Criteria & Problems on Truncation of Taylor Expansions

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Consider an analytic, or C $^{\infty}$, function germ $f:(\mathbb{R}^n,0)\to(\mathbb{R},0)$. Let $T^{\infty}(f)$ denote its Taylor expansion

$$T^{\infty}(f) = \Sigma a_{i}x_{i} + \Sigma a_{ij}x_{i}x_{j} + \cdots, \quad a_{i} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_{i}}(0), \quad \text{etc.}$$

Recall that if some $a_i \neq 0$, then f is equivalent to x_i under a coordinate transformation (Implicit Function Theorem), and if all a_i =0 but det $(a_{ij})\neq 0$, then f is equivalent to $\sum\limits_{i=1}^{n} \pm x_i^2$ (Morse Lemma). In case all a_i =0 and det (a_{ij}) =0, we like to consider the problem of finding the smallest integer r such that all terms of degree $\geq r+1$ in $T^{\infty}(f)$ can be omitted without effecting the local behavior of f. An answer to this problem is needed in calculus (Maximam & Minima), Differential Geometry (local theory), and for Singularity Theory (see Thom's Bombay Lecture [6]).

We recall some results and state some problems.

Call a polynomial $z(x_1,\cdots,x_n)$, of degree r with z(0)=0, an r-jet. We say z is topologically determined (c^0 -sufficient) in c^r if for any c^r -function f with $T^r(f)=z$, there exists a local homeomorphism $h:(\mathbb{R}^n,0)\approx(\mathbb{R}^n,0)$ such that $f\circ h=z$. Here $T^r(f)$ denote the Taylor expansion of f up to degree r.

Theorem 1 ([1][3][4]) An r-jet z is topologically determined in $C^{\mathbf{r}}$ if and only if \exists $\epsilon > 0$,

$$|\operatorname{Grad} z| \ge \varepsilon |x|^{r-1}$$
, x near 0.

Corollary. If $z = H_r(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ is a non-degenerate r-form, then $|\operatorname{Grad} z| \ge \varepsilon |x|^{r-1}$ and z is topologically determined as an r-jet.

Call an r-jet z C^1 -determined if for any f with $T^r(f)=z$, there exists a C^1 -local diffeomorphism h, $f \circ h=z$.

Problem 1. Consider the Koike-Kucharz function ([2])

$$k(x,y) = x^3 - 3xy^8, \quad s \ge 3.$$

Find the smallest r such that $T^{r}(k)$, as an r-jet, is C^{1} -determined.

We believe a solution of this problem will lead to interesting criteria for $\ensuremath{\text{C}}^1\text{-determinancy}$.

Theorem 1 is an analytic criterion. Next we recall a geometric criterion. Given an r-jet $z(x_1, \cdots, x_n)$. Consider

 $F(x;\lambda) = z(x) + \sum_{|\alpha|=r} \lambda_{\alpha} x^{\alpha}$, λ_{α} indeterminants,

 $\begin{array}{lll} \alpha=(\alpha_1,\cdots,\alpha_n)\,, & \alpha_i\in\mathbb{Z}^+, & \alpha_i\geqq0\,, & |\alpha|=\alpha_1+\cdots+\alpha_n\,\,, \text{ and}\\ x^\alpha=x_1^{\alpha_1}\cdots x_n^{\alpha_n}\,\,. & \text{Let}\quad V_F=\{(x,\lambda)\,|\,\,F(x;\lambda)=o\,\}\,\,. & \text{This is}\\ \text{an algebraic variety in } \mathbb{R}^n\times\Lambda, & \Lambda \text{ the space of parameters}\\ \lambda=(\lambda_\alpha)\,. & \text{It is easy to see that the singular subvariety of}\\ V_F & \text{is} & \{0\}\times\Lambda\,. \end{array}$

Theorem 2 ([5]) z is topologically determined in C^r if and only if V_F is Whitney (a,b)-regular over Λ at 0.

<u>Problem 2.</u> Translate the above two theorems into algebra, i.e. find algebraic criteria for topological determinancy.

<u>Probelm 3.</u> Find geometric and analytic criteria for z to be blow-analytically determined.

References

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