

Asymptotic efficiency of $\{c_n\}$ -consistent estimators

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x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n は、 密度関数 $f(x, \theta)$ をもつ母集団から
の任意標本とする ($\theta \in \Theta$).

$f(x, \theta)$ は次の (i) ~ (v) を満たす。

(i) $\{x | f(x, \theta)\}$ は θ と独立である。

(ii) $f(x, \theta)$ は θ に関する連続偏微分可能で、その偏
導関数は連続である。

(iii)

$$E_\theta(|\log f(x, \theta)|) < \infty$$

$$0 < I(\theta) = -E_\theta\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} \log f(x, \theta)\right)$$

(iv) 任意の $\theta \in \Theta$ に対して、 θ の周近傍 Θ_0 が存在して、

$$\left| \frac{\partial^i}{\partial \theta^i} \log f(x, \theta) \right| < G(x) \quad (i=1, 2, 3),$$

$$\left| \frac{\partial^i}{\partial \theta^i} \log f(x, \theta) \right| < H(x) \quad (i=4) \quad (\forall \theta \in \Theta_0)$$

かつ

$$E_\theta[\{G(x)\}^4] < \infty, \quad E_\theta\{H(x)\} < \infty$$

(V) 最尤推定量 $\hat{\theta}_{ML}$ は $O(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$ まで ④の中の一様に Edge-worth 展開可能である。

order $\{c_n\}$ の一致推定量 $\hat{\theta}_n$ が、任意の θ の近傍 ④ で一様に

$$\begin{aligned} & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} c_n^{k-1} | P_\theta(\hat{\theta}_n \leq \theta) - g(c_n^{-1}, \theta) | \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} c_n^{k-1} | P_\theta(\hat{\theta}_n \geq \theta) - 1 + g(c_n^{-1}, \theta) | = 0 \end{aligned}$$

を満たすとき、 $\hat{\theta}_n$ は k -th order asymptotically $g(c_n^{-1}, \theta) - \frac{1}{2}$ biased estimator であるといい、そのような推定量の全体を $C(g(c_n^{-1}, \theta), k)$ で表わすことにする。

$\hat{\theta}_n \in C(g(c_n^{-1}, \theta), k)$ が、任意の $a, b (> 0)$ および任意の θ に対して、

$$\begin{aligned} & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} c_n^{k-1} \{ P_\theta(-a \leq c_n(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta) \leq b) - \max_{\hat{\theta}_n \in C(g(c_n^{-1}, \theta), k)} P_\theta(-a \leq c_n(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta) \leq b) \} \\ & \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

を満たすとき、 $\hat{\theta}_n$ は k -th order asymptotically efficient in $C(g(c_n^{-1}, \theta), k)$ であるといふ。 $g(c, \theta)$ は $C(|c| \leq c_0)$, θ に関する偏微分可能で、その偏導関数は連続とする。

$\hat{\theta}_n \in C(g(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \theta), 2)$ ならば、最強力検定の方法により任意の $t > 0$ に対して、

$$P_\theta(\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta) \leq t) \leq P_\theta(T_n \geq a_n)$$

たてし

$$T_n = \sum \log \frac{f(x_i, \theta)}{f(x_i, \theta + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}})},$$

 a_n は、十分大きい n に対して、

$$P_{\theta + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}} (T_n \geq a_n) = g(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \theta + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}) + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

を満たす。

一方 (iv) により、 T_n は $O(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$ まで、 θ に関する局所一様に Edgeworth 展開可能であるから、

$$E_{\theta + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}} (T_n) = -\frac{t^2}{2} I(\theta) - \frac{t^3}{6\sqrt{n}} (3J(\theta) + 2K(\theta)) + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$V_{\theta + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}} (T_n) = I(\theta)t^2 + \frac{t^3}{\sqrt{n}} (J(\theta) + K(\theta)) + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$E_{\theta + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}} \left\{ (T_n - E_{\theta + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}} (T_n))^3 \right\} = -\frac{t^3}{\sqrt{n}} K(\theta) + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

よって

$$J(\theta) = E_\theta \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} \log f(x, \theta) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \log f(x, \theta) \right)$$

$$K(\theta) = E_\theta \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \log f(x, \theta) \right)^2 \right\}$$

