

Memoryful Geometry of Interaction II

Recursion and Adequacy

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(Univ. Tokyo)

Geometry of Interaction (Gol)

semantics of { linear logic proofs [Girard '89]
 { functional programs

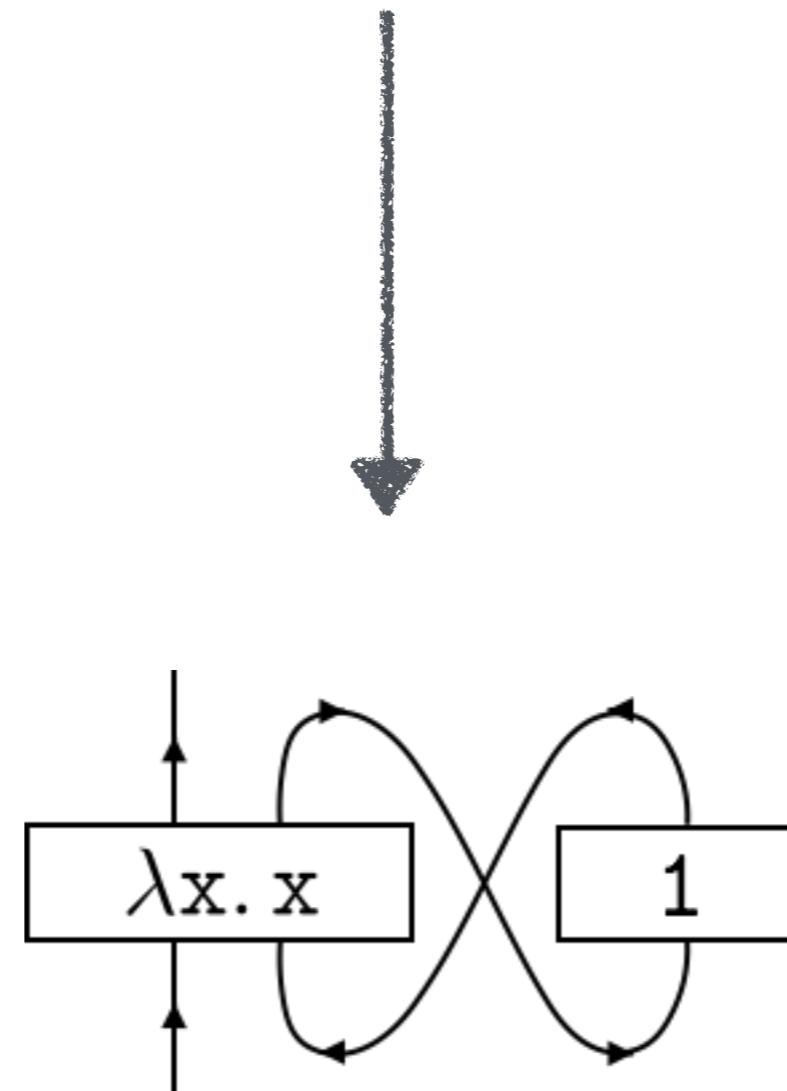


Token Machine Semantics

PCF terms

$(\lambda x. x) 1$

token
machines

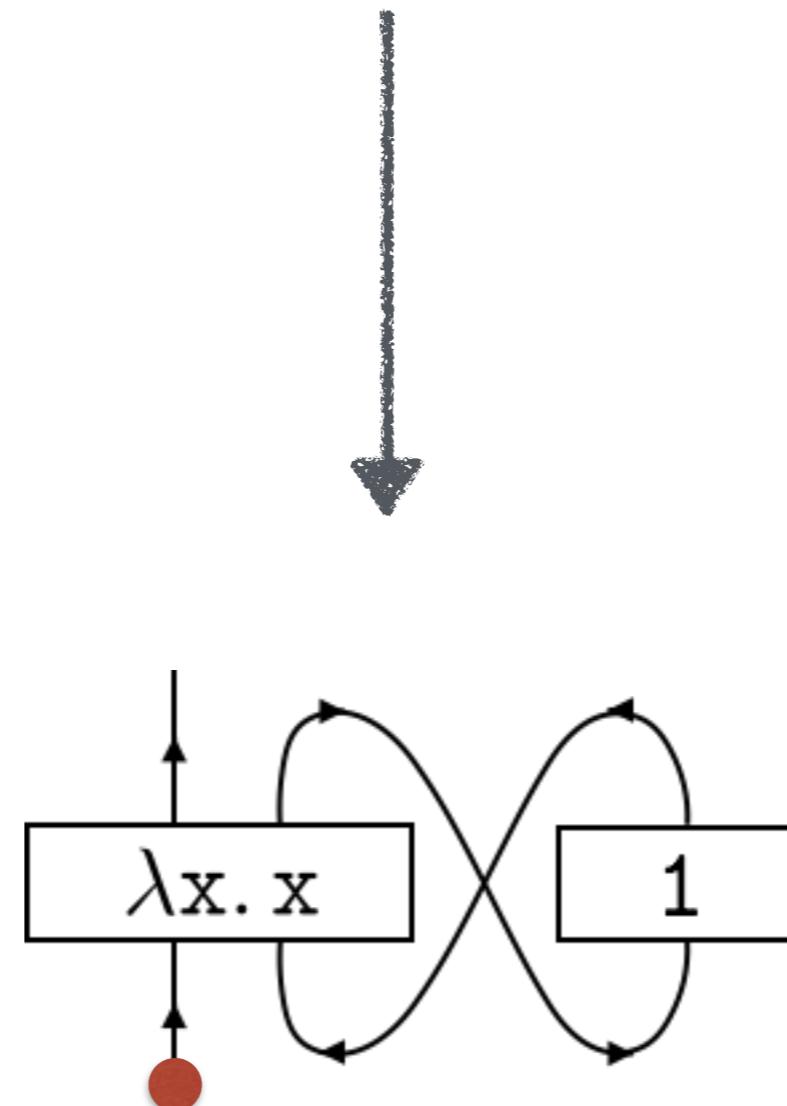


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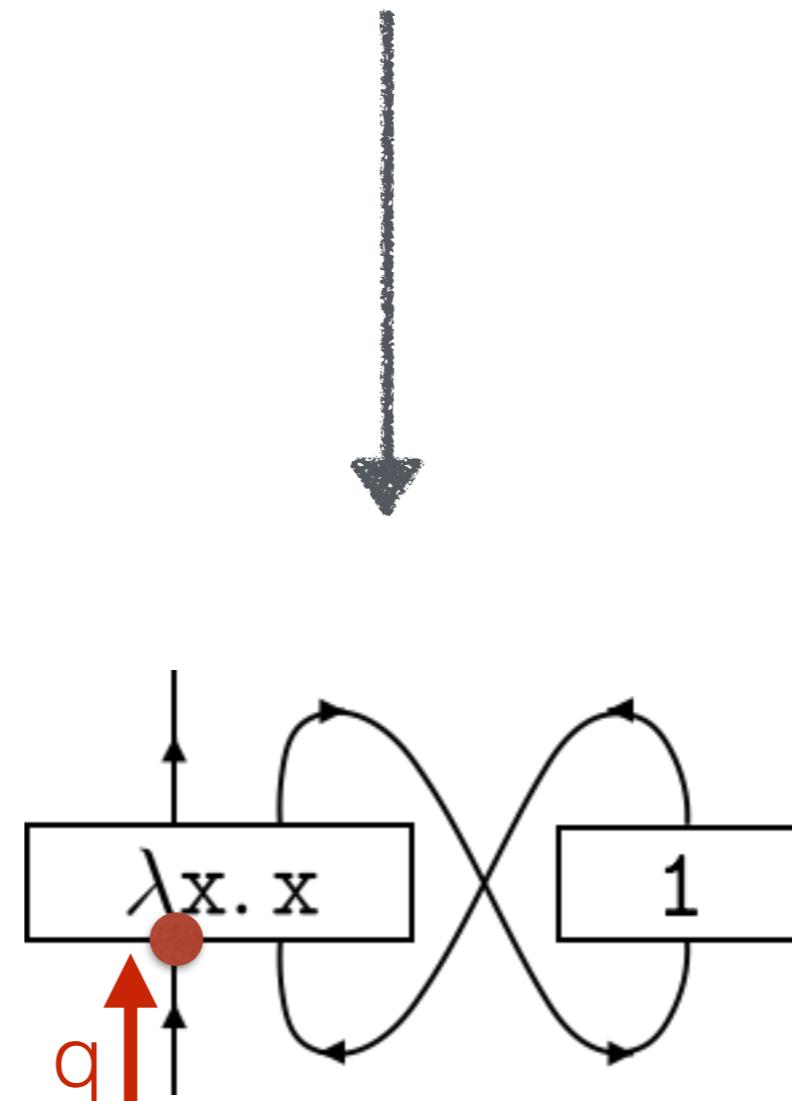


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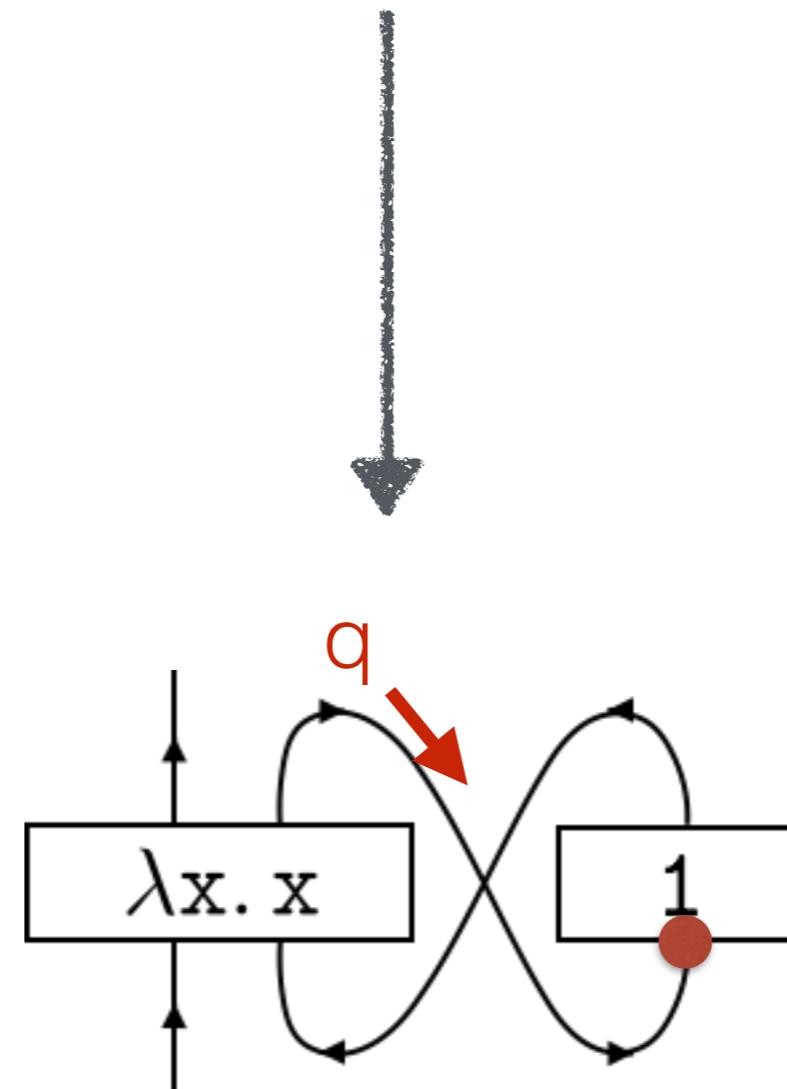


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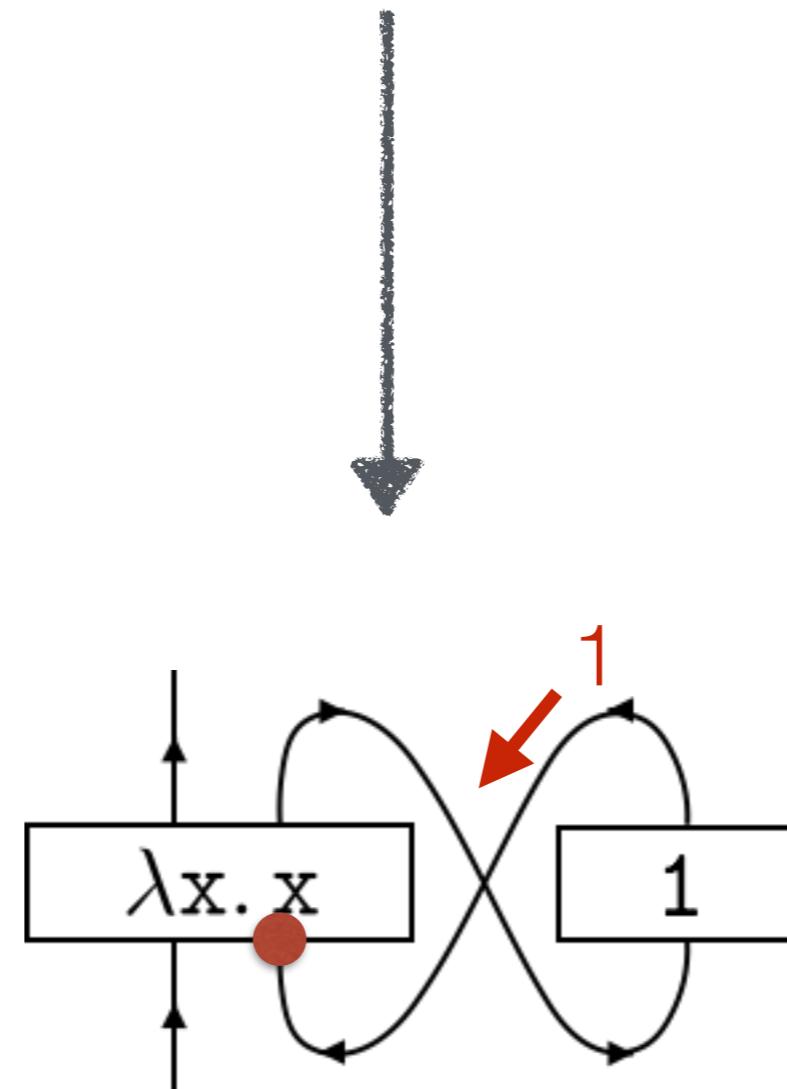


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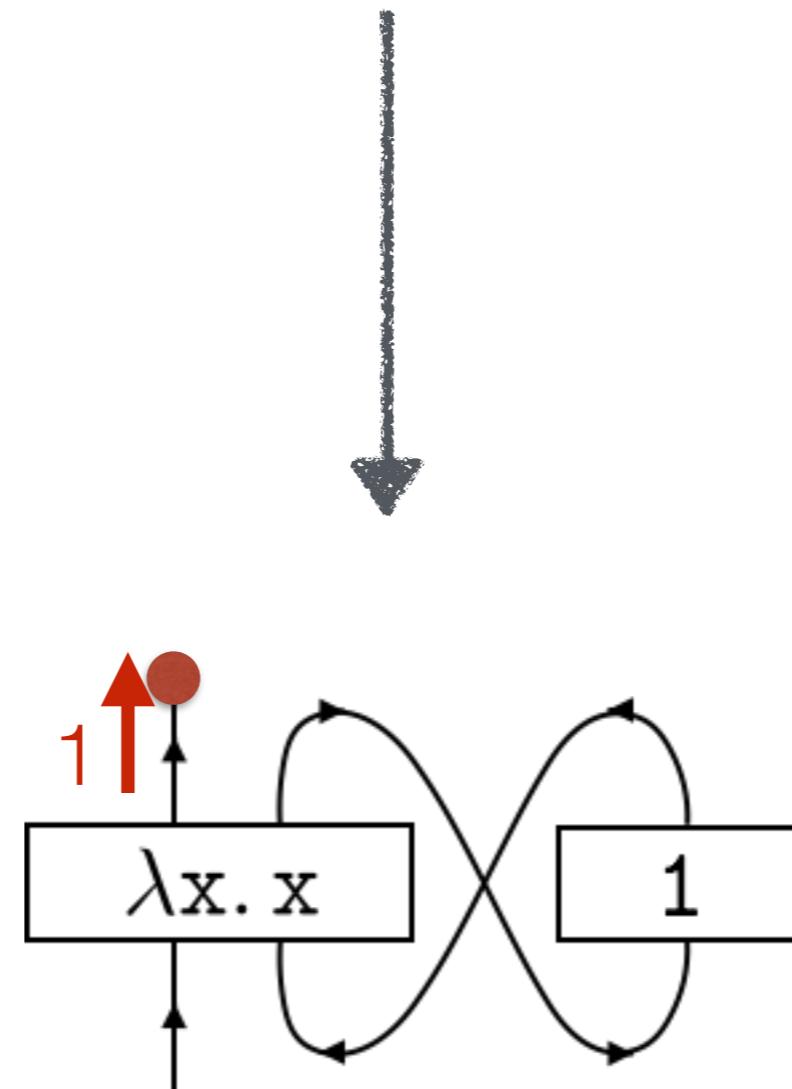


Token Machine Semantics

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Token Machine Semantics

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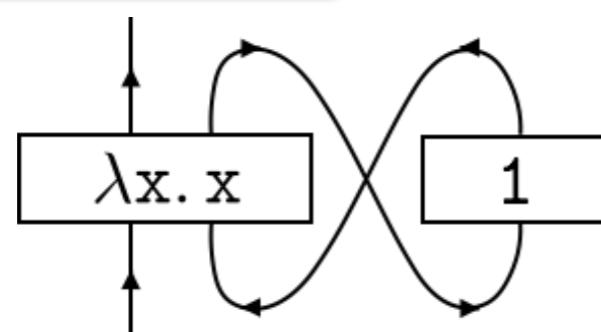
- applications to compilation

[Mackie '95] [Pinto '01] [Ghica '07]

