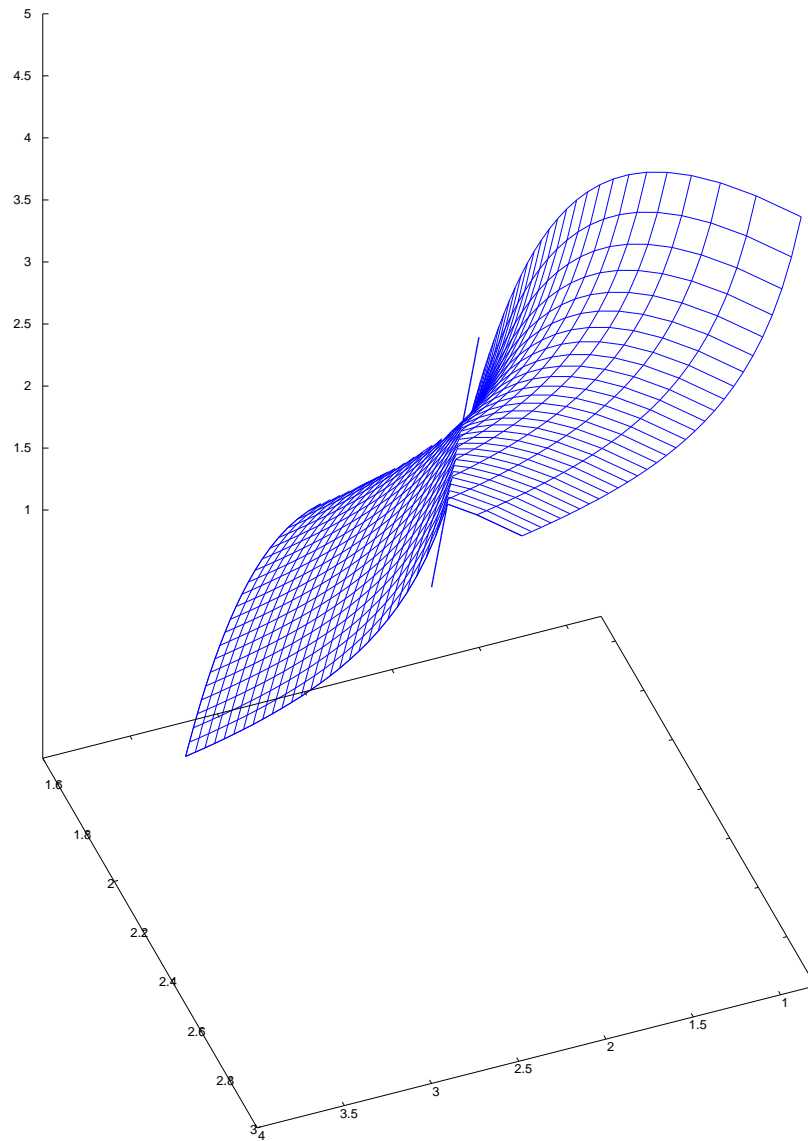


Figure 4.11. Figure A.5 in [HKS]

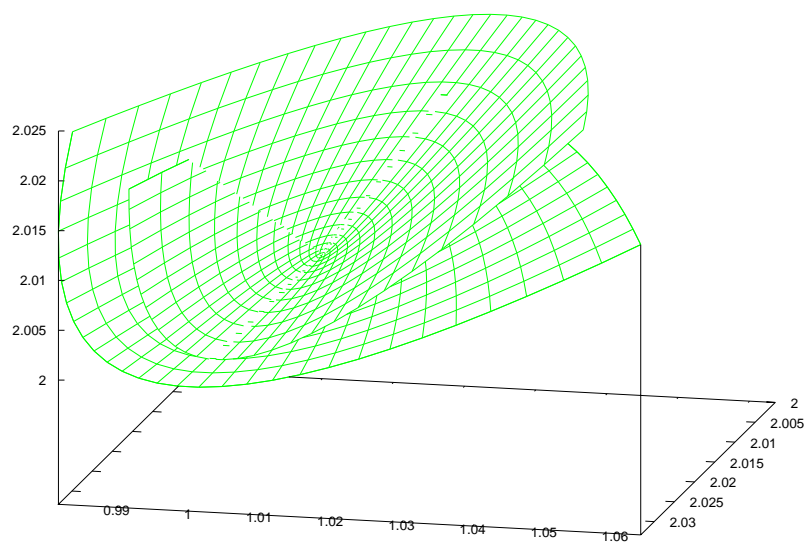


Figure 4.12. Figure B.1 in [HKS]

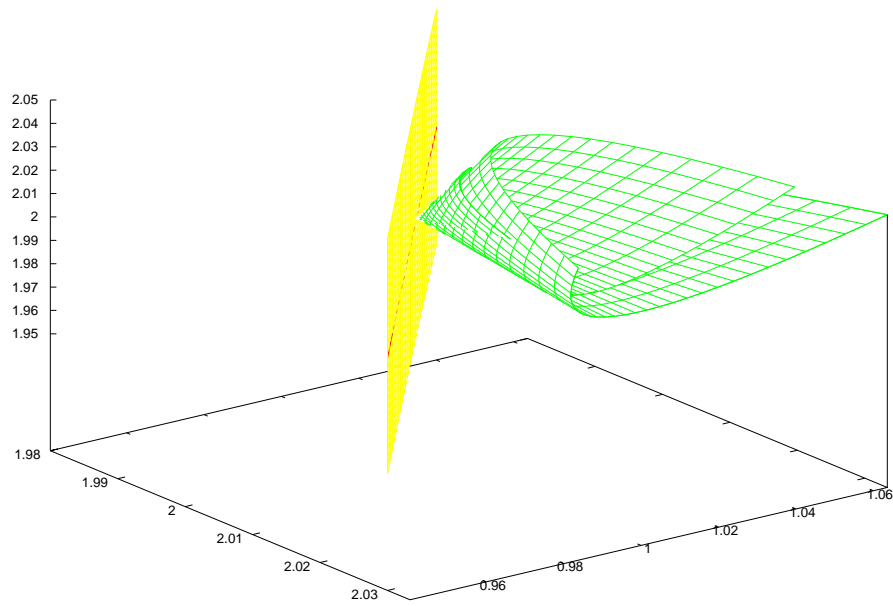


Figure 4.13. Figure B.2 in [HKS]

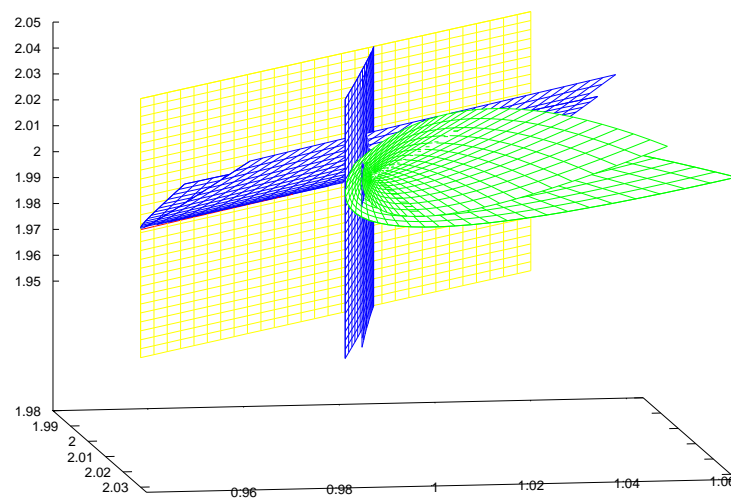


Figure 4.14. Figure B.3 in [HKS]