を用いて

$$b_n = \frac{a_n + \frac{1}{2} I(\theta) t^2}{\sqrt{I(\theta)} t}$$

とおくと

$$-b_n = U(g_{00}(\theta)) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{g_{10}(\theta) + g_{01}(\theta)t}{\phi(U(g_{00}(\theta)))} + \frac{t^2}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{3J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{I(\theta)}$$

$$+ \frac{t}{2\sqrt{n}} \frac{J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{I(\theta)} U(g_{00}(\theta)) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{K(\theta)}{6\sqrt{I(\theta)} I(\theta)} \left[\{U(g_{00}(\theta))\}^2 - 1 \right] \\ + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$f \in \mathcal{L}, \quad g_{00}(\theta) = g(0, \theta), \quad g_{10}(\theta) = \frac{\partial}{\partial c} g(0, \theta), \quad g_{01}(\theta) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} g(0, \theta)$$

$$\Phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^x e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} dt, \quad \phi(x) = \Phi'(x), \quad \mathcal{U}(g) = \Phi^{-1}(g)$$

従って

$$E_\theta(T_n) = \frac{t^2}{2} I(\theta) + \frac{t^3}{6\sqrt{n}} (3J(\theta) + K(\theta)) + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$V_\theta(T_n) = t^2 I(\theta) + \frac{t^3}{\sqrt{n}} J(\theta) + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$E_\theta [\{ T_n - E_\theta(T_n) \}^3] = - \frac{t^3}{\sqrt{n}} K(\theta) + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

ゆえに

$$P_\theta(T_n \geq a_n) = 1 - P_\theta \left(\frac{T_n - \frac{1}{2} I(\theta)t^2}{\sqrt{I(\theta)} t} \leq b_n - \sqrt{I(\theta)} t \right)$$

$$= \Phi(\mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)) + \sqrt{I(\theta)} t)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \phi(\mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)) + \sqrt{I(\theta)} t) \left\{ \frac{g_{10}(\theta) + t g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(\mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)))} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{t K(\theta)}{6 I(\theta)} \mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)) + \frac{t^2 (3J(\theta) + 2K(\theta))}{6 \sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right\} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

ゆえに $t > 0$ のとき

$$P_\theta(\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta) \leq t) \leq \Phi(\mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)) + \sqrt{I(\theta)} t)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \phi(\mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)) + \sqrt{I(\theta)} t) \left\{ \frac{g_{10}(\theta) + t g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(\mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)))} + \frac{t K(\theta)}{6 I(\theta)} \mathcal{U}(g_{00}(\theta)) \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{t^2 (3J(\theta) + K(\theta))}{6 \sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right\} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

同様にして、 $t > 0$ のとき

$$\begin{aligned} P_\theta(\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta) \leq -t) &\geq \Phi(U(g_{00}(\theta)) - \sqrt{I(\theta)}t) \\ &+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \phi(U(g_{00}(\theta)) - \sqrt{I(\theta)}t) \left\{ \frac{g_{10}(\theta) - g_{01}(\theta)t}{\phi(U(g_{00}(\theta)))} - \frac{tK(\theta)}{6I(\theta)} U(g_{00}(\theta)) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{t^2(3J(\theta) + 2K(\theta))}{6\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right\} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}) \end{aligned}$$

定理1. θ の推定量 $\hat{\theta}_n$ が、任意の t に対して、

$$\begin{aligned} P_\theta(\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta) \leq t) &= \Phi(U(g_{00}(\theta)) + \sqrt{I(\theta)}t) \\ &+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \phi(U(g_{00}(\theta)) + \sqrt{I(\theta)}t) \left\{ \frac{g_{10}(\theta) + g_{01}(\theta)t}{\phi(U(g_{00}(\theta)))} + \frac{tK(\theta)}{6I(\theta)} U(g_{00}(\theta)) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{t^2(3J(\theta) + 2K(\theta))}{6\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right\} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}) \end{aligned}$$

を満たすならば、 $\hat{\theta}_n$ は、second order asymptotically efficient
in $C(g(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \theta), 2)$

$\hat{\theta}_n$ が second order asymptotically efficient in $C(g(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \theta), 2)$

ならば、

$$Z_n = \sqrt{nI(\theta)} (\hat{\theta}_n + \frac{U(g_{00}(\theta))}{\sqrt{nI(\theta)}} - \theta)$$

となるとき、

$$E_\theta(Z_n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \left\{ \frac{g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta))) \sqrt{I(\theta)}} - \frac{g_{10}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta)))} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{6I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \{u(g_{00}(\theta))\}^2 - \frac{3J(\theta) + 2K(\theta)}{6I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right\} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$V_\theta(Z_n) = 1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{n}} \left\{ -\frac{g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta))) \sqrt{I(\theta)}} + \frac{2J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{2I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} u(g_{00}(\theta)) \right\} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$E_\theta[\{Z_n - E_\theta(Z_n)\}^3] = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{3J(\theta) + 2K(\theta)}{I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