- categorical formalization

[Abramsky et al. '02]

token
machines



Token Machine Semantics

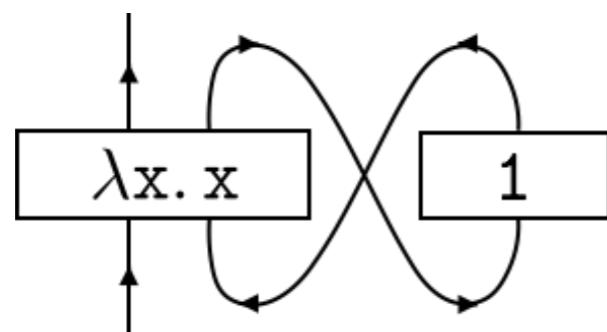
PCF terms

+ computational effects

$$(\lambda x. x) 1$$



token
machines



Token Machine Semantics

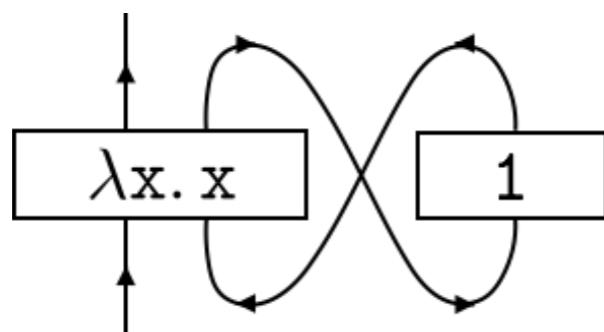
PCF terms

recursion

+ computational effects

$$(\lambda x. x) 1$$

token
machines



Token Machine Semantics

PCF terms

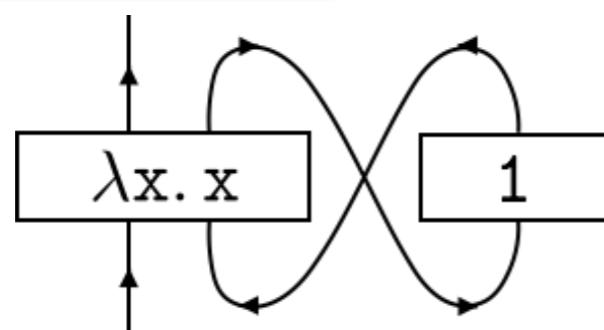
recursion

+ computational effects

$$(\lambda x. x) 1$$

- memoryful Gol [Hoshino, — & Hasuo '14]

token
machines



Token Machine Semantics

PCF terms

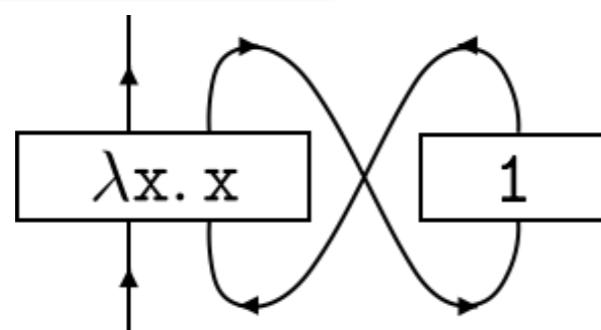
recursion

+ computational effects

$$(\lambda x. x) 1$$

- memoryful Gol [Hoshino, — & Hasuo '14]
- memoryful Gol II

token
machines



Memoryful Gol

effectful
PCF terms

call-by-value PCF terms

with algebraic operations [Plotkin & Power '01]



transducers

- nondeterministic choice
- probabilistic choice
- actions on global states

$\text{choose}(M, N)$

$\text{choose}_p(M, N)$

$\text{lookup}_\ell(M_{v_0}, \dots, M_{v_n})$

$\text{update}_{\ell,v}(M)$

Memoryful Go

effectful
PCF terms

call-by-value PCF terms

with algebraic operations [Plotkin & Power '01]



transducers

$$(\lambda x. M) V \rightarrow M[V/x]$$

$$\text{rec}(f, x). M \rightarrow (\lambda x. M) [\text{rec}(f, x). M/f]$$

$$\text{op}(M_1, \dots, M_n) \xrightarrow{\text{op}_i} M_i$$

$$\text{op}() \downarrow_{\text{op}}$$

Memoryful Gol

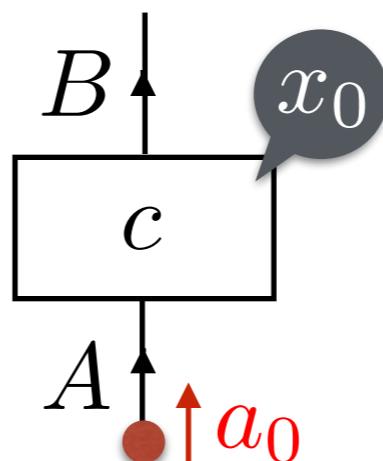
effectful
PCF terms



transducers

stream transducers (Mealy machines)

$$(X, c: X \times A \rightarrow T(X \times B), x_0 \in X): A \rightarrow B$$



Memoryful Gol

effectful
PCF terms



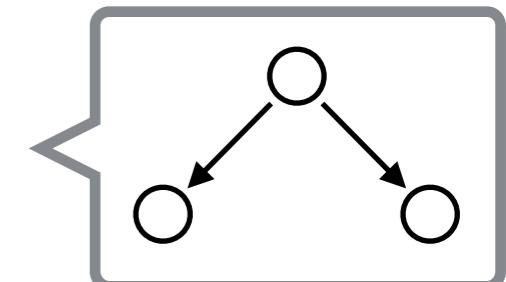
transducers

stream transducers (Mealy machines)

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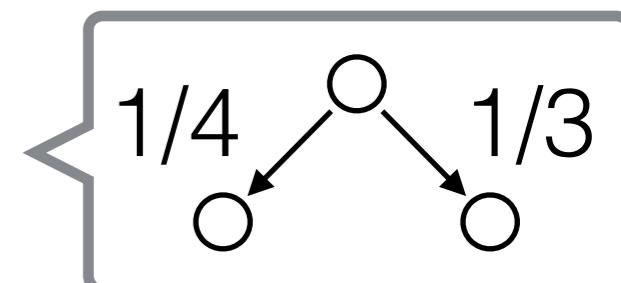
- nondeterministic transitions

$$TX = \mathcal{P}(X)$$



- probabilistic transitions

$$TX = \mathcal{D}_{\leq 1}(X)$$



- transitions with global states

$$TX = (1 + X \times S)^S$$

Memoryful Gol

effectful
PCF terms



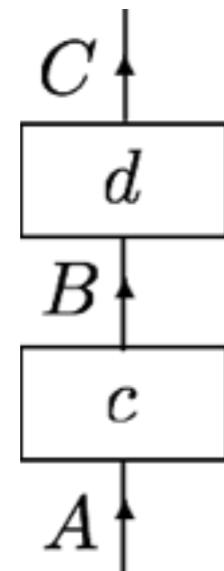
compositional translation
via coalgebraic component calculus

[Barbosa '03] [Hasuo, Jacobs '11]

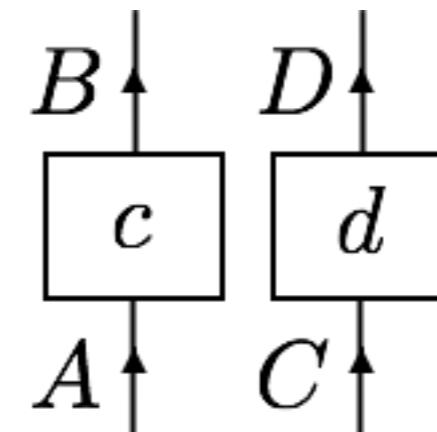
transducers

Component Calculus

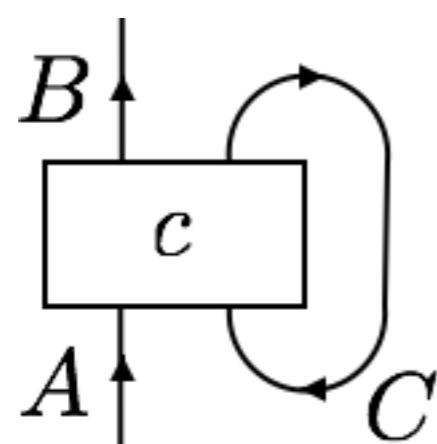
sequential composition



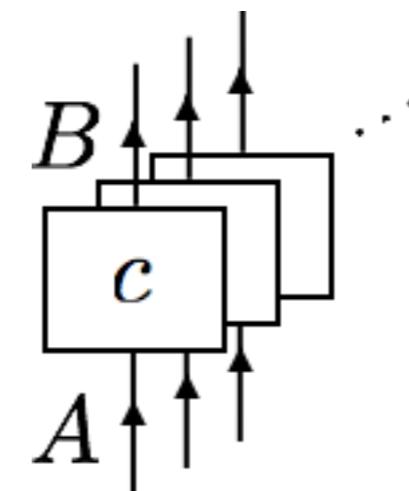
parallel composition



trace operator

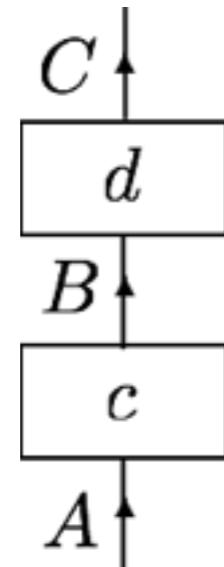


countable copy operator

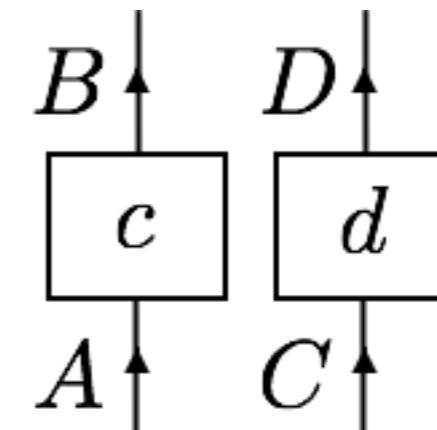


Component Calculus

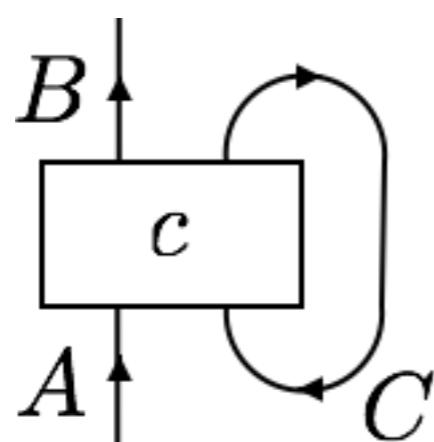
sequential composition



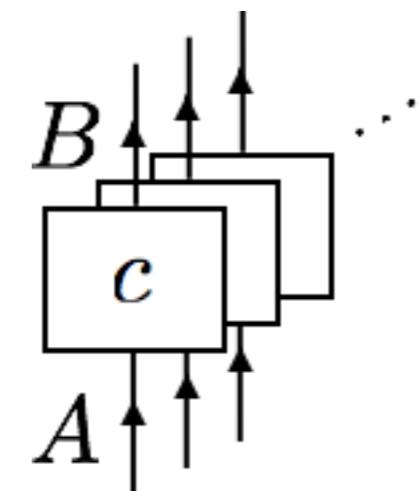
parallel composition



trace operator

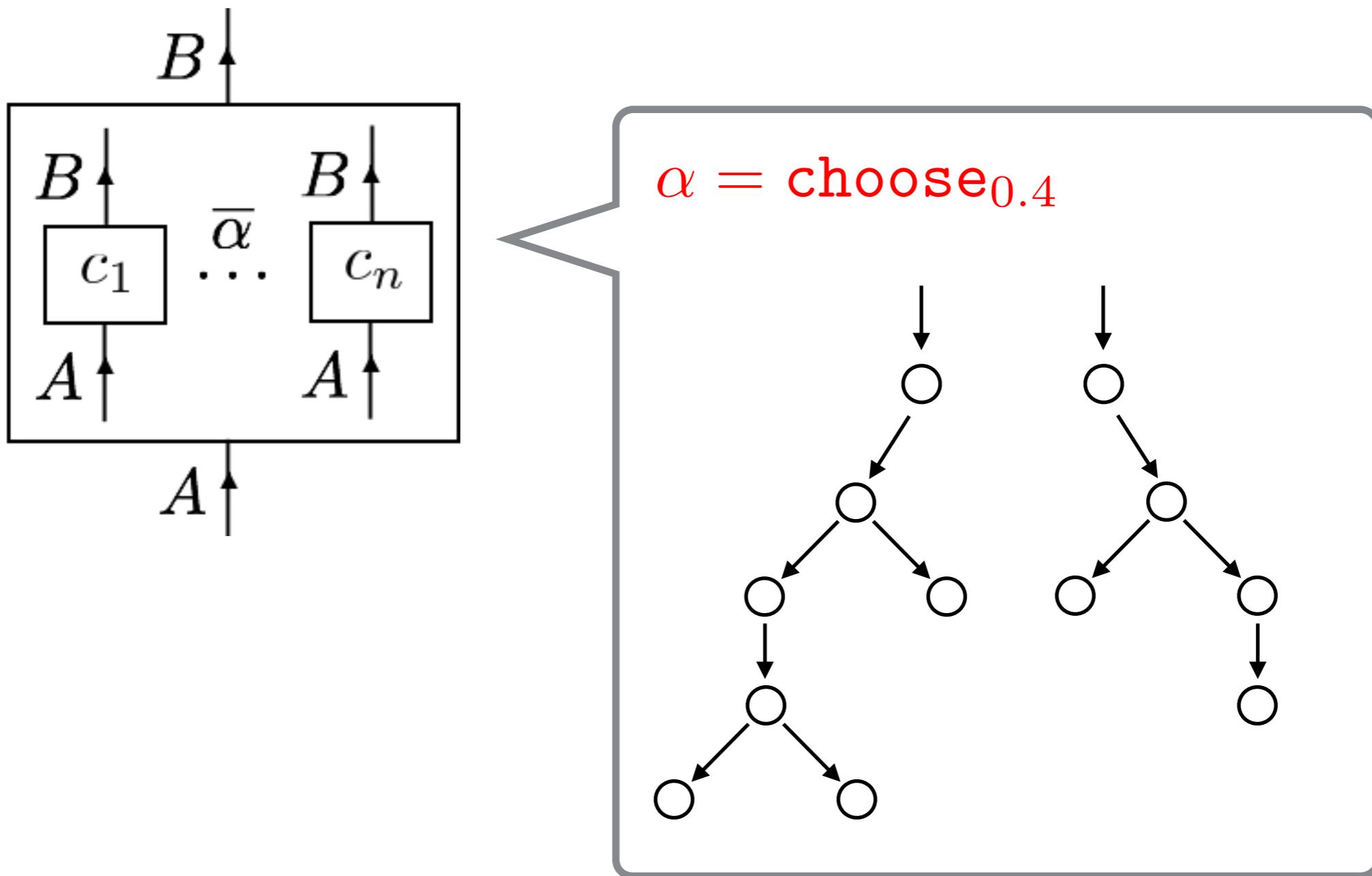


countable copy operator



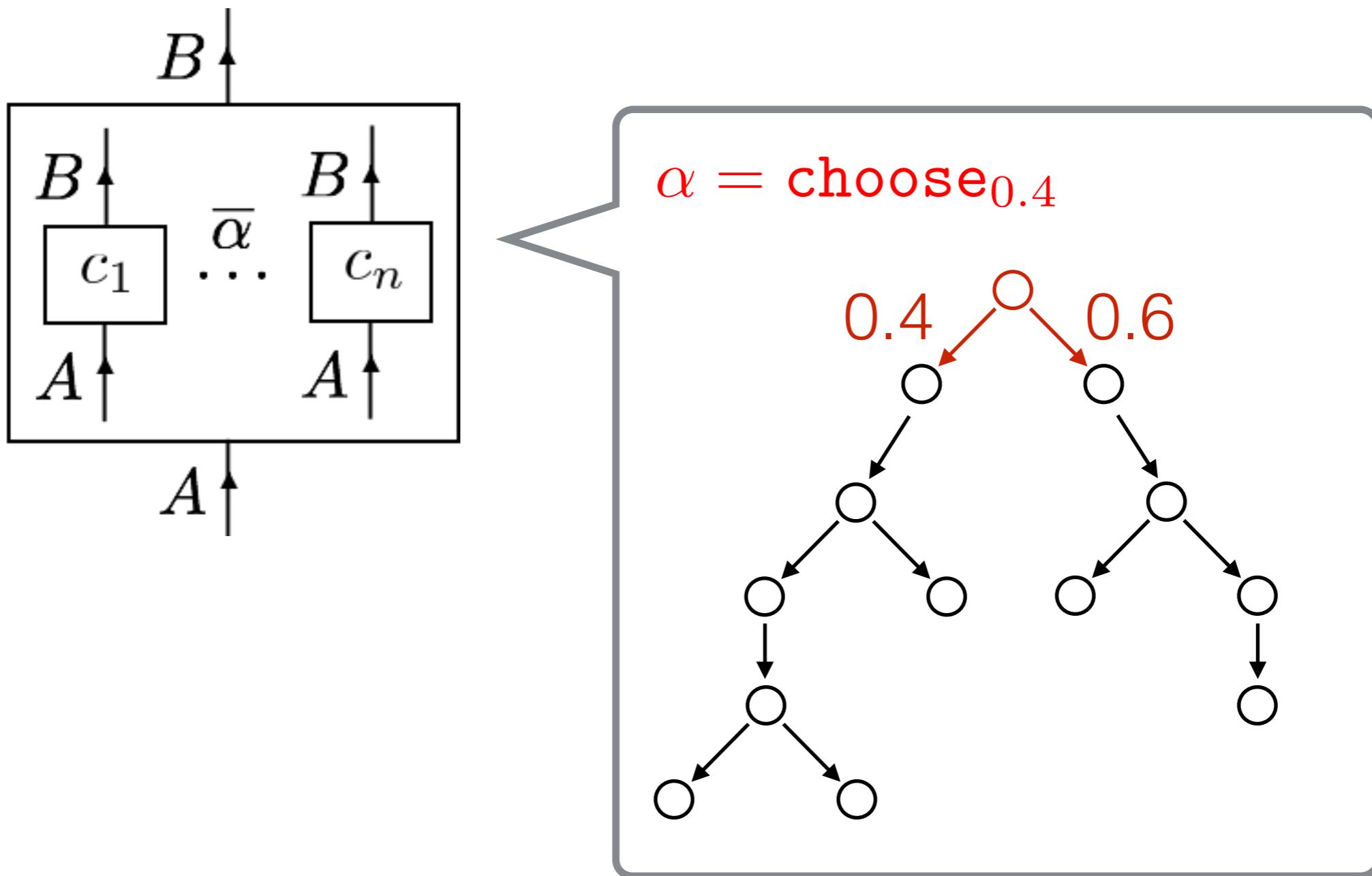
Component Calculus for Effects

lifted algebraic operations



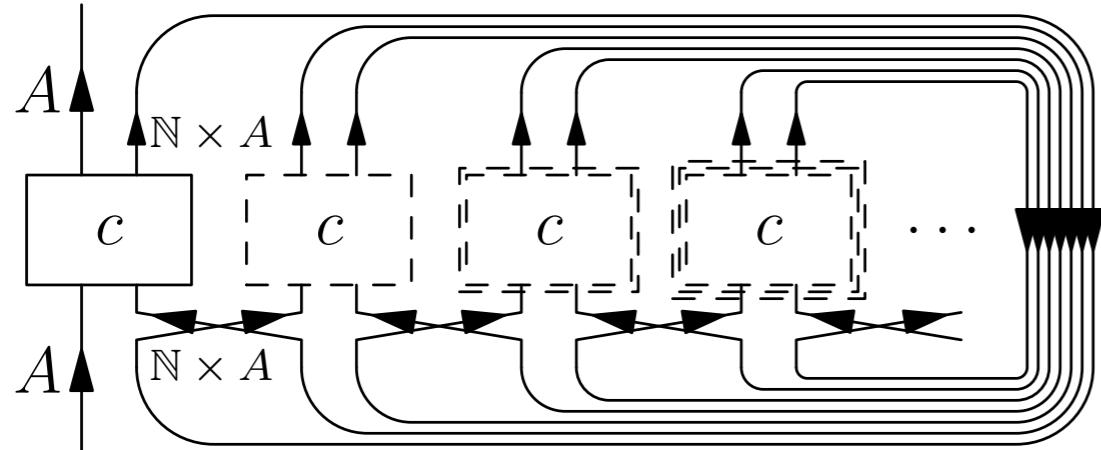
Component Calculus for Effects

lifted algebraic operations

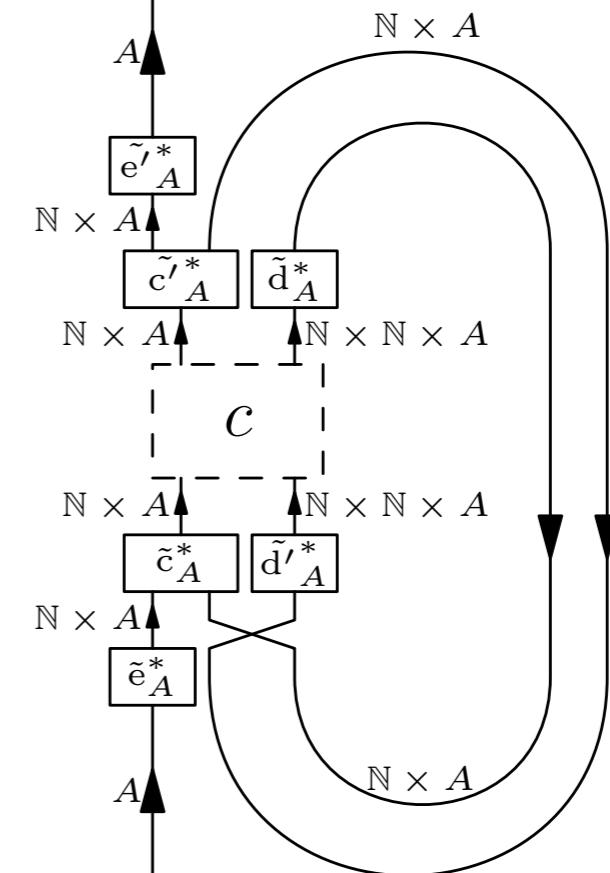


Component Calculus for Recursion

Girard style
fixed point operator

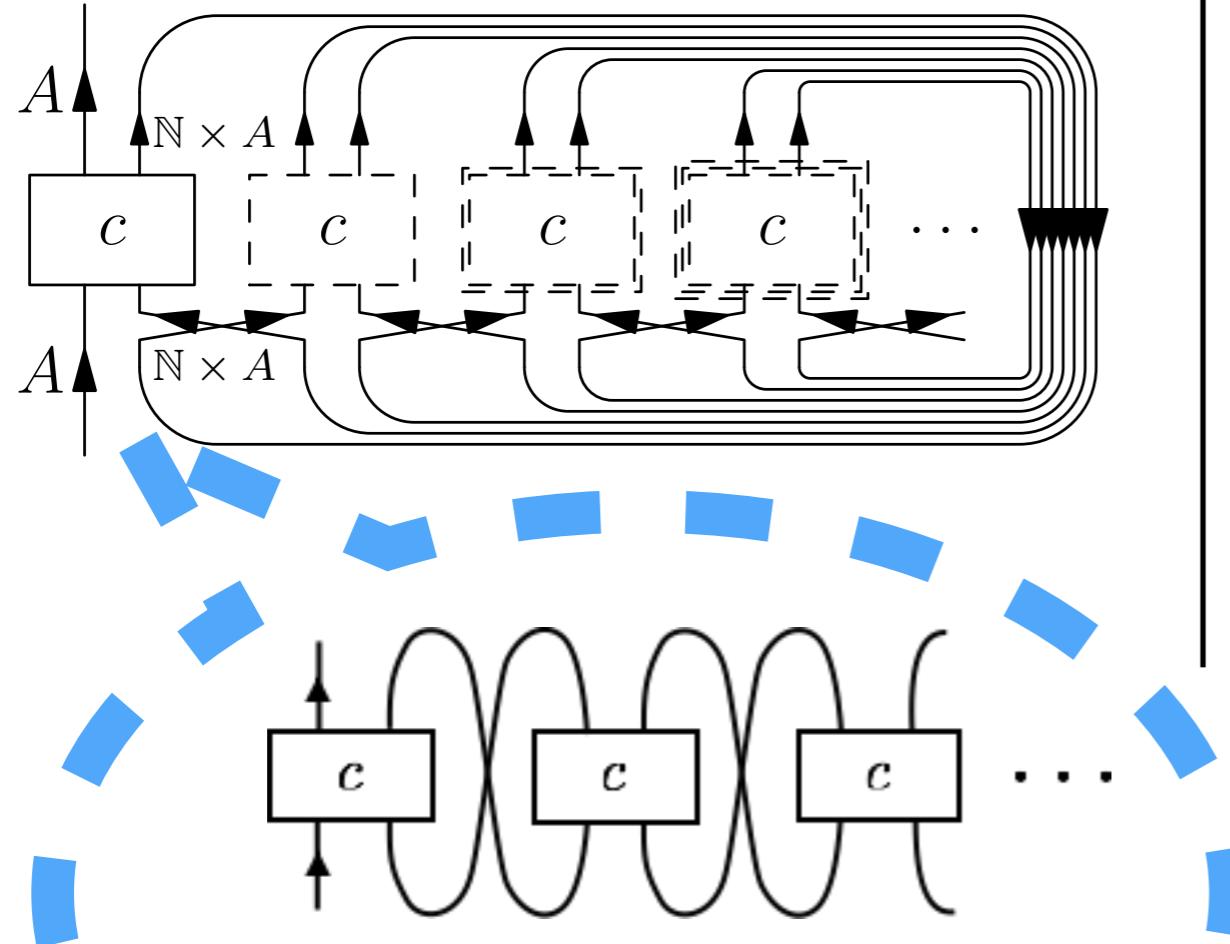


Mackie style
fixed point operator



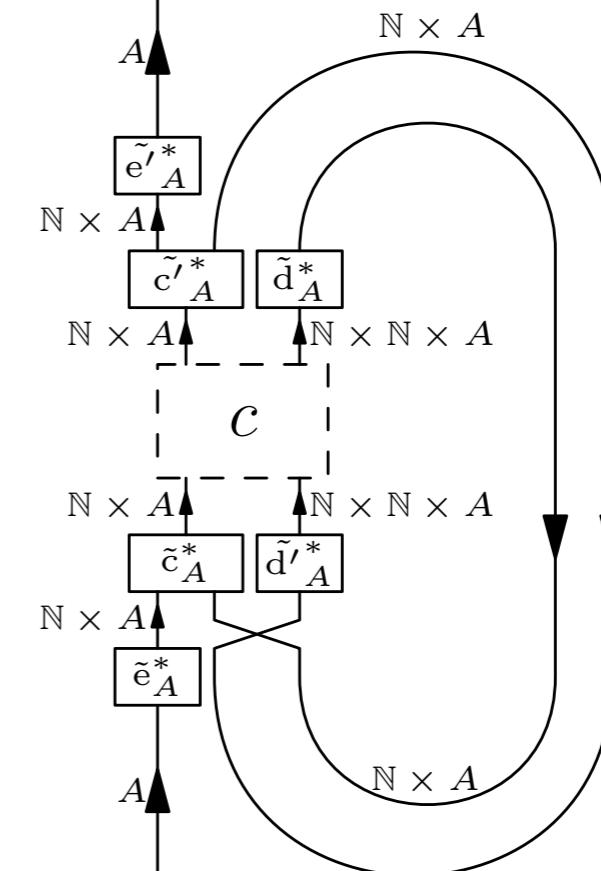
Component Calculus for Recursion

Girard style
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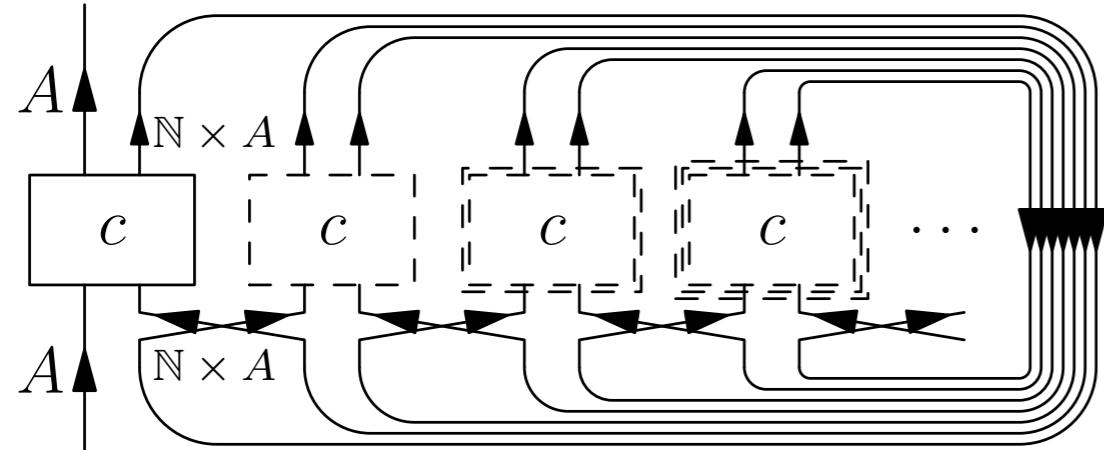
$$\text{fix}(F) = F(F(F(\dots)))$$

Mackie style
fixed point operator

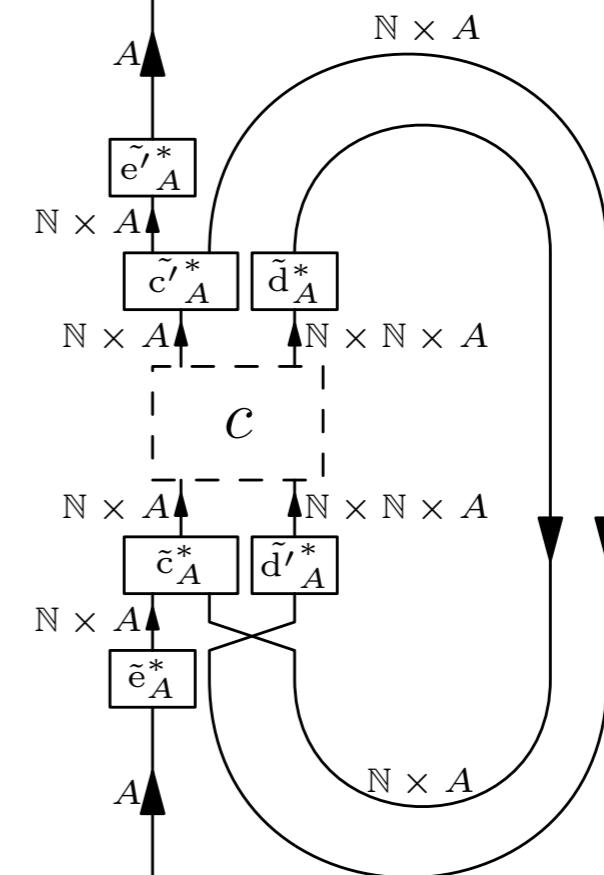


Component Calculus for Recursion

Girard style
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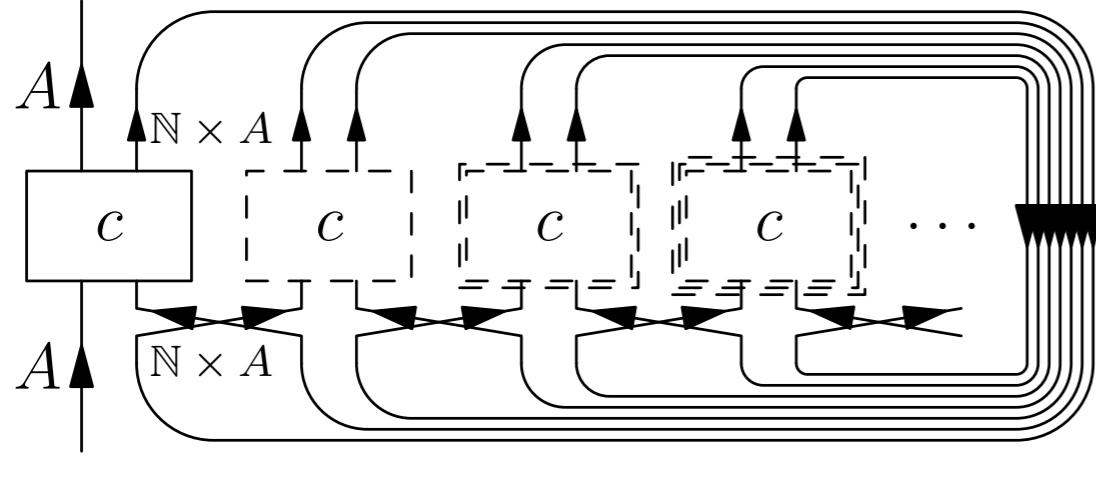


Mackie style
fixed point operator

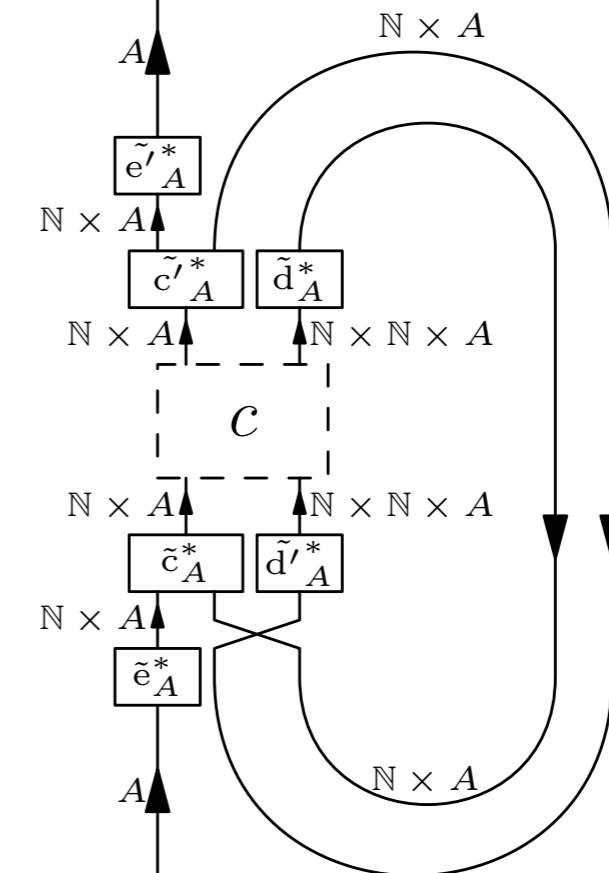


Component Calculus for Recursion

Girard style
fixed point operator



Mackie style
fixed point operator



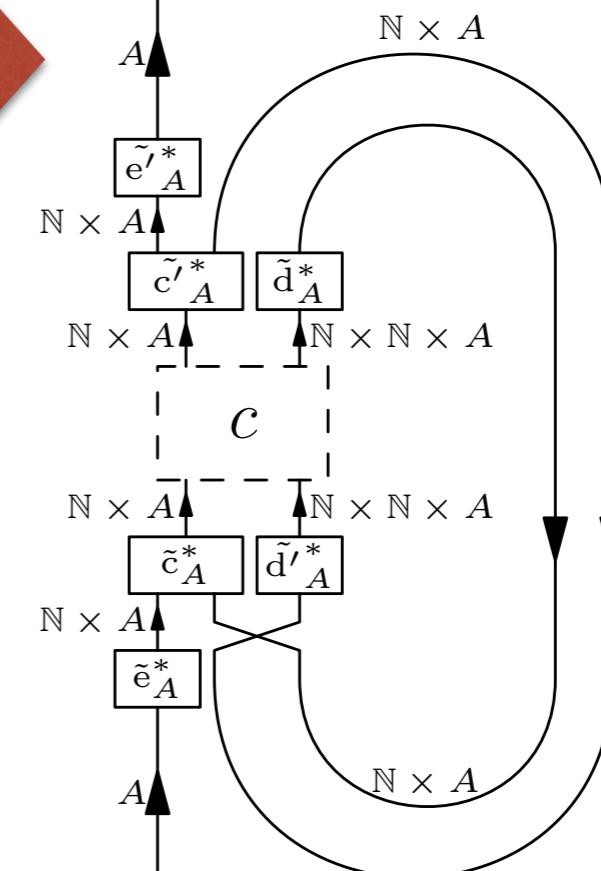
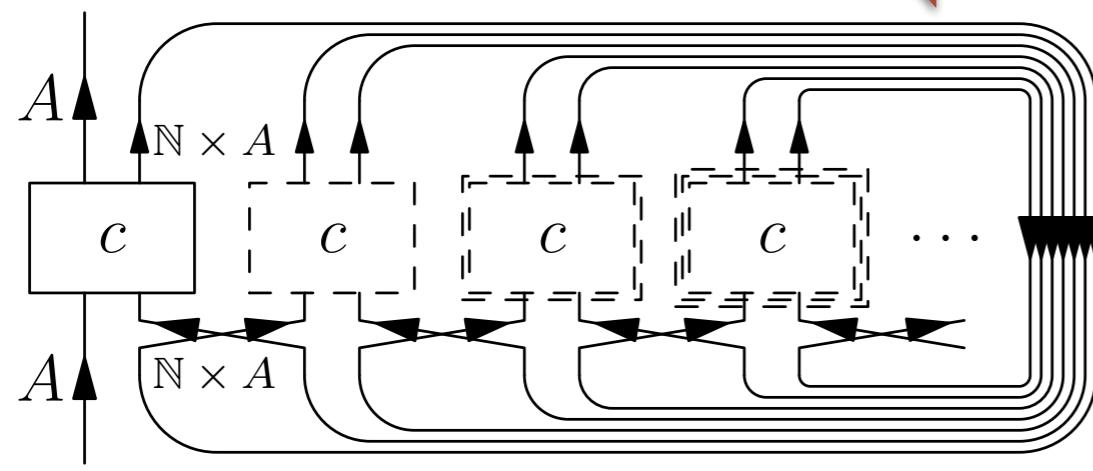
- fixed point wrt. “cross connection”
- supremum of finite approximations

Component Calculus for Recursion

Girard style
fixed point operator

Mackie style
fixed point operator

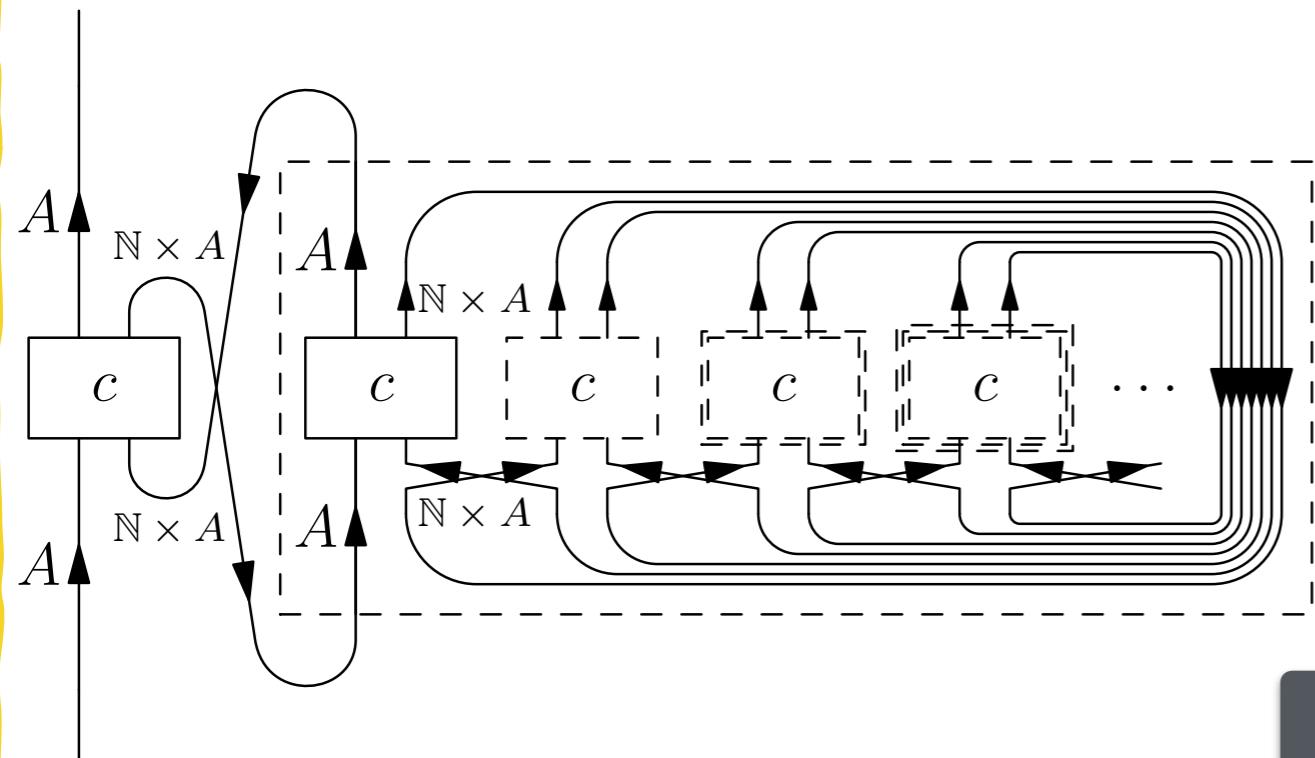
coincidence



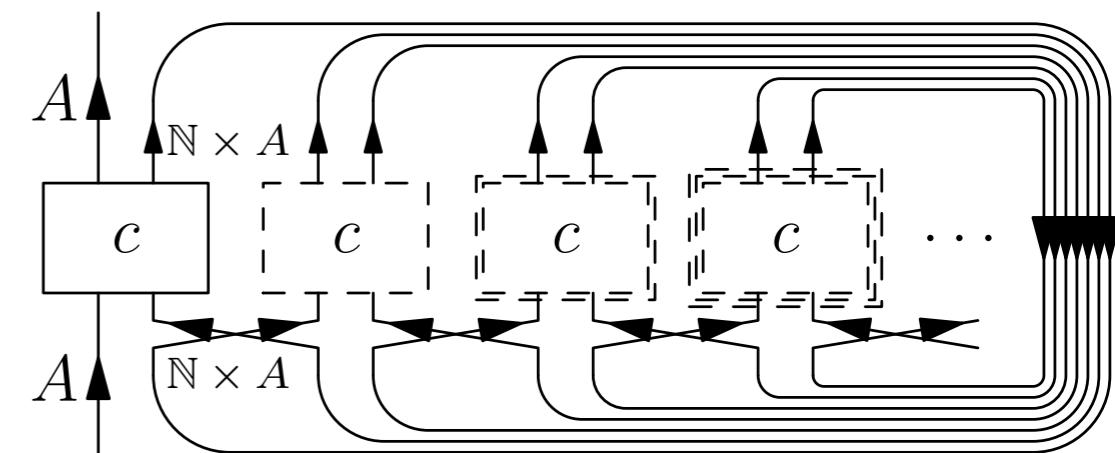
- fixed point wrt. “cross connection”
- supremum of finite approximations

Component Calculus for Recursion

Prop. (Girard style as **fixed point** wrt. “cross connection”)



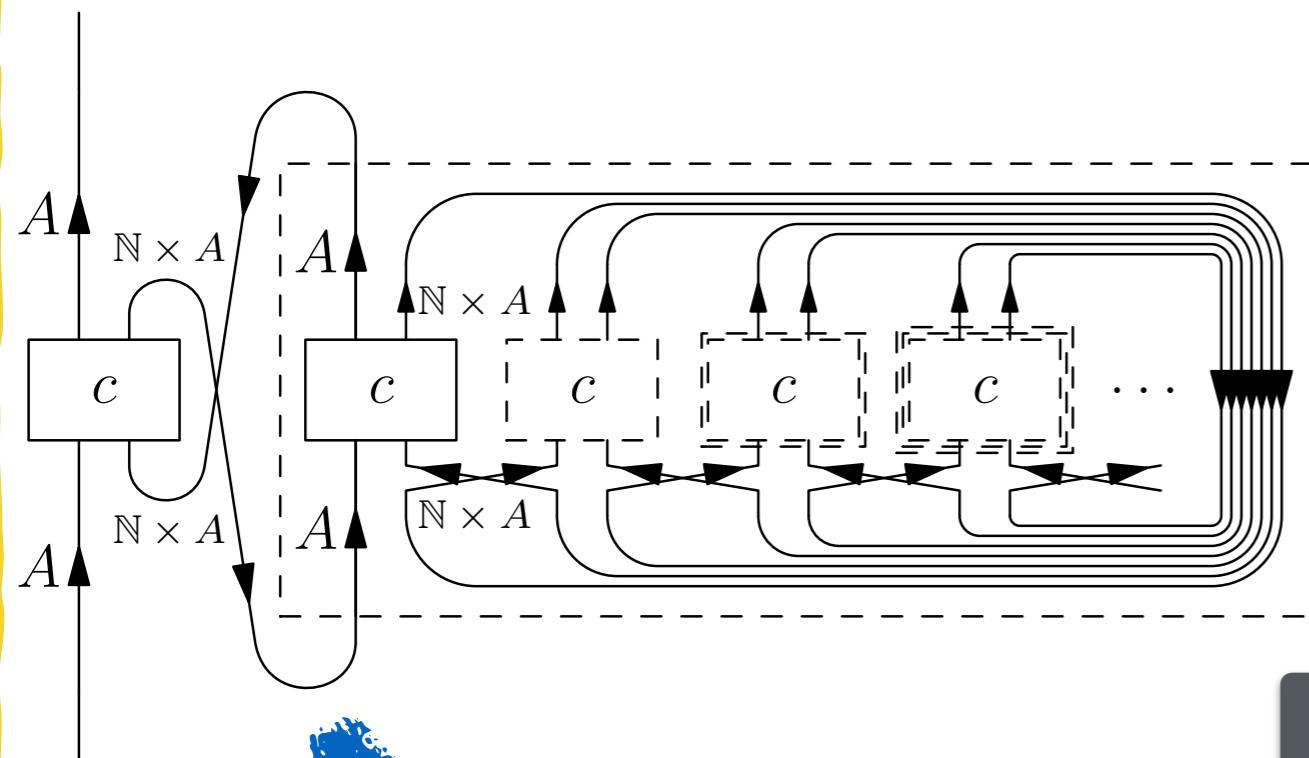
\approx



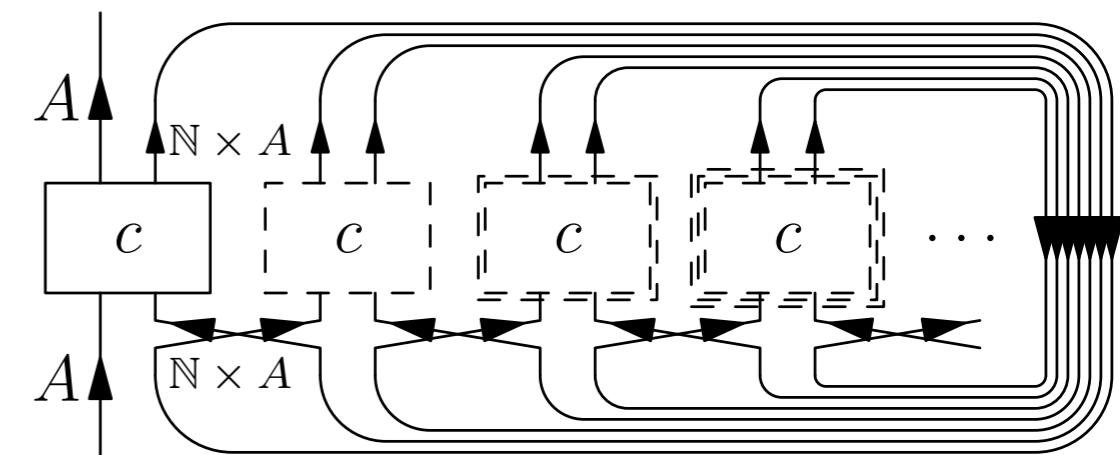
behavioral equivalence

Component Calculus for Recursion

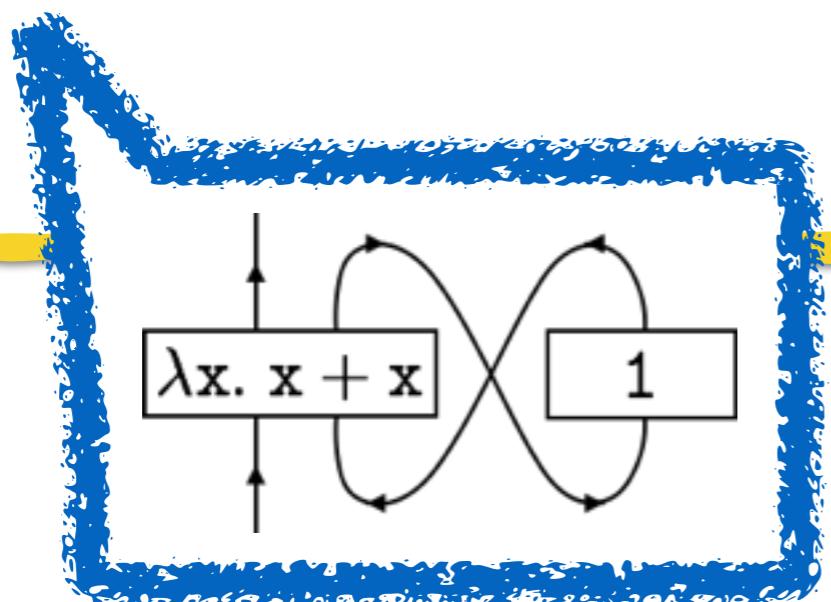
Prop. (Girard style as **fixed point** wrt. “cross connection”)



\approx

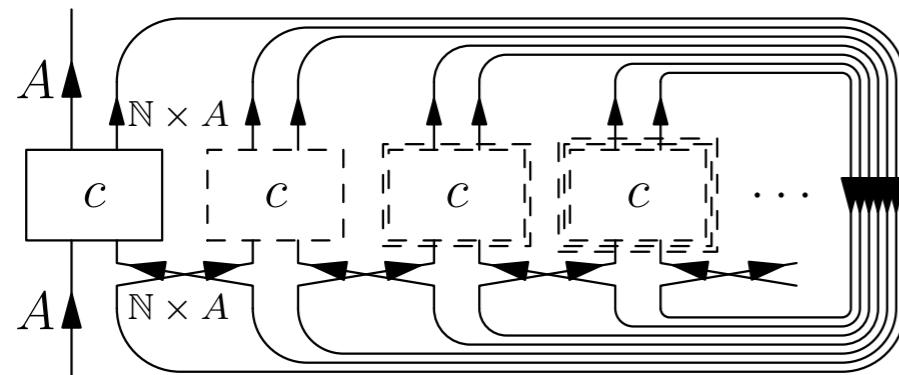


behavioral equivalence

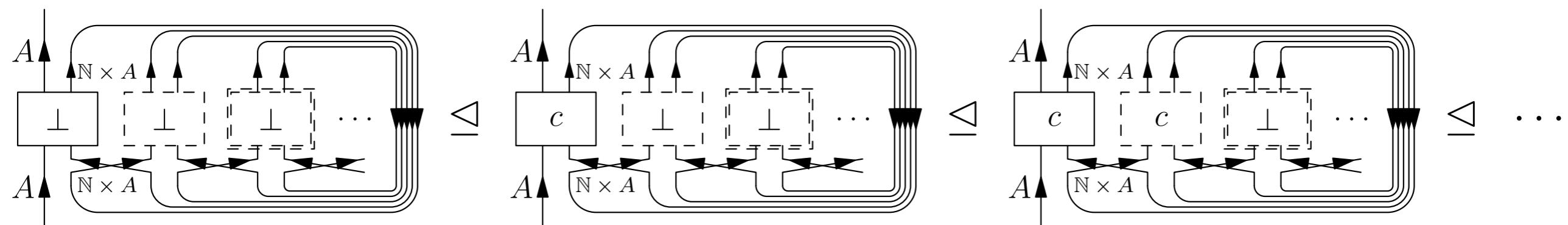


Component Calculus for Recursion

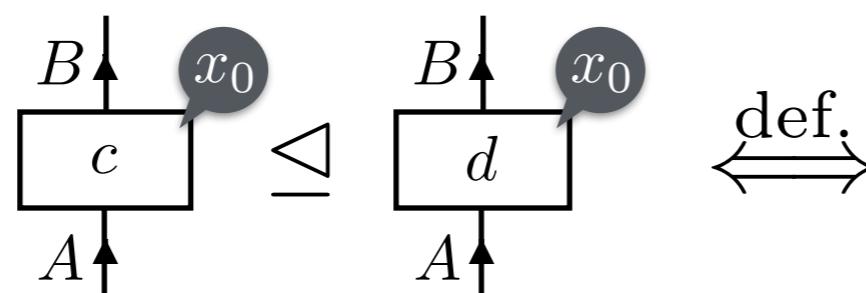
Prop. (Girard style as **supremum** of finite approximations)



is the supremum of the ω -chain



where

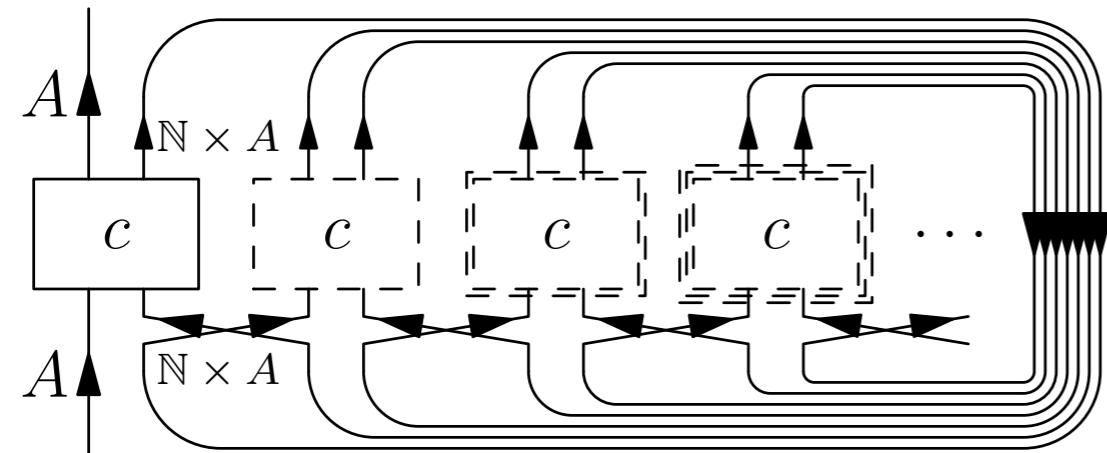


$T(X \times B)$

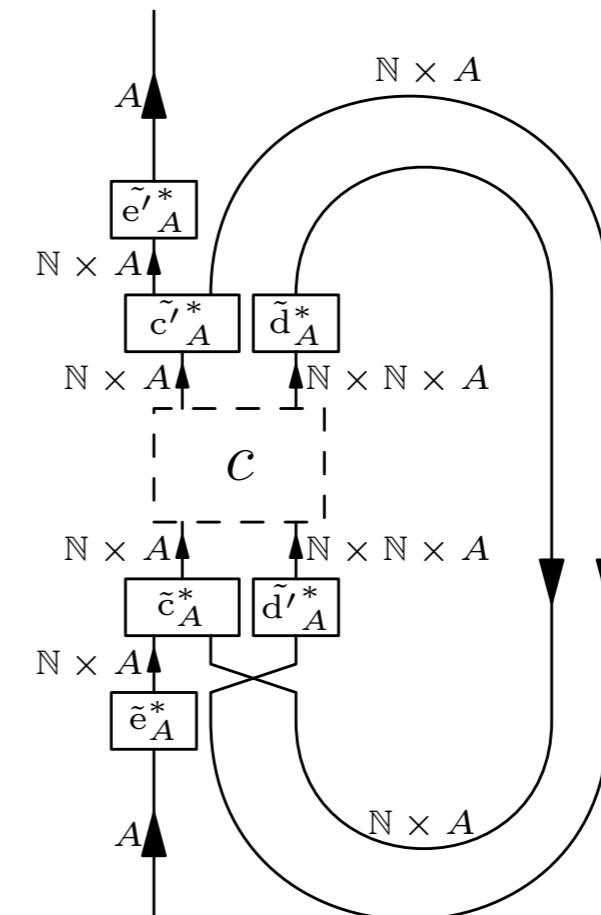
$$c \left(\sqsubseteq \right) d$$

Component Calculus for Recursion

Thm. (coincidence of Girard style & Mackie style)



\approx



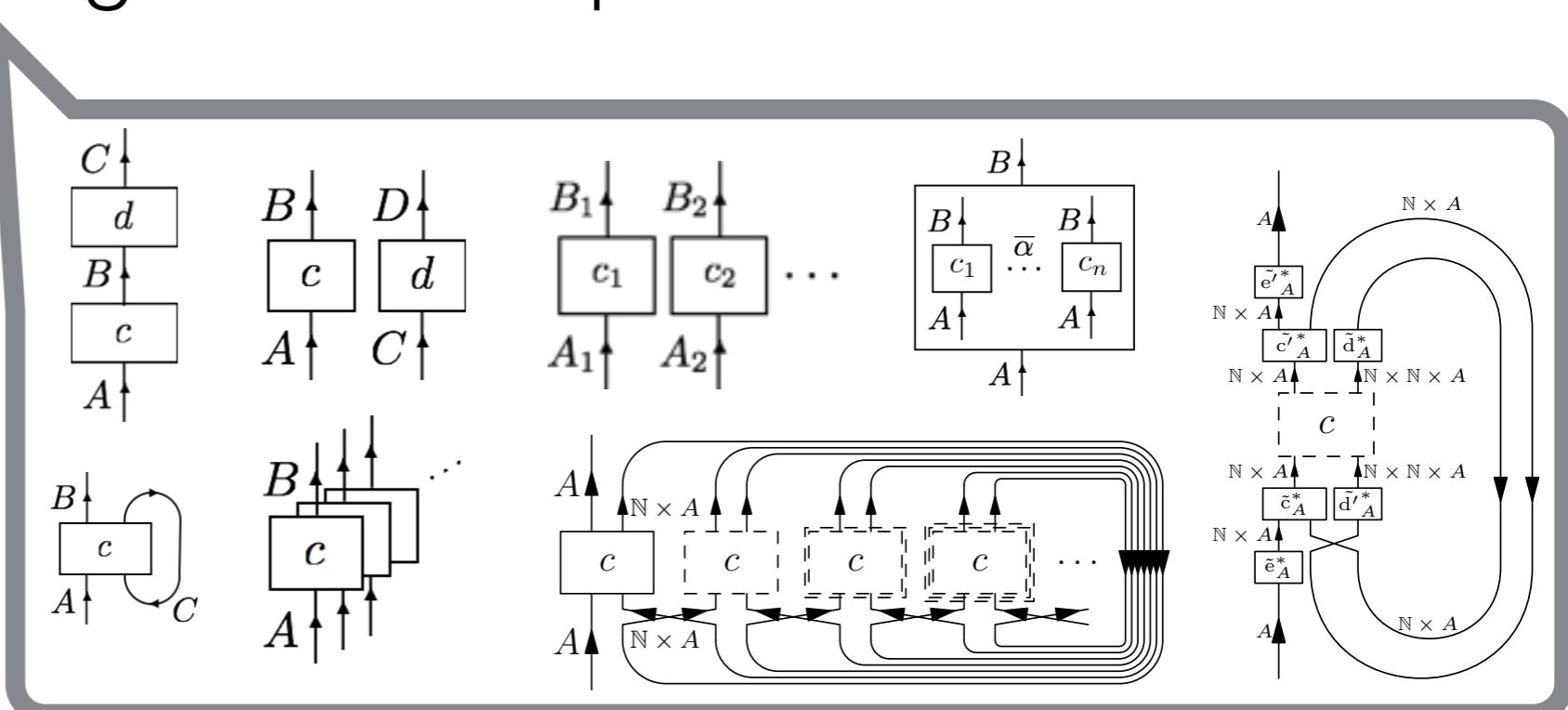
Memoryful Gol

effectful
PCF terms



compositional translation

via coalgebraic component calculus



transducers

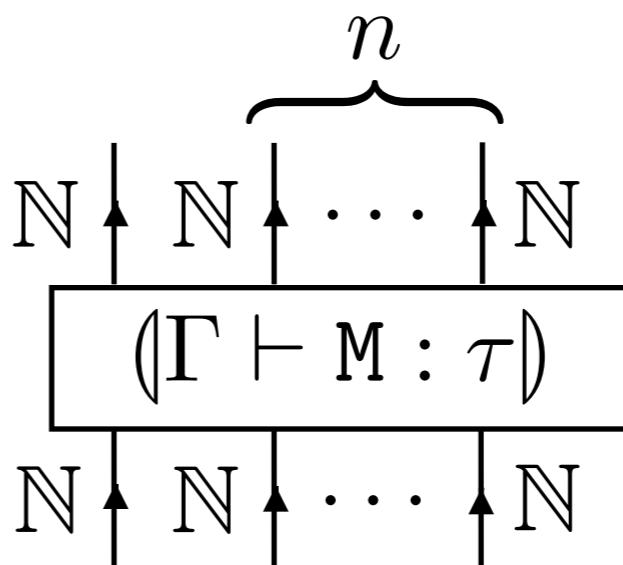
Translation

Def. (translation) $(\Gamma \vdash M : \tau)$

For a type judgement $(\Gamma \vdash M : \tau)$ ($\Gamma = x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_n : \tau_n$)

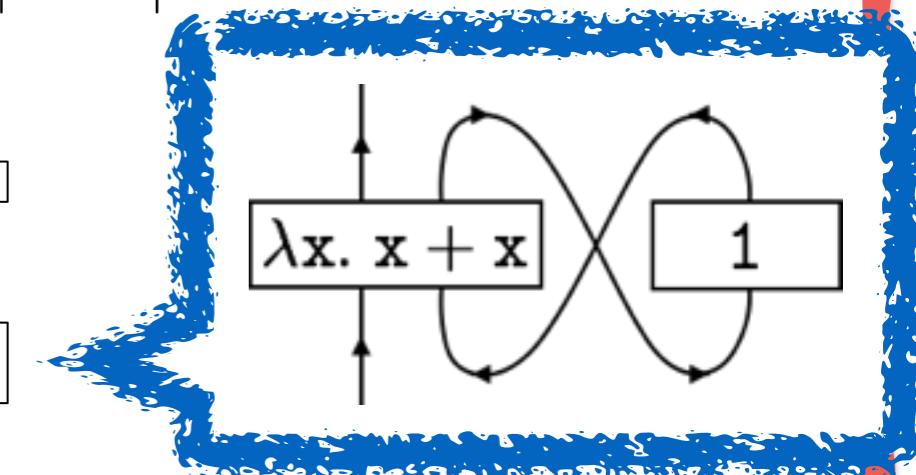
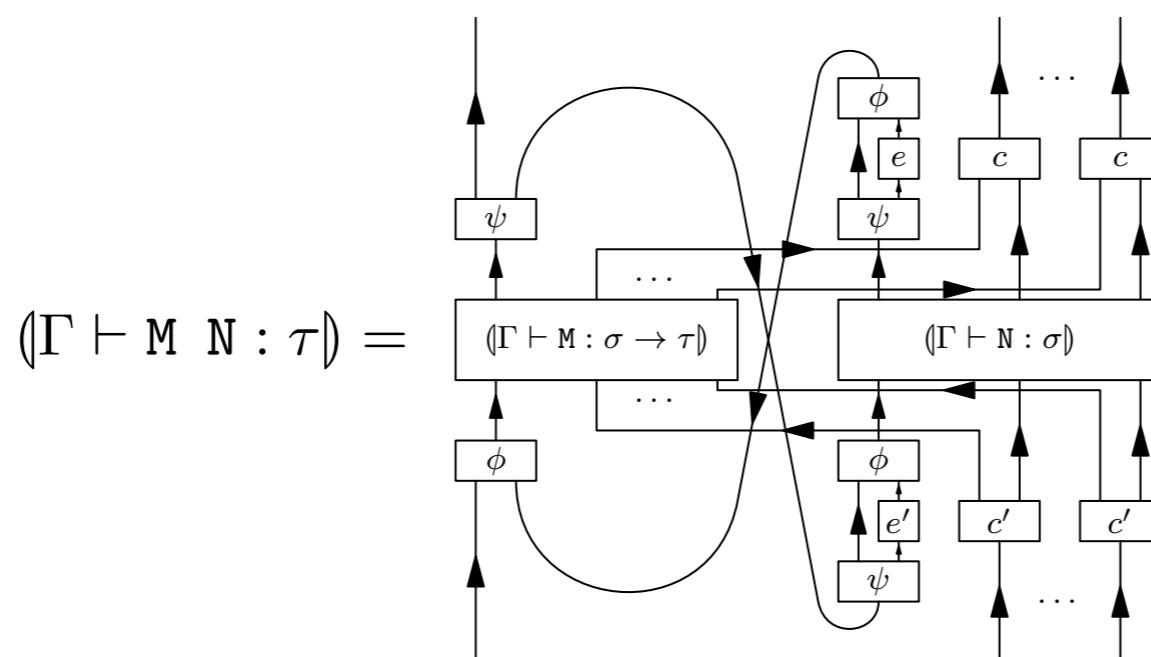
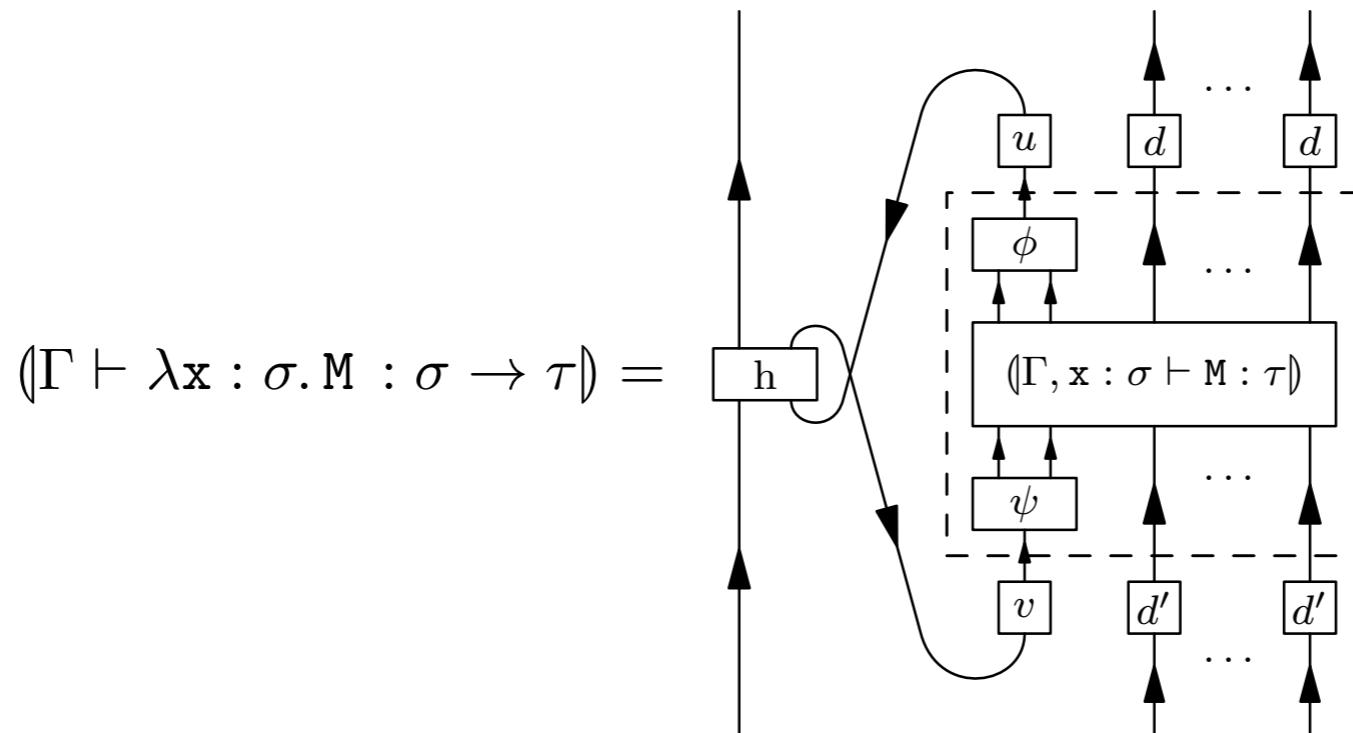
we inductively define

$$(\Gamma \vdash M : \tau) =$$



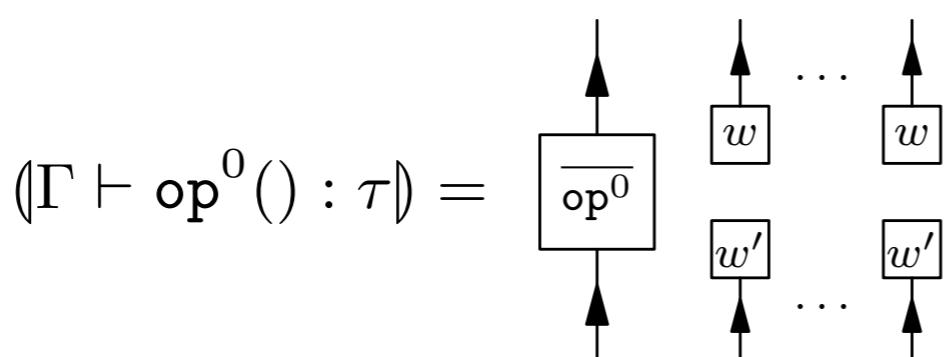
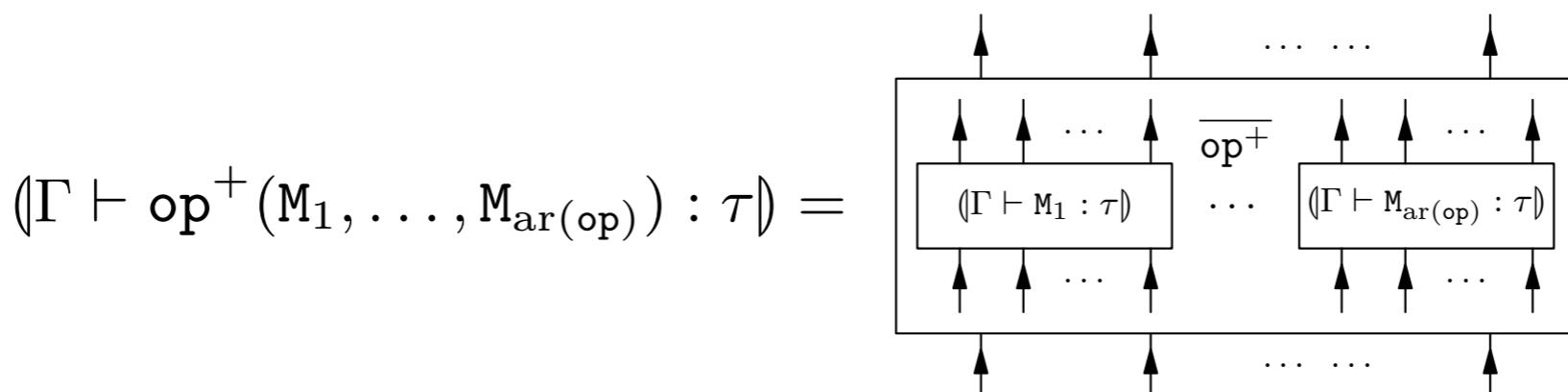
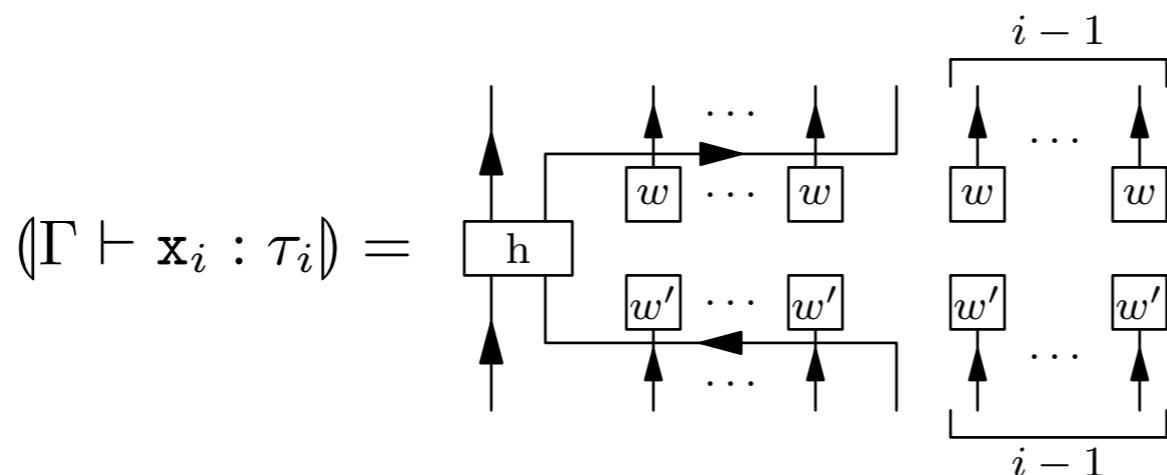
Translation

