

代数拓扑 Reading Morel-Voevodsky

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1. Raw material

Mumford: Lect. on curves on alg. surface.

Ex. $\mathbb{P}^n \hookrightarrow \mathbb{P}^{n+1} \hookrightarrow \dots \hookrightarrow \text{Pic}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbb{P}^n & \hookrightarrow & \text{Pic} \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 h_{\mathbb{P}^n} & \longrightarrow & \text{Pic} \\
 & & \downarrow \\
 & & \text{Pic} X \longrightarrow \text{Pic} X \\
 & & \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\
 & & \dagger \longleftrightarrow \dagger^*(\mathcal{O}(1))
 \end{array}$$

$\text{Pic} \cong \mathbb{P}^\infty$
up to homotopy

In algebraic topology.

Hot = "the homotopy cat. of CW-complexes"

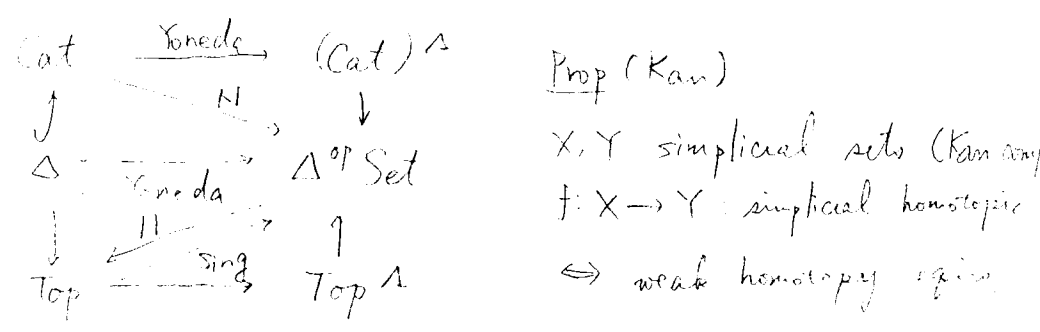
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Hot} & \longrightarrow & \text{Set} \\
 X & \longmapsto & \text{top line bundle } X/Y \text{ isom} \\
 & & \text{is represented by } \mathbb{P}^{\mathbb{C}}
 \end{array}$$

This statement is true in the context of alg geom. using the theory of Morel-Voevodsky

2. Q1. What is the meaning of phrase "to do homotopy theory"

Q2. What is the meaning of the phrase "to analyse homotopy theory"

Q3. Throughout the geom. realization functor, how approximated homotopical property of topological space by combinatorial str.?



Homological alg analogue: \mathcal{A} abelian cat

1. \mathcal{Y} . founded below complex consisting of proj obj
 $f: X. \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$. chain homotopic $\Leftrightarrow f$ is

sketch of proof. Considering $\text{Cone}(f)$. We reduce to the following statement

" Z . founded below complex \Leftrightarrow consisting of proj obj.

Z . contractible (chain homotopic to 0 $\Leftrightarrow \text{id}_Z$ chain homotopic to 0) \Leftrightarrow acyclic

⇐) uniqueness of (lifting up to homotopy

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 Z \rightarrow 0 & & \text{id}_Z \sim 0 \\
 \text{id}_Z \downarrow \cong & \int \text{id} = 0 & \\
 Z \rightarrow 0 & & \text{Axiomized !!}
 \end{array}$$

Weak answer for Q1

$S_{\text{cat}} = \{ f \in \text{Mor Cat} : |Nf| : \text{weak eq.} \}$

$S_{\text{top}} = \{ f \in \text{Mor Top} : f : \text{weak eq.} \}$

$S_{\Delta^{\text{op}} \text{Set}} = \{ f \in \text{Mor } \Delta^{\text{op}} \text{Set} : |f| : \text{weak eq.} \}$

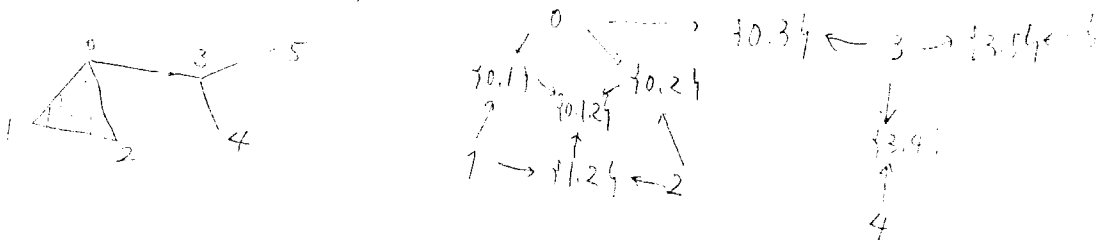
$$S_{\text{cat}}^{-1} \text{Cat} \xrightarrow{\cong} S_{\Delta^{\text{op}} \text{Set}}^{-1} \Delta^{\text{op}} \text{Set} \xrightarrow{\cong} S_{\text{top}}^{-1} \text{Top} \quad S \subset \text{Mor}$$

Provisional def.: (1) A "homotopy theory" is a pair (C, S)

$H_0(C) := S^{-1}C$ C is called model category or do homotopy theory

Ex.: Δ simplicial complex

$\text{Face}(X) = \{ \text{ordered set of faces in } X \}$ is barycentric decomposition of X



$(Cat, Locat), (\Delta^{op}Set, S_{\Delta^{op}Set}), (Top, Top)$ have
a same homotopy theory

is $S^+(C)$ actually local small category?
we need more axioms!!