最尤推定量 $\hat{\theta}_{ML}$ に対して

$$E_\theta\{\sqrt{n}I(\theta)(\hat{\theta}_{ML} - \theta)\} = -\frac{J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{2\sqrt{n}I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$V_\theta\{\sqrt{n}I(\theta)(\hat{\theta}_{ML} - \theta)\} = 1 + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$E_\theta[\{\sqrt{n}I(\theta)(\hat{\theta}_{ML} - \theta) - E_\theta(\sqrt{n}I(\theta)(\hat{\theta}_{ML} - \theta))\}^3] \\ = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{3J(\theta) + 2K(\theta)}{I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

従って

$$Z_n = \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \left(-\frac{g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta)))\sqrt{I(\theta)}} + \frac{2J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{2I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} u(g_{00}(\theta)) \right) \right\}$$

$$\times \sqrt{n}I(\theta)(\hat{\theta}_{ML} - \theta) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \left\{ \frac{g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta)))\sqrt{I(\theta)}} u(g_{00}(\theta)) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{g_{10}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta)))} - \frac{3J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{6I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \{u(g_{00}(\theta))\}^2 + \frac{K(\theta)}{6I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right\} + o_p(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\theta}_n &= \hat{\theta}_{ML} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \left(-\frac{g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta)))\sqrt{I(\theta)}} + \frac{2J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{2I(\theta)\sqrt{I(\theta)}} u(g_{00}(\theta)) (\hat{\theta}_{ML} - \theta) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{u(g_{00}(\theta))}{\sqrt{n}I(\theta)} + \frac{1}{n} \left\{ \frac{g_{01}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta)))\sqrt{I(\theta)}} u(g_{00}(\theta)) - \frac{g_{10}(\theta)}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\theta)))\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. - \frac{3J(\theta) + K(\theta)}{6\{I(\theta)\}^2} \{u(g_{00}(\theta))\}^2 + \frac{K(\theta)}{6\{I(\theta)\}^2} \right\} + o_p(n^{-1}) \right)\end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{E} \mathcal{Y}$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\theta}_n &= \hat{\theta}_{ML} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{u(g(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))}{\sqrt{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}} + \frac{1}{n} \left\{ \frac{g_{01}(\hat{\theta}_{ML}) u(g(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))) I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})} \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{g_{10}(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{\phi(u(g(\hat{\theta}_{ML})))\sqrt{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}} - \frac{3J(\hat{\theta}_{ML}) + K(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{6\{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})\}^2} \{u(g_{00}(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))\}^2 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{K(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{6\{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})\}^2} \right\} + o_p(n^{-1})\end{aligned}$$

定理 2.

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\theta}_{ML} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{u(g(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))}{\sqrt{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}} + \frac{1}{n} \left\{ -\frac{g_{10}(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\hat{\theta}_{ML})))\sqrt{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}} + \frac{g_{01}(\hat{\theta}_{ML}) u(g_{00}(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))}{\phi(u(g_{00}(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))) I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3J(\hat{\theta}_{ML}) + K(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{6\{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})\}^2} \{u(g_{00}(\hat{\theta}_{ML}))\}^2 + \frac{K(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{6\{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})\}^2} \right\}\end{aligned}$$

(2, second order asymptotic efficient in $C(g(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}\theta), 2)$).

定理1より次の結果が得られる。

定理3 θ の推定量 $\hat{\theta}_n$ に対して、連続関数 $h(\theta)$ が存在して、任意の t に対して、

$$P_\theta(\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta) \leq t) = \Phi(\sqrt{I(\theta)}t)$$

$$+ \phi(\sqrt{I(\theta)}t) \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} f_{10}(\theta) + \frac{t^2(2K(\theta) + 3J(\theta))}{6\sqrt{I(\theta)}} \right\} + o(n^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

が成り立つならば、 $\hat{\theta}_n$ は、second order two-sided asymptotically efficient in $\mathcal{S}(G(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \theta), 2)$ である。

定理4 任意の連続関数 $h(\theta)$ に対して、

$$\hat{\theta}_{ML} + \frac{1}{n} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} h(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{\sqrt{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}} + \frac{K(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{6\{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})\}^2} \right\}$$

は、second order two-sided asymptotically efficient in $\mathcal{S}(G(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \theta), 2)$ である。

系1

$$\hat{\theta}_{ML} + \frac{1}{n} \frac{K(\hat{\theta}_{ML})}{6\{I(\hat{\theta}_{ML})\}^2}$$

は、second order two-sided asymptotically efficient in $\mathcal{S}(G(n^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \theta), 2)$ である。

M. Akahira & K. Takeuchi : Asymptotic Efficiency of Statistical Estimators (Springer)