Def. (translation) ($\Gamma \vdash M : \tau$)



Translation

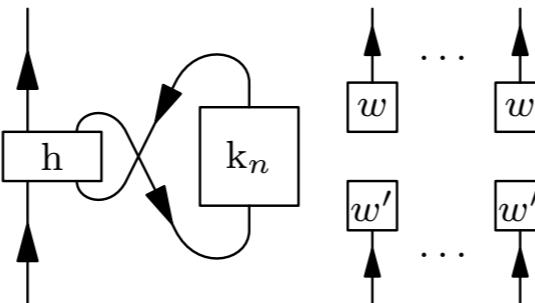
Def. (translation) ($\Gamma \vdash M : \tau$)



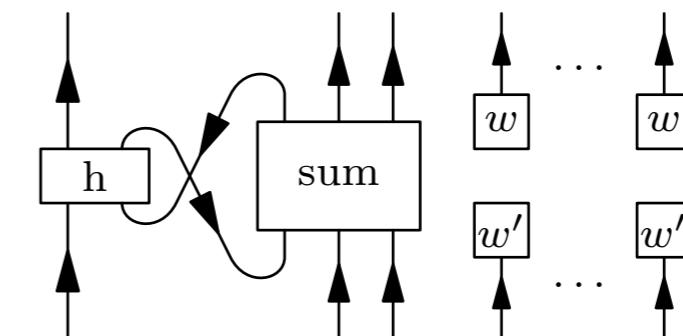
Translation

Def. (translation) ($\Gamma \vdash M : \tau$)

$(\Gamma \vdash n : \text{nat}) =$

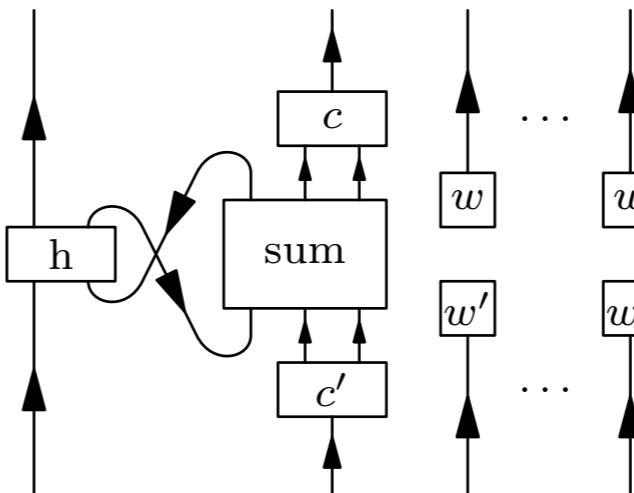


$(\Gamma, x : \text{nat}, y : \text{nat} \vdash x + y : \text{nat}) =$



(if $x \not\equiv y$)

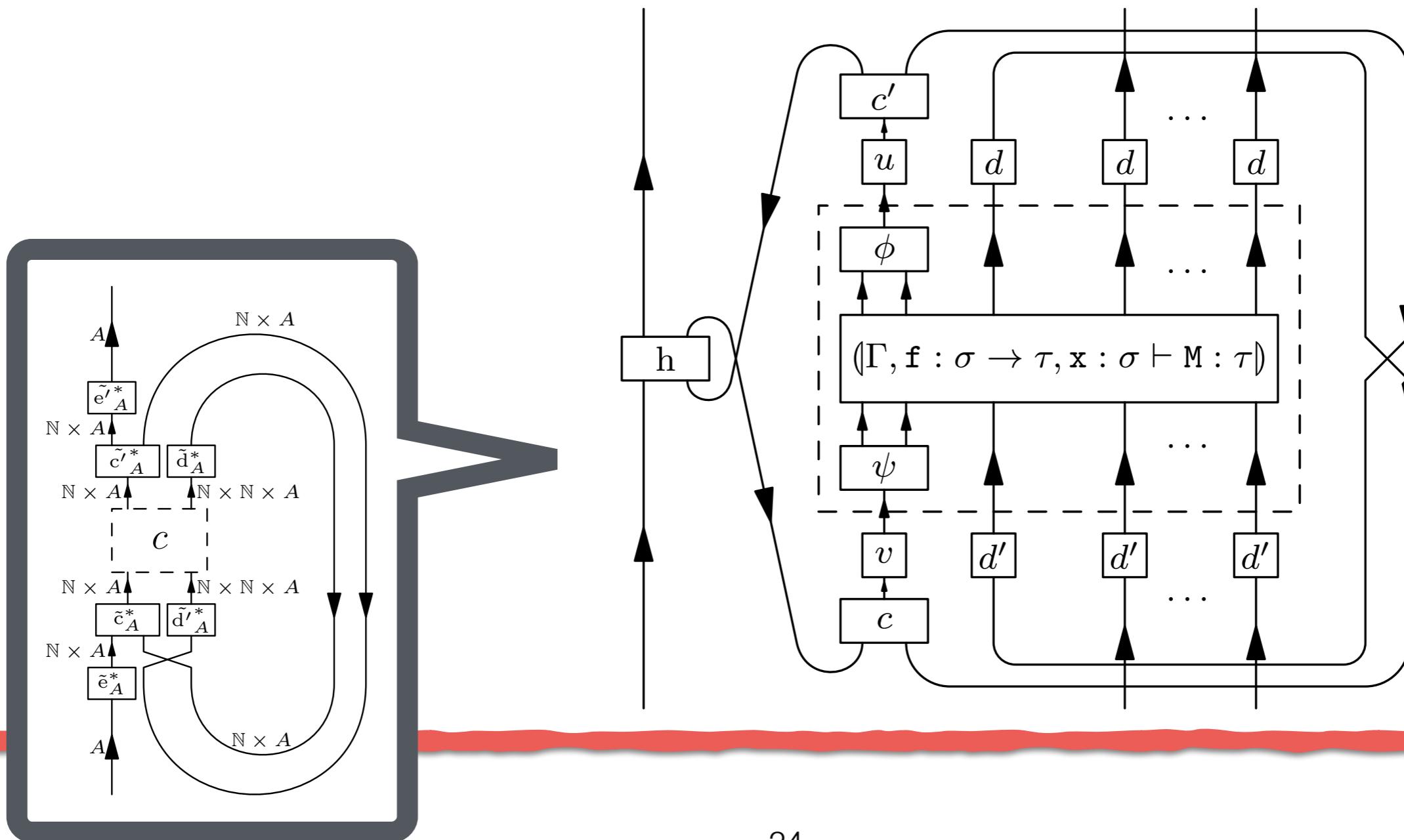
$(\Gamma, x : \text{nat} \vdash x + x : \text{nat}) =$



Translation

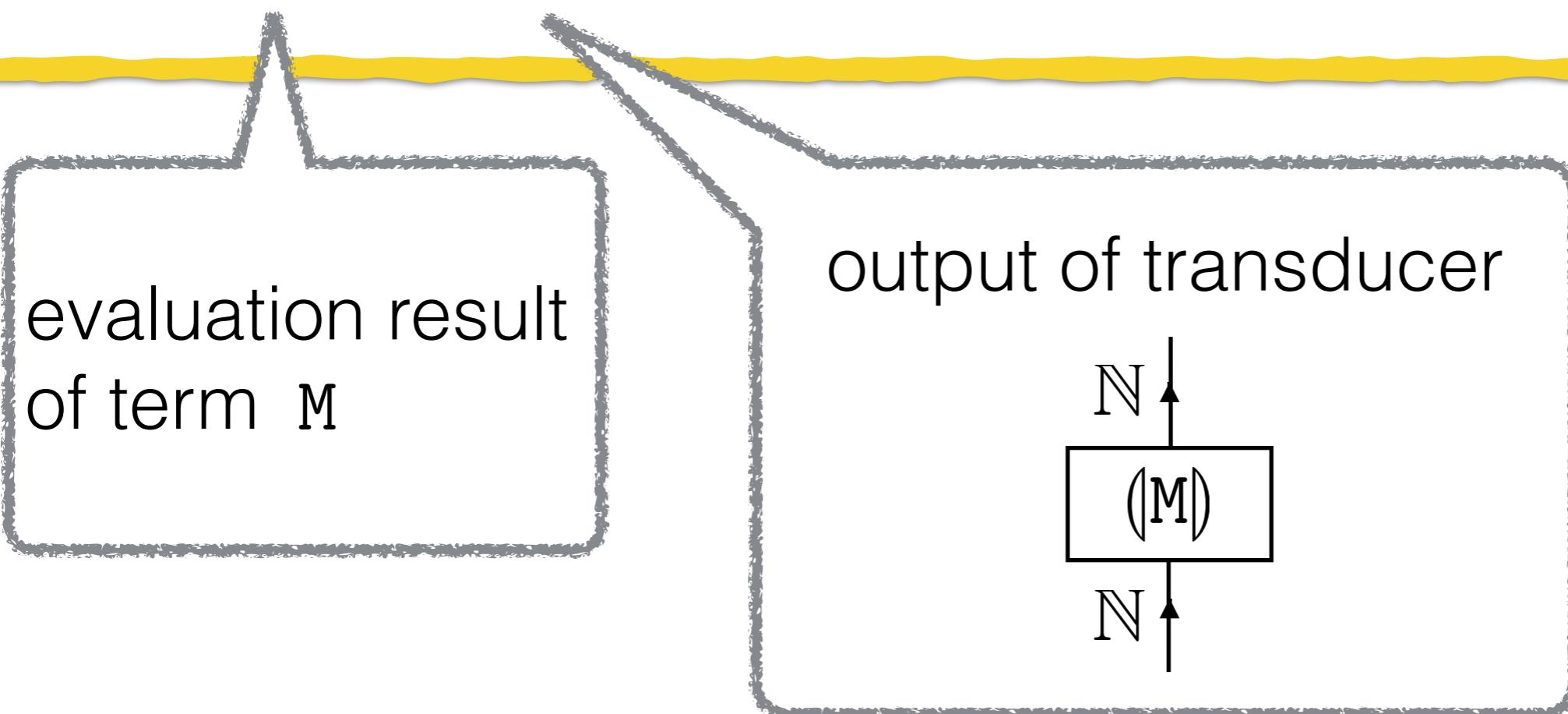
Def. (translation) ($\Gamma \vdash M : \tau$)

$(\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}(f : \sigma \rightarrow \tau, x : \sigma). M : \sigma \rightarrow \tau) =$



Translation

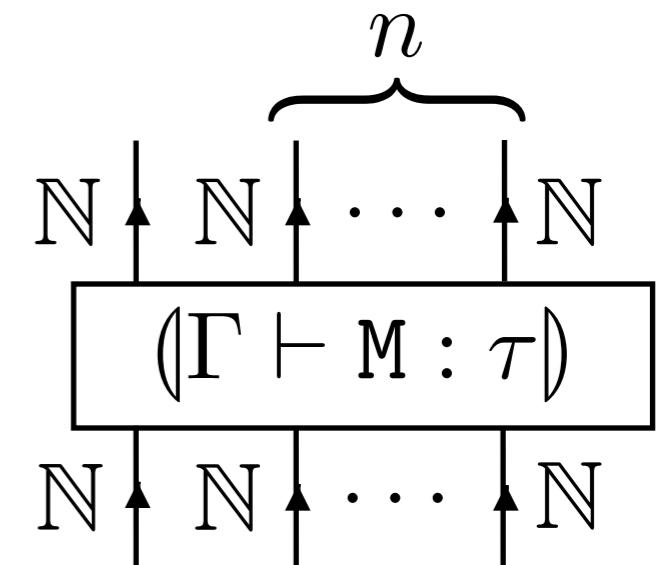
Theorem 6.4 (adequacy). Any closed term M of base type nat satisfies $\llbracket \llbracket M \rrbracket \rrbracket = (\llbracket M \rrbracket)^\dagger$.



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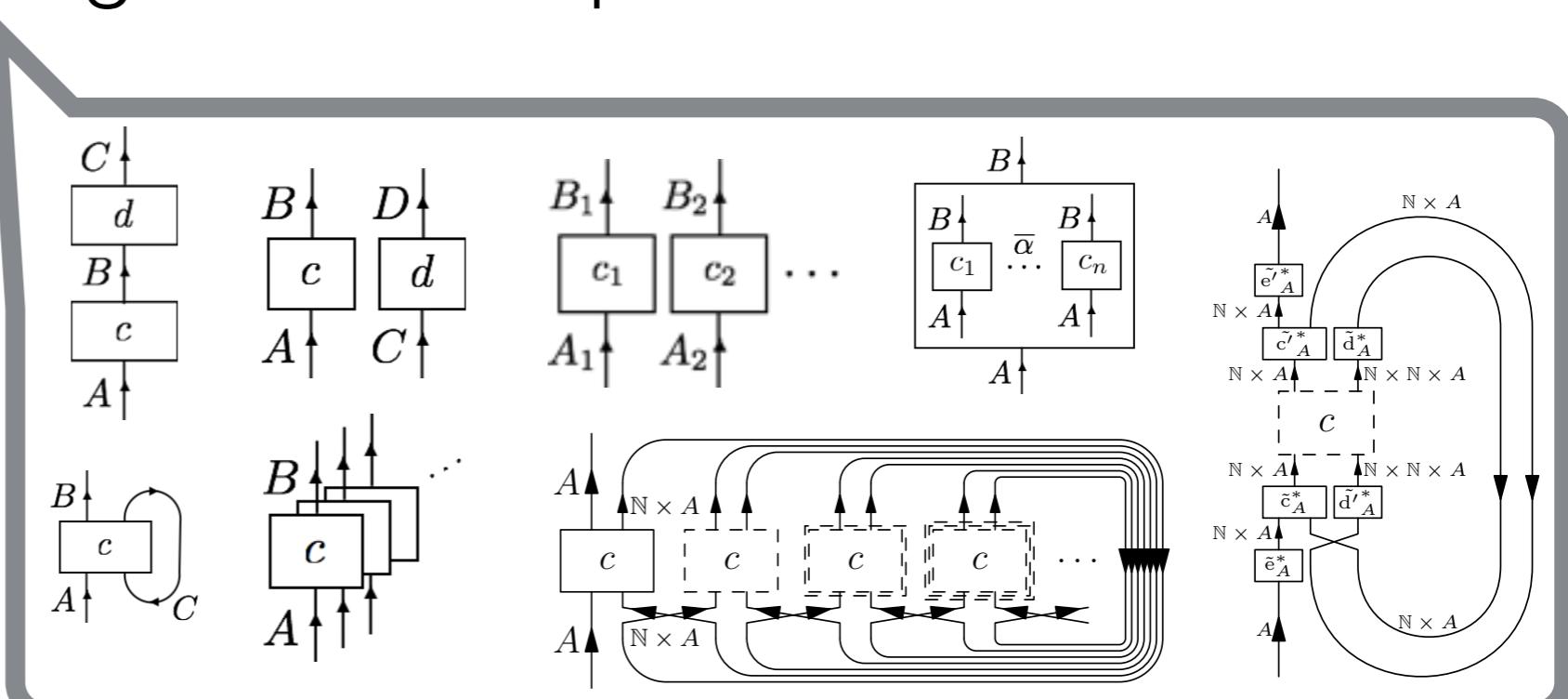
$$(\Gamma \vdash M : \tau) =$$



adequate translation

via coalgebraic component calculus

transducers



Example: Recursive Probabilistic Program

```
(rec(flipLoop, x). choose0.4(x, flipLoop(x + 1))) 0
```

coin flips	return value	probability
H	0	0.4
TH	1	$0.4 * 0.6^2$
TTH	2	$0.4 * 0.6^3$
TTTH	3	$0.4 * 0.6^4$

Example: Recursive Probabilistic Program

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coin flips	x	probability
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Example: Recursive Probabilistic Program

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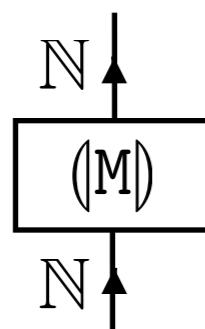
evaluation result
of term M = $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \mapsto & 0.4 \\ 1 & \mapsto & 0.4 \times 0.6 \\ 2 & \mapsto & 0.4 \times 0.6^2 \\ 3 & \mapsto & 0.4 \times 0.6^3 \\ \vdots & & \vdots \end{bmatrix} \in \mathcal{D}_{\leq 1}(\mathbb{N})$

Example: Recursive Probabilistic Program

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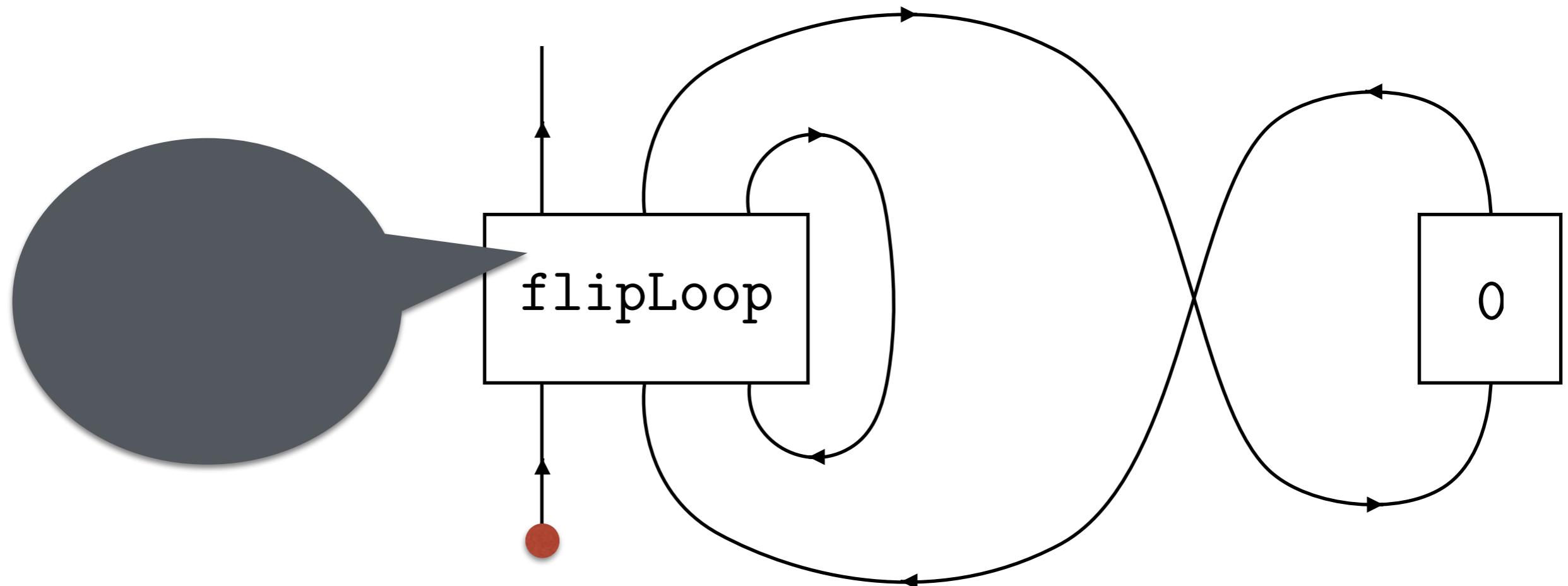
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output of transducer



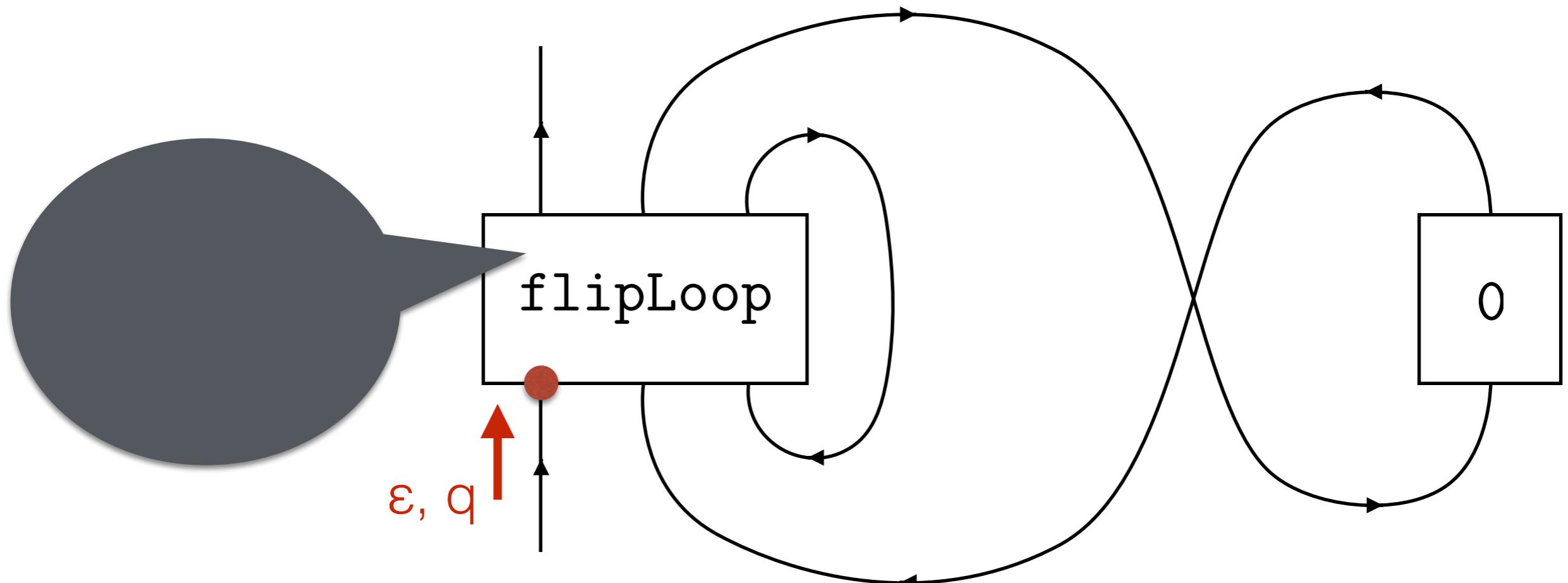
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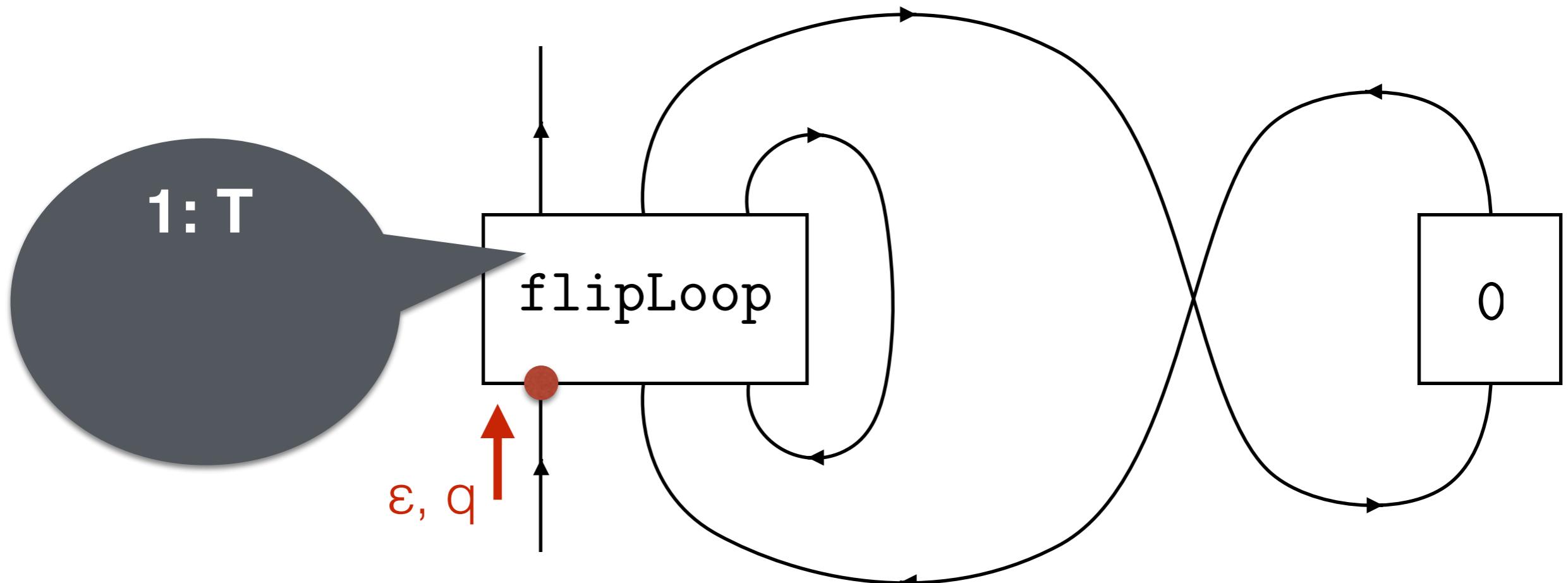
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(rec(flipLoop, x). choose0.4(x, flipLoop(x + 1))) 0
```



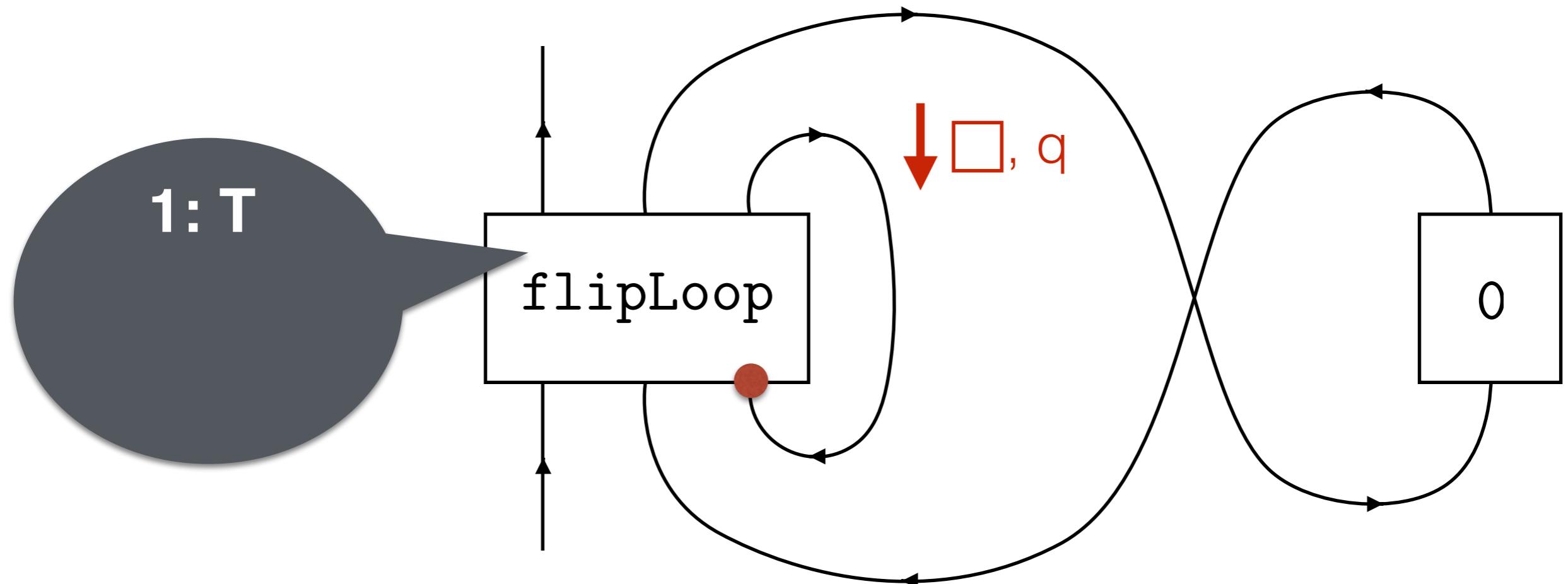
Example: Recursive Probabilistic Program

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(rec(flipLoop, x). choose0.4(x, flipLoop(x + 1))) 0
```



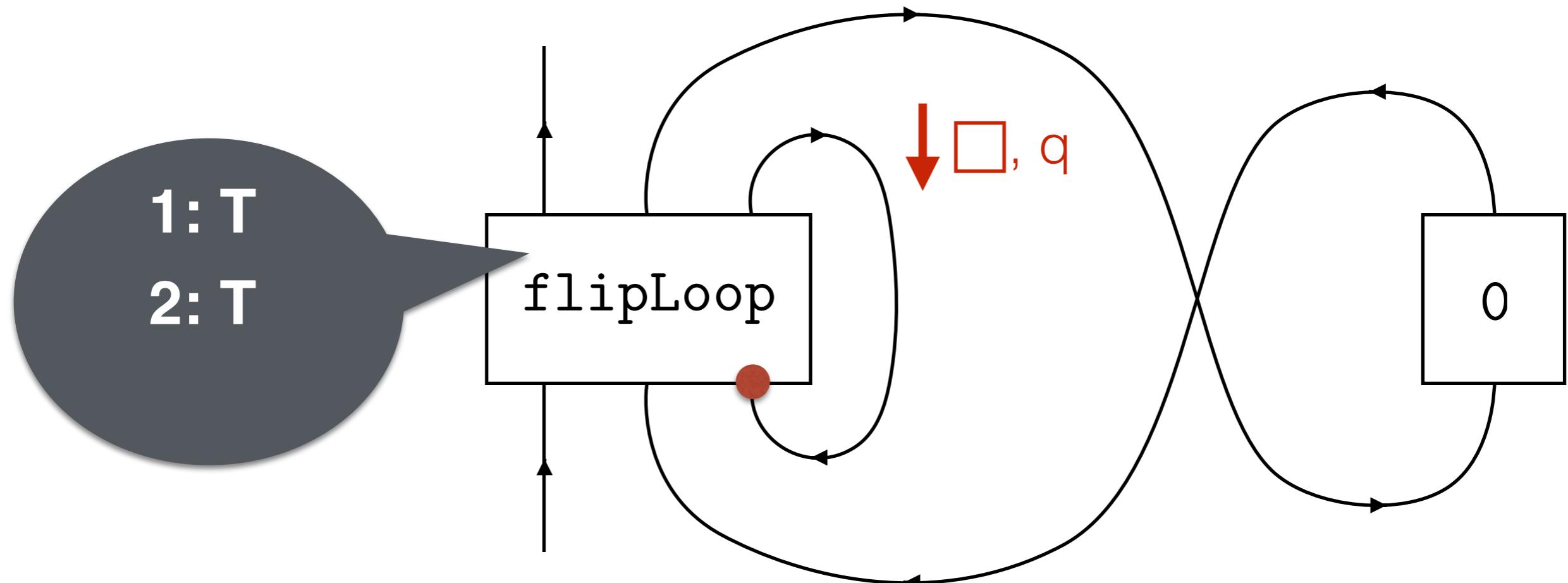
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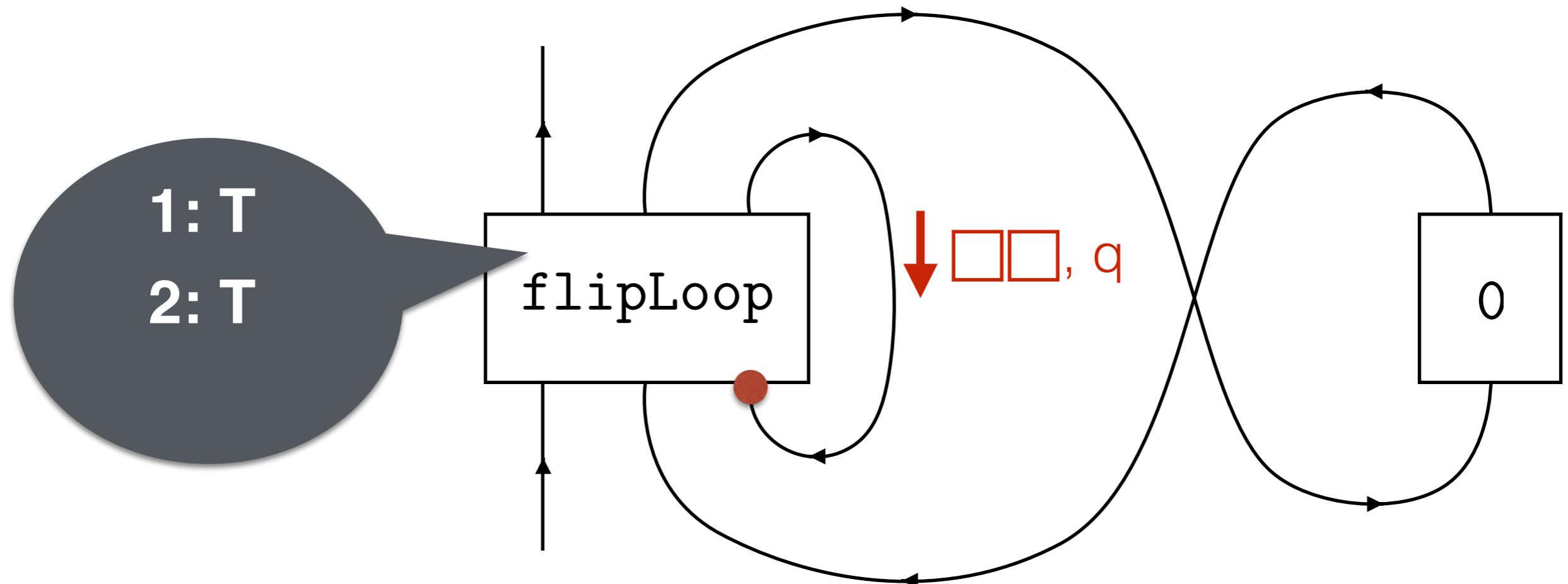
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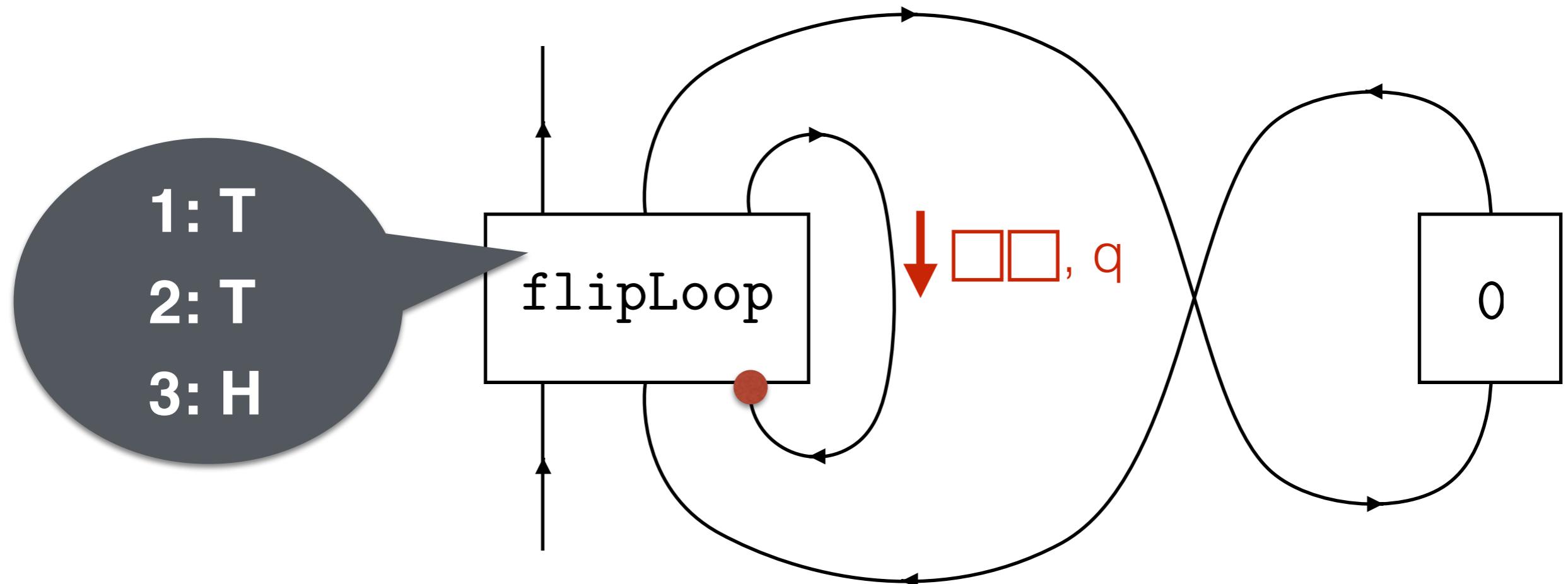
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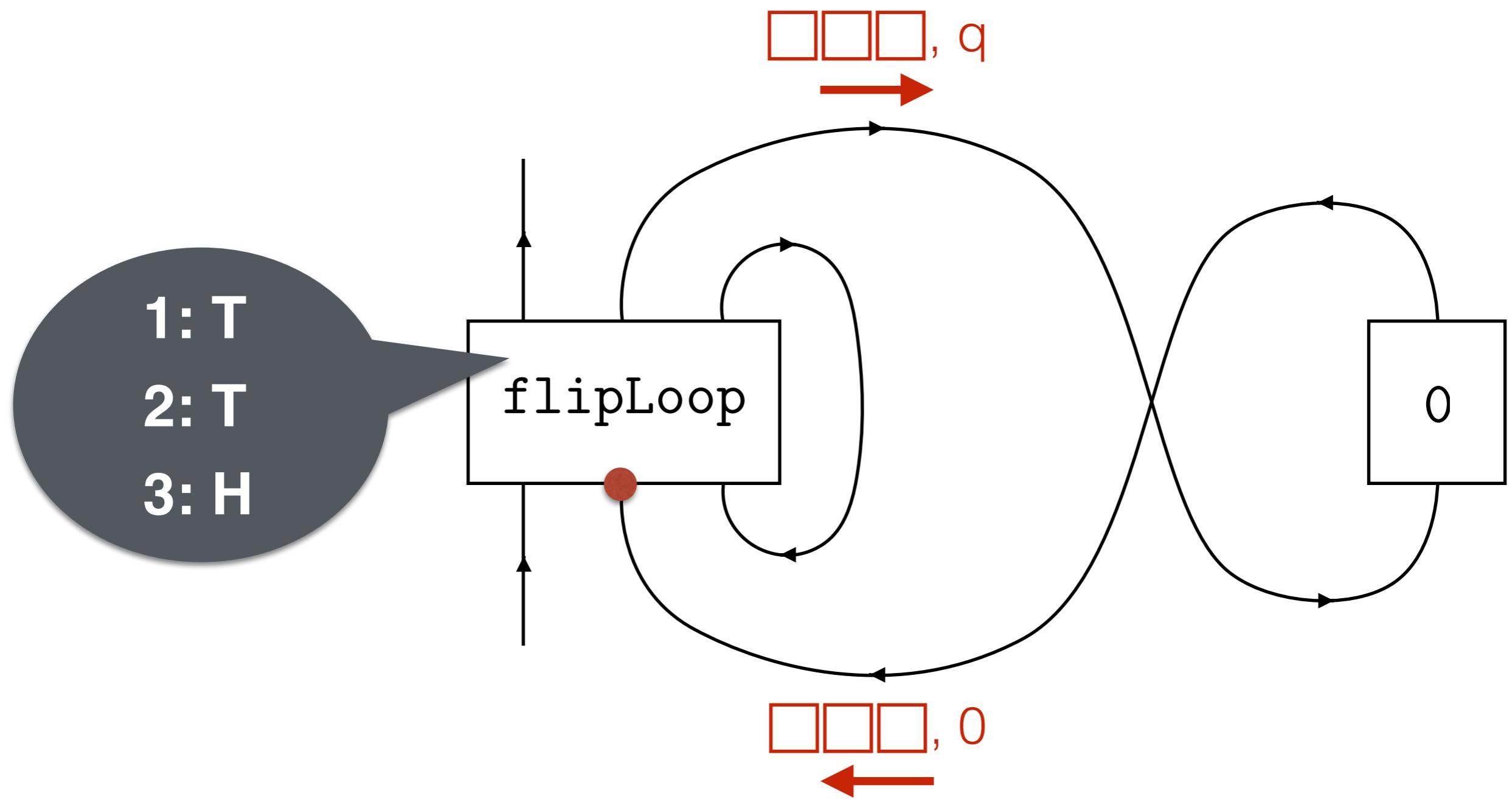
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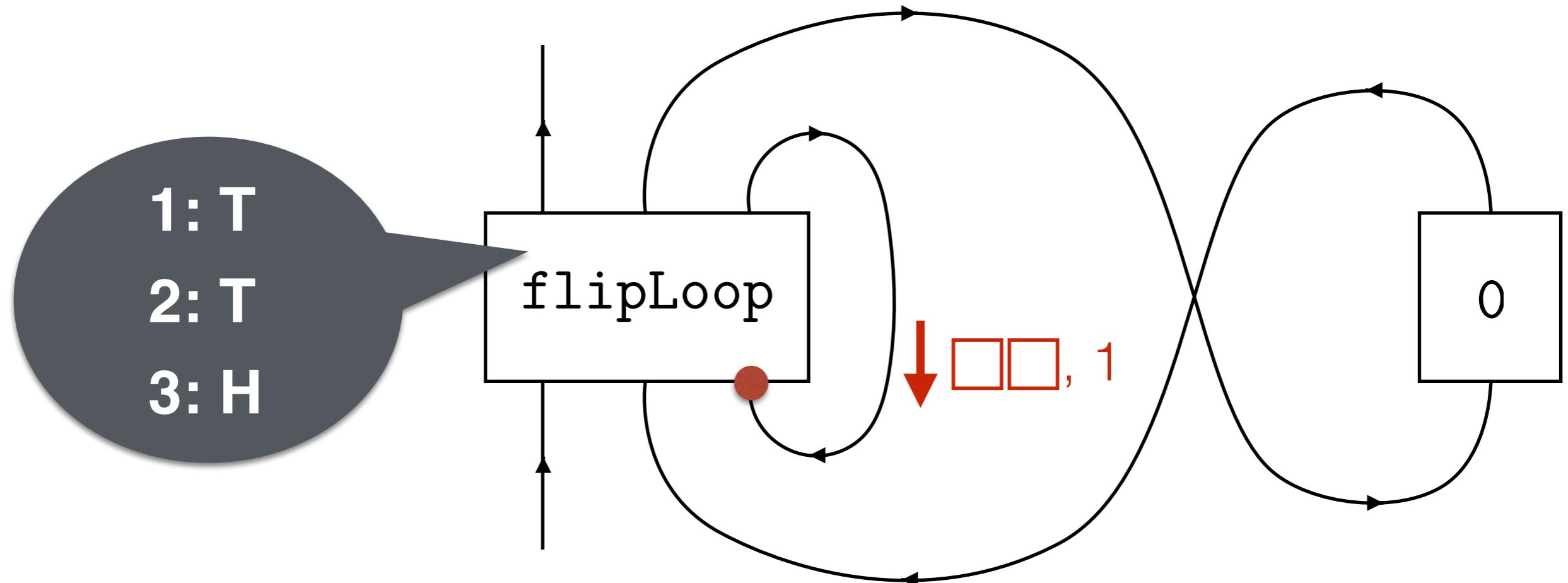
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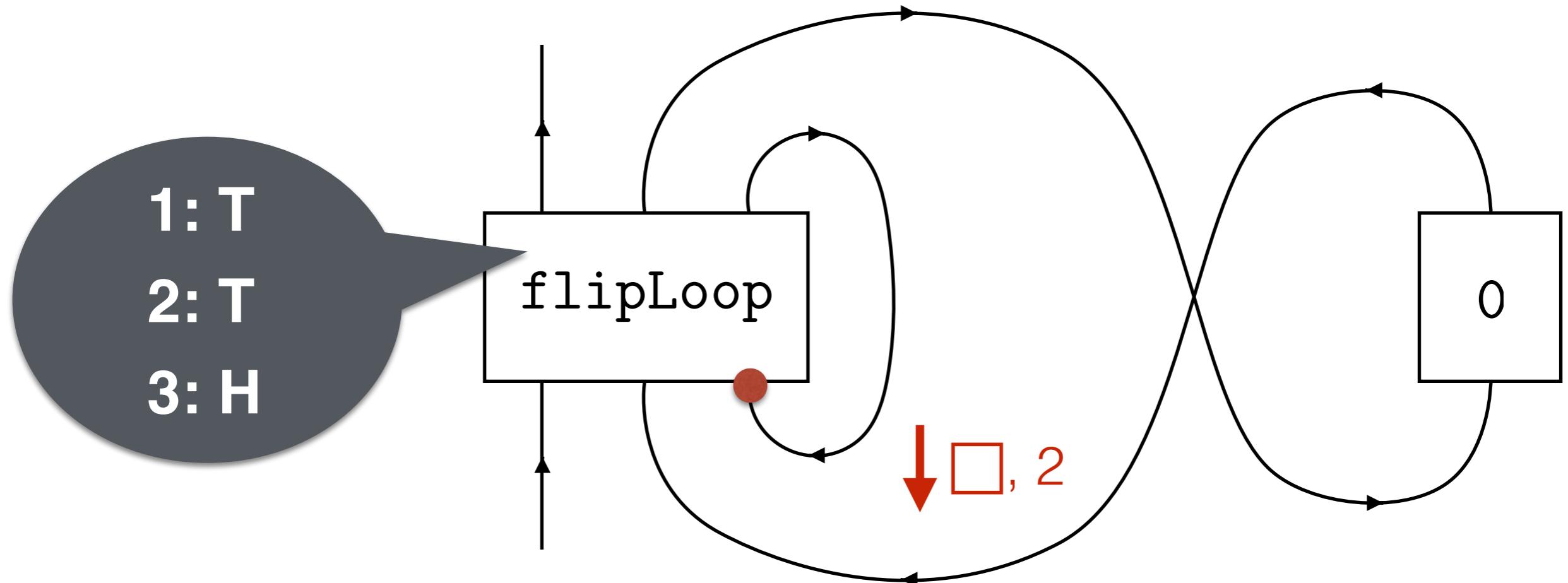
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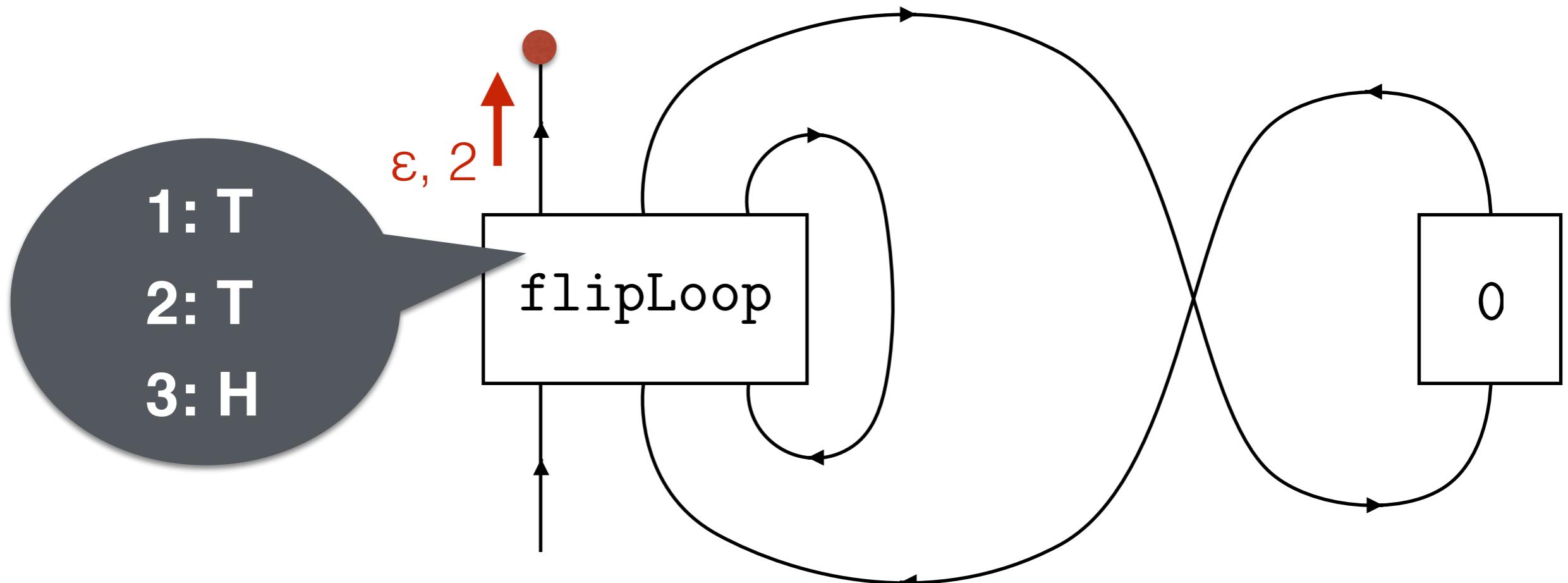
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Our Tool *TtT*

<http://koko-m.github.io/TtT/>

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "TtT". The address bar indicates the URL is <http://koko-m.github.io/TtT/>. The main content area has a dark red header bar with the text "TtT (Terms to Transducers)". Below this, there is a text input field containing the text "((rec(flipLoopSimple x) (choose(0.4) x (flipLoopSimple x))) 0)". To the right of the input field is a control panel with several buttons (play, pause, stop, etc.) and a slider set to 300. A large gray rectangular area below the input field is currently empty. To the right of the main content area, there are two empty white boxes.

Enter a term, or type ";ex" to select one from 13 examples. [[read documents](#)]

```
((rec(flipLoopSimple x) (choose(0.4) x (flipLoopSimple x))) 0)
```

300

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<http://koko-m.github.io/TtT/>

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Enter a term, or type ";ex" to select one from 13 examples. [[read documents](#)]

```
((rec(flipLoopSimple x) (choose(0.4) x (flipLoopSimple x))) 0)
```

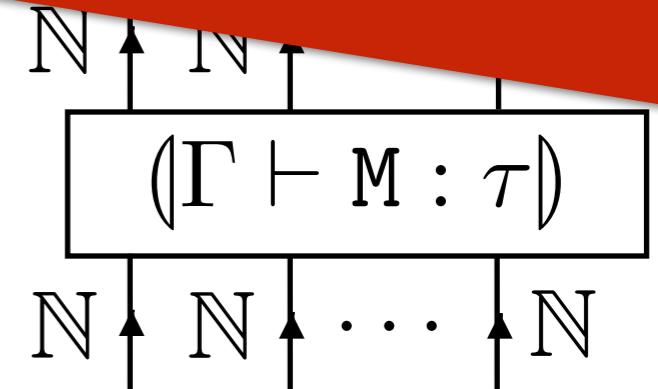
300

Memoryful Gol

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PCF terms

<http://koko-m.github.io/TtT/>

$$(\Gamma \vdash M : \tau) =$$



adequate translation

via coalgebraic component calculus

transducers