2.2

Thm (A. Neeman)

T compactly generated triangulated cat
 $H: J^{op} \rightarrow Ab$ cohomological functors
the following is equivalent

- (1) H representable
- (2) H is commutative with small coproducts \square

cohomology theory \Leftrightarrow obj in T

Weak answer for Q2

\mathcal{C} the category of spaces

\Downarrow

\mathcal{C} (compactly generated) triangulated cat \leftarrow homotopy cat
lose many info

Control higher homotopical ser \rightarrow Model ser
 \Downarrow
(the cat. of (symmetric) spectra)

Toy's model

V : fin. dim vector sp. / \mathbb{C} with inner prod

\Downarrow

W subspace

$$\left[V/W \xrightarrow{\cong} W^\perp \right]$$

$$ch \quad D^-(Shv_{Shv}(SmCos(k))) / \langle [X \times A'] - [X] \rangle$$

$$\xrightarrow{\cong} \langle [X \times A'] - [X] \rangle^\perp = A' \text{-local obj.}$$

$$\mathcal{C}: \text{cat} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}^\wedge$$

Grothendieck $\text{cat} \mathcal{J}$

$$\mathcal{C}^\wedge / \mathcal{J} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{J}^\wedge$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\mathcal{S}_\mathcal{J} \subset \mathcal{C}$$

$$\mathcal{J}^\wedge \xrightarrow[\text{subcat}]{\text{full}} \mathcal{C}^\wedge$$

$$\mathcal{S}_\mathcal{J} = \{f \in \text{Mor } \mathcal{C} \mid a(f) \text{ isom } \}$$

classical

Topos

\Downarrow

\mathcal{O}_X -Mod Abelian cat

\downarrow lose info

$D(\mathcal{O}_X\text{-Mod})$, triang cat

Moré-Voevodsky (Bousfield localization)
site with interval theory

the category of spaces

\downarrow

the category of spectrum \Rightarrow Model str.

\downarrow
 $\text{Syl}(\)$

Def. (Model Category)

\mathcal{M} category $\begin{matrix} W \\ F \\ \text{Cof} \end{matrix} \subset \mathcal{M}$: subcat

$(\mathcal{M}, W, F, \text{Cof})$ W cat. of weak eq.
 F cat of fibrations
 Cof : " cofibrations

(M0) \mathcal{M} is closed under limits and colimits

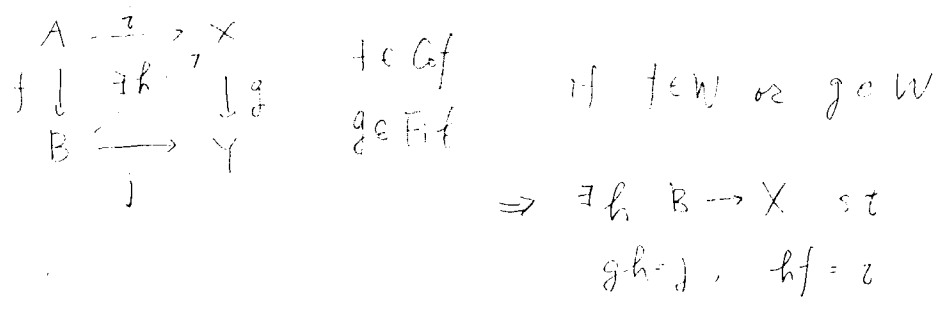
(M1) (retraction) W, F, Cof are closed under retraction

$$\begin{matrix} A & \xrightarrow{x} & A \\ \downarrow g & & \downarrow f \\ B & \xrightarrow{y} & B \end{matrix} \xrightarrow{\text{id}} \begin{matrix} A & \xrightarrow{x} & A \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow f \\ B & \xrightarrow{y} & B \end{matrix} \Rightarrow f \in \text{Mor } W$$

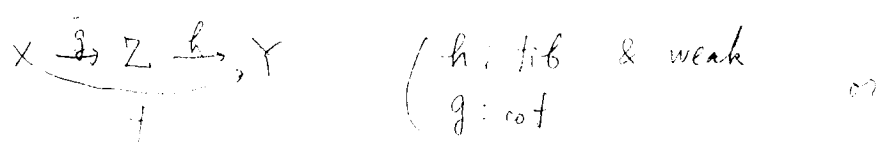
(M2) (2-out of 3) $X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{g} Z$

If 2 of f, g, gf are w.e then so is the 3rd

(M3) (lifting property)



(M4) (factorisation) $X \xrightarrow{f} Y$



This factorisation is functorial $\left(\begin{array}{l} h: \text{fib} \\ g: \text{cof} \ \& \ \text{w.e.} \end{array} \right)$

